Homogenity And Sealing Ability Of GuttaFlow® As Root Canal Filling Material

Thesis

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Dedication

I would like to dedicate this work to my wonderful parents, to whom I owe everything and the true reason behind my success.

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Introduction

Successful obturation of the delicate anatomy found within the root canal system of teeth is considered a big challenge to clinicians. The intricacies of the canals, accessory canals, fins, etc, have stretched the limits of the available materials to successfully accomplish this procedure. The task goes well beyond the accurate filling of the 3-dimensional space within the canal. It is essential to create an impervious seal along the length of the root canal, including both the apical and coronal ends of the root canal system, to prevent bacterial recolonization.

Sealing of root canal system ensures total isolation and prevention of micro organisms from reinvading root canal system. Gutta Percha have been the golden standard for obturation over one century , however , lack of adhesive qualities of gutta percha constitute a major disadvantages .

Clinicians have tried to adapt materials to be used for bonding to root canal dentin . Bonding inside root canal have always been challenged by the difficultly of moisture control and inability of curing light to reach the apical portion of canal. The high configuration factor (C factor) is considered an added challenge which increase polymerization shrinkage thus jeopardizing the seal. Several materials exhibiting sealing and adhesive qualities have been suggested among which GuttaFlow was recently Introduced .

GuttaFlow is combination of powdered Gutta Percha mixed with resin sealer and applied through a direct delivery system . The manufacture of GuttaFlow advocate its use as sole filling material or a Gutta Percha point can be inserted as single cone . Presence of voids and interface gaps with either technique have been a matter of controversy .