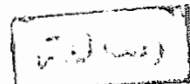


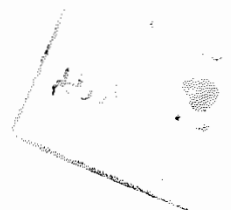
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POLLUTION IN GROUNDWATER



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51759

A Thesis submitted to
IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS DEPARTMENT,
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING,
AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY.

FOR
The partial fulfillment of the
Degree of Master of Science in
Civil Engineering,



CAIRO - EGYPT.
1994

AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING
CIVIL ENGINEERING
IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS

POLLUTION IN GROUNDWATER

A THESIS

SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT
OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE
DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE
IN CIVIL ENGINEERING
IRRIGATION & HYDRAULICS

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CAIRO, EGYPT - 1994



بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

" سبحانك لا علم لنا الا ما علمتنا انك انت العليم الحكيم "

صدق الله العظيم

سورة البقرة آية ٢٢

AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING
IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS DEPARTMENT



TO THE
FACULTY OF
ENGINEERING
AND
ARCHITECTURE

APPROVAL SHEET

POLLUTION IN GROUNDWATER

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

THE AUTHOR WISHES TO EXPRESS HIS DEEP GRATITUDE TO **PROF. Dr. MOSTAFA MOHAMED SOLIMAN**, PROFESSOR OF IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE, FOR HIS KIND SUPERVISION AND SUGGESTIONS, WHICH WERE OF INVALUABLE HELP IN THE COURSE OF THIS THESIS.

THE AUTHOR IS DEEPLY INDEBTED TO **Dr. AHMED ALI ALI HASEN** ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS, FOR HIS CONSTANT SUPERVISION, PLANNING, GENEROUS SUPPORT AND CONSTRUCTIVE CRITICISM THROUGHOUT THIS INVESTIGATIONS, WHICH MADE THE COMPLETION OF THIS WORK POSSIBLE.

THE AUTHOR WISHES TO EXTEND HIS SINCERE THANKS TO **Dr. MAHMOUD SAMY ABDEL SALAM MOHAMED** ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS, FOR HIS CONSTRUCTIVE DIRECTIONS, AND KIND ENCOURAGEMENTS.

ALSO THE AUTHOR WOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS HIS GRATITUDE TO **Dr. MOHAMED NOUR EL DIN** , AND **Dr. NAGI ALI ALI HASEN** FOR THEIR COOPERATION AND ADVICES.

FINALLY, GRATITUDE FOR ALL TECHNICAL STAFF OF IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS LABORATORY, **Mr. BEHERY MOHHAMED HASEN**, **Mr. IBRAHIM ABDEL GHAFAR**, **Mr. ABDEL MAGEED RABIAI**, **Mr. WAGEH ABDEL FATAH** AND **Mr. MOSAD**, FACULTY OF ENGINEERING, AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY, FOR THEIR HELP AND COOPERATION DURING THE EXPERIMENTAL WORK.

STATEMENT

This dissertation is submitted to Ain Shams University for the degree of master of science in Civil Engineering.

The work included in this thesis was carried out by the author in the department of Irrigation and Hydraulics, Ain Shams University, From November 1992 to June 1994.

No part of this thesis has been submitted for a degree or qualification at any other University or Institution.

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CIVIL ENGINEERING
IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULICS

SUMMARY OF THESIS SUBMITTED BY ENG: EHAB MOSTAFA FATOUH
FOR MASTERS DEGREE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

POLLUTION IN GROUNDWATER

UNDER SUPERVISION OF
PROF. Dr. MOSTAFA MOHAMED SOLIMAN
PROFESSOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

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Groundwater constitutes an important component of many water resources; supplying for domestic use, industry, and agriculture, etc. So, we have to protect it from the pollution which has many sources.

In addition to the velocity of groundwater, the dispersion coefficient is the responsible factor that affects the spread of a pollutant in an aquifer. So, the aim of this research is to measure the dispersion coefficient experimentally and compare its value analytically and numerically.

A horizontal viscous flow model "Hele-Shaw" was designed and utilized successfully to carry out many experiments, and

the experimental results were compared with the analytical and numerical solutions.

It was concluded that the horizontal "Hele-Shaw" model is capable to simulate successfully the groundwater pollution problems. The comparisons showed that the analytical value of the dispersivity is 30% higher than the experimental value, whereas the numerical one is hundred times as much as that obtained experimentally.

Furthermore, the effect of the ratio between the longitudinal dispersivity and the transversal dispersivity on the contaminant spreading was investigated.

It was recommended to use another technique for measuring the concentration in the laboratory, and to improve the used "Hele-Shaw" model in order to simulate more different groundwater flow and pollution problems.

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