THYROID HORMONES IN CENTRAL OBESE HYPERTENSIVE NON INSULIN DEPENDENT DIABETICS

For partial fullifement of M.Sc. Degree in Internal medicine

Presented by

Mohamed Ahmed Omar Bamashmoos

(M.B., B.Ch)

Supervisor

Prof. Dr. Mohamed Sheta

Professor of Internal Medicine
Faculty of Medicine
Cairo University

Prof. Dr. Fawzi Halawa

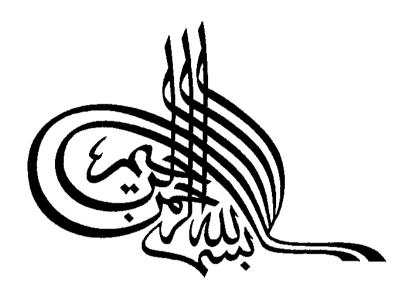
Professor of Medical Biochemistery
Faculty of Medicine
Cairo University

Dr. Abdula El Tawil

Lecturer of Nuclear Medicine Faculty of Medicine Cairo University

> Faculty of Medicine Cairo University 1997





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List of Abbreviation

BMI Body mass index

WHR Waist to hip ratio

NIDDM Non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus

FFA Free fatty acid

HDL High density lipoprotein

LDL Low density lipoprotein

PAI Plasminogen activator inhibitor

TNF Tumor necrosis factor

GFR Glomerular filtration rate

BCT Proximal convoluted tubule

CHD Coronary heart disease

T₃ Tri iodo thyronine

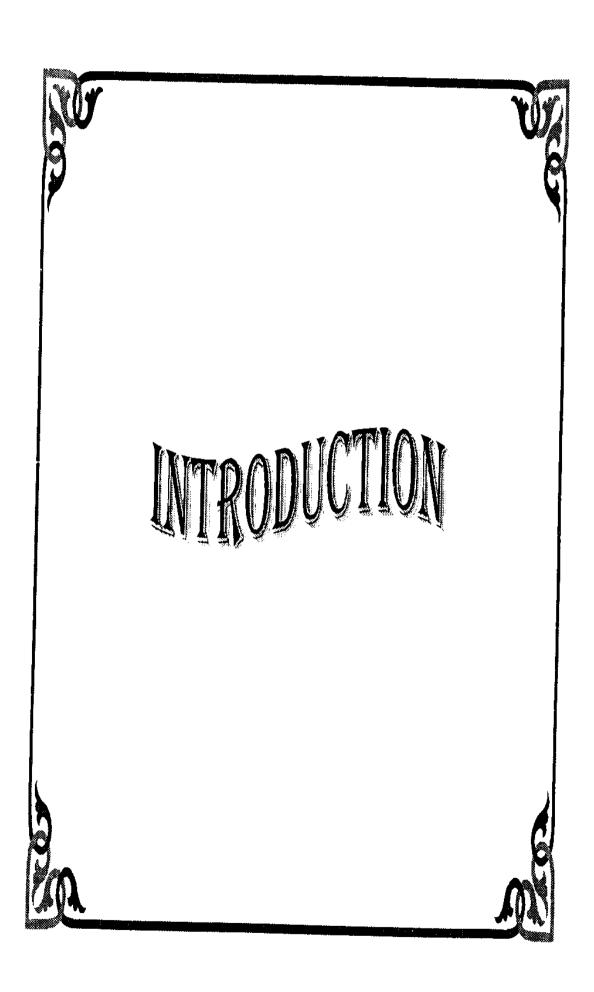
T₄ Tetra iodo thyronine

TSH Thyroid stimulating hormone

TAAB Thyroid auto antibodies

TRH Thyroid releasing hormone

ATP Adenosine triphosphate





Introduction and Aim of the Work

Insulin resistance can be defined as a lower than normal response to any given insulin stimulus and a person who is more insulin sensitive will show a greater fall in blood glucose than same one who is less insulin sensitive. At its simplest, an elevated plasma insulin at the same time a normal or elevated fasting blood glucose concentration may be taken to suggest insulin resistance (Taylor, 1994).

Insulin resistance is associated with non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM), ischemic heart disease, hyperlipideamia, central body obesity and hypertension (Reaven, 1988, Ferrannini, 1991). Central obesity has been generally accepted as a major risk factor for NIDDM and atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (Haffner, 1986). Failure to lose weight may be manifestation of hypothyroidism, again hypothyroidism may promote hypertension, hyper cholesterolaemia, coronary heart disease (Comtois, 1995). However to our knowledge the association of hypothyroidism and central obesity, hypertension, hyperlipidaemia, atherosclerotic heart disease and non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus through insulin resistance mechanics is not studed clearly.