Effect of Stress on the Testis and the Ovary in Albino Rats in Prenatal and Postnatal Periods (Histological and Histochemical Study)

Thesis

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List of Abbreviations

Abb.	Meaning
ABP	Androgen-Binding Protein
ACTH	Adrenocorticotropic hormone
BPG	Brain-pituitary-gonad
COR	Cortisone
CRH	Corticotropine-releasing hormone
dB	Decibel
dpc	Days post coitum
FSH	Follicle-Stimulating Hormone
GCs	Glucocorticoids
GnRH	Gonadotropin-releasing hormone
HPA	Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal
HPG	Hypothalamic-pituitary-gonadal
HPO	Hypothalamic-pituitary-ovarian
Hx & E	Haematoxylin and eosin
LH	Lutenising hormone
PAS	Periodic Acid Schiff
PGCs	Primordial germ cells
Sry	Sex-determining region of chromosome Y
T	Testosterone
TUNEL	Terminal Deoxynucleotide Transferase dUTP Nick End Labeling



Introduction





Aim of Work





Review of Titerature





Materials and Methods





Results





Discussion





Conclusion and Recommendations





Summary





References





Arabic Summary



Introduction

Stress is the sensation of strain or pressure. Small amounts of stress may be tolerable however excessive amounts of stress may lead to many problems. Stress was first defined as any disruption of the homeostasis (*Cannon*, 1909). It is an organic response of the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis to chemical, physical and emotional stimuli. Mental and physical stressors influence the body and the mind and lead to psychosomatic disease (*Rai et al.*, 2004).

Stress was categorized into two types according to its duration. Acute stress is an abrupt, short-lasting (seconds to hours). Whereas chronic stress is recurring, persisting for several hours a day for weeks, months or longer (Marković et al., 2011). Stressors are numerous like water restriction, heat stress, immobilization stress, nutritional stress and noise stress (Lue et al., 2000).

Noise is the most prevalent insidious natural pollutant (*Swami et al.*, 2007). Living organisms are exposed to potentially hazardous noise levels coming from the environment (*Uran et al.*, 2010). Researchers suggested that noise stress could have negative impact on the reproductive organs. Stress seems to disturb natural fertility