STUDIES ON THE INCIDENCE OF SOME PATHOGENIC AEROBIC, MICROAEROPHILIC GRAM NEGATIVE RODS IN DAIRY

PRODUCTS

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Abstract

Campylobacter spp were found in 15% out of one hundred samples of raw milk collected from Cairo & Giza area. None of 50 samples of each of white soft cheese and ice cream collected from Cairo & Giza area. was found to contain Campylobacter spp. Out of the positive raw milk samples. 29 isolates of Campylobacter spp were identified as C. jejuni (62%), C.pyloric (28 %) and C.fetus subsp venerealis (10 %). At the same time, Acinetobacter spp were

isolated from 30% of the raw milk samples, 20% of the white soft cheese samples and 20% of the ice cream samples. All isolates (121) of *Acinetobacter* spp were identified as . *A.calcoaceticus* subsp *lwoffi*.

Heat inactivation treatments at 50, 55, 60, and 65 c° of 2 strains of C.jejuni and A-calcoaceticus subsp lwoffi proved to have no capability to survive the traditional pasteurization temperature. as the D_{65} values for these pathogens were 4.5 and 1.2 sec., respectively.

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Introduction