

Faculty of Science  
Ain Shams University

# Biodegradation of Petroleum Oil by Certain Bacterial Strains

*By*

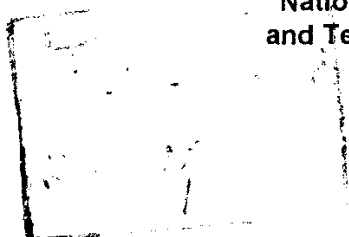
576

A. E

**Abeer Emam Mohamed Zakaria**

Assistant Lecturer

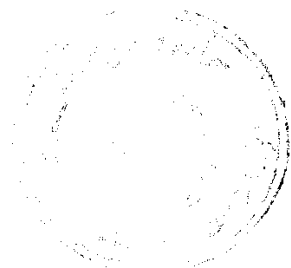
Department for Radiation Microbiology  
National Center for Radiation Research  
and Technology Atomic Energy Authority  
B.Sc. (1987)



*Thesis*

60143

Submitted to the  
Microbiology Department,  
Faculty of Science  
Ain Shams University



*Ph. D. of Science  
In Microbiology  
(1998)*









# *Biodegradation of Petroleum Oil by Certain Bacterial Strains*

**Ph.D. thesis**

*By*

**Abeer Emam Mohamed Zakaria**

B.Sc. (1987)

*Under the Supervision of*

**Prof. Dr. Mohammed Ramadan Abu-Shady**

Professor and Head of Microbiology Department

Faculty of Science

Ain Shams University

**Prof. Dr. Mohammed Ibrahim Roushdy**

Professor of Petroleum Chemistry

Petroleum Research Institute and

Ex-Chairman of the Institute

**Prof. Dr. Soad Saied Abd El-Aal**

Professor of Microbiology

National Center for Radiation Research

and Technology

Atomic Energy Authority

Faculty Of Science – Microbiology Department

Ain Shams University

(1998)



## Acknowledgment

*I would like to acknowledge with deep gratitude **Prof. Dr. Mohammed Ramadan Abu-Shady**, Professor of Microbiology and the Head of Microbiology Department, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University, for suggesting the point, providing the protocol of the work and valuable advice and for his kind supervision.*

*I would like to express my deep thanks to **Prof. Dr. Mohammed Ebrahim Roushdy**, Professor of Chemistry in Analytical and Evaluation Department, Petroleum Research Institute for his great, active and continuous help in the theoretical and practical parts of this work.*

*I would like also to thank deeply **Prof. Dr. Soad Saied Abd El-Aal**, Professor of Microbiology, Microbiology Department, National Center for Radiation Research and Technology for her direct supervision and support during the stages of this work.*

*I wish to thank **Dr. Raouf Okasha Aly**, Lecturer of Physical Chemistry, National Center for Radiation Research and Technology for following actively the work through providing theoretical information and practical help.*

*I would like also to thank **Dr. Mohamed Saied Salamah**, Assistant Professor of Molecular Biology, Entomology Department, Ain Shams University for his valuable help and **Dr. Rinee Ibrahim Abdulla**, lecturer in Petroleum Research Institute for her share in this thesis.*

*Thanks are also due to my colleagues in the National Center for Radiation research and Technology for their continuous cooperation and encouragement.*

*My deep acknowledgment should be directed to the members of analytical and evaluation department and the members of GC Lab., Petroleum Research Institute for their effective cooperation.*

*Abeer Elwan*

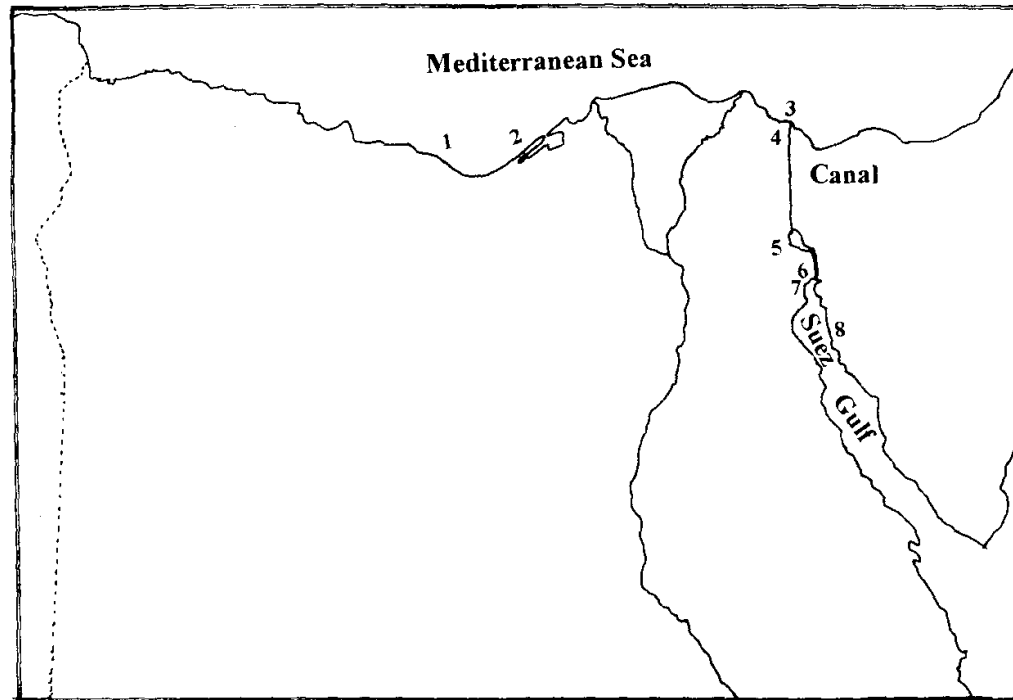




*To Peace, Beauty and Purity*

*To Omar*





A map illustrating the marine stations of samples collection.



## Ph.D. Thesis

**Title** : Biodegradation of Petroleum Oil by Certain Bacterial Strains.

**Praperd by** : Abeer Emam Mohamed Zakaria

- The Study was carried out in National Center for Radiation Research and Technology (Egypt).
- Sumbitted to Microbiology Dept., Fac. of Science, Ain Shams University.

## ABSTRACT

Balaeam base oil was chosen as a model oil in the present study through which some abiotic treatments were implemented aiming at attenuating its naphthenic and aromatic contents; such as the adsorptive technique and the gamma-irradiation technique. In an attempt to apply the biodegrading bacteria as oil pollutant bioindicators upon coastal water samples, a cerrelation between hydrocarbon concentration and the relative enumeration of the bacterial oil degraders was detected for some littoral locations along the Mediterranean Sea shore west and east Delta, Suez Canal and Suez Gulf.

24 petroleum utilizing bacterial isolates were isolated from El-Zayteia Port (Suez) and identified by morphological, physiological and environemental examination. The biodegradation capacity of the isolates towards the chosen model oil and its separate components was studied in comparison with the standard isolate *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. Furtherly, the role of the bacterial plasmids taking part in the biodegradation process was investigated as well.

On the basis of the previously mentioned aspects, some oil spill biodegradation agents were subjected to examining their attrition capacity of oil pollution within microcosms of 5000 ppm base oil. Gas chromatographic, Ultraviolet and gravimetic analytical techniques were implied in this respect.

Additonally, some activating factors were also taken in consideration to induce efficient biodegradation of hydrocarbons, such as chemical dispresent, oil concentration, hydrocarbon composition, temperature, aeration, nutrients, pH and the intial count of petroleum utilizers. FT-IR and

gravimetric techniques were implemented in following up the impact of these factors on the efficacy of the biodegradation process.

**Key words :** Biodegradation - Petroleum-Hydrocarbon - Irradiation - Bioremediation - Bioindicator- Plasmid - EL-Zayteia Port-Suez Gulf - Marine.