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شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة

New Modalities In Pediatric Ventilation

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In anesthesia*

By

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نورانیہ شریعت

John L.

عصام

Abstract

Each mode of ventilation is distinguished by how it initiates a breath how it sustains a breath and how it terminates a breath these are referred to as variables getting familiar with basic of the aspects of the ventilator as a machine and its functioning.

Key word : ventilation , CCAM , FRM , HFFI , ARDS

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Abbreviations Used In This Article

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| ACV | Assist Control Ventilation |
| ALI | Acute lung injury |
| ALICE | Automatic Lung Inflation Control Effect |
| APC | Adaptive Pressure Controls |
| APRV | Airway Pressure Release Ventilation |
| ASV | Adaptive Support Ventilation |
| BMI | Body Mass Index |
| BPAP | Biphasic Positive Airway Pressure |
| BPD | Broncho Pulmonary Dysplasia |
| CCAM | Congenital cyst adenomatous malformation |
| CF | Constant Flow |
| CLV | Closed Loop Ventilation |
| COPD | Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease. |
| CPAP | Continuous Positive Airway Pressure |
| CSS | Churg-Strauss syndrome |
| CST | static compliance |
| DF | Decelerating Flow |
| ECMO | extracorporeal membrane oxygenation |
| ETT | Endotracheal tube |
| F | Frequency |
| FiO₂ | Fraction of inspired oxygen |
| FOB | fiber optic bronchoscope |
| FRC | Functional Residual Capacity |
| HFCWO | High-Frequency Chest Wall Oscillation |