# STUDIES ON THE POTENTIAL EFFECTS OF *GLYCYRRHIZA GLABRA* EXTRACT ON SENSORIMOTOR GATING IN MICE

Thesis presented by

## Haidy Effat Michel Koressa

B.Pharm.Sc., Ain Shams university (۲۰۰۹) Demonstrator of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University.

Submitted for partial fulfillment of Master's degree in Pharmaceutical Sciences to the Department of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University.

## Under the supervision of

## Prof. Ashraf Bahi El-Din Abdel Naim

Professor of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University.

### Prof. Amani Emam Khalifa

Professor of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University. Seconded to "The Holding Company for Biological Products & Vaccines" as the Consultant to the Chairman for Strategic Planning.

#### **Dr. Mariane George Tadros**

Lecturer of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University.

> **Faculty of Pharmacy Ain Shams University**

(\* • • \*)

## **Pre-requisite postgraduate courses:**

Besides the work presented in this thesis, the candidate has attended the following courses:

## **General courses:**

- ۱. Instrumental analysis
- ۲. Physical chemistry
- ۳. Computer skills
- ٤. Statistics

## **Special courses:**

- ۱. Pharmacology
- <sup>Y</sup>. Clinical pharmacology and therapeutics
- ۳. Neuropharmacology
- ٤. Molecular pharmacology
- •. Selected topics in pharmacology and toxicology

She has successfully passed examination in these courses with general grade *Excellent* 

## Head of Pharmacology and Toxicology Department Prof. Ebtehal El Demerdash Zaki

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# Abstract

### **Abstract**

Liquorice extract was reported to have nootropic and/or antiamnestic effects. Prepulse inhibition (PPI) of startle response is a multimodal, cross-species phenomenon used as a measure of sensorimotor gating. Previous studies indicated that liquorice/its constituents augmented mouse brain monoamine levels. Increased brain monoamines' transmission was suggested to underlie PPI disruption. However, the effect of antiamnestic dose(s) of the extract on PPI has not been investigated despite the coexistence of impaired memory and PPI deficit in some neurological disorders. The effect of administration of the antiamnestic dose of the extract ( $1 \circ \cdot \text{ mg/kg for } \forall \text{ days}$ ) was tested on PPI of acoustic startle response in mice. It resulted in PPI disruption and therefore its effect on monoamines' levels was investigated in a number of mouse brain areas involved in PPI response mediation. Results demonstrated that the extract antiamnestic dose augmented cortical, hippocampal and striatal monoamine levels. It was therefore concluded that liquorice extract (10. mg/kg)-induced PPI deficit was mediated through augmenting monoaminergic transmission in the cortex, hippocampus and striatum. These findings can be further investigated in experimental models for autism, psychosis and Huntington's disease to decide the safety of using liquorice extract in ameliorating memory disturbance in disorders manifesting PPI deficit.

Keywords: Glycyrrhiza glabra; Prepulse inhibition; memory

# **List of Abbreviations**

Ach	Acetylcholine
АРО	apomorphine
°C	Celsius
°-HT	Serotonin
Ag/AgCl	silver/silver chloride
CSF	cerebrospinal fluid
DA	Dopamine
dB	Decibel
EDTA	Ethylene diamine tetra-acetic acid
FEMA	Flavor and Extract Manufacturer's Association
g	gram(s)
G	Glycyrrhizin
GA	Glycyrrhetinic acid
GABA	Gamma-aminobutyric acid
GIT	gastrointestinal
hr	hour(s)
HD	Huntington's disease
HPLC	High Performance Liquid Chromatography
i.p.	Intraperitoneal
kg	Kilogram
LE	Liquorice extract
LSD	lysergic acid-diethylamide
М	Molar
mA	Milliampere

mg	milligram
min	minute(s)
ml	millilitre
mM	millimolar
mm	millimeter
ms	milliseconds
NACGM	National Association of Chewing Gum
	Manufacturers
NE	Norepinephrine
NMDA	N-Methyl-D-aspartate
NT	Neurotensin
p.o.	per oral
PADI	Possible Average Daily Intake
PnC	caudal pontine reticular nucleus
PPI	Prepulse inhibition
PSA	prostatic specific antigen
S	second(s)
SNMC	Stronger neo-minophagen C
V	volt
W	watt
μl	microlitre
μm	micrometer

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# Introduction