SOME REACTIONS WITH 2,4-DIMETHYL CHALCONES

A THESIS

In Partial Fulfilment of The Requirements

OF

MASTER OF SCIENCE DEGREE

BY

6939

ABD EL GHANY RAGHEB ABD EL GHANY
(B.Sc.)

Suprvised by

Prof. Dr. ABD ELMAGED SAMMOUR (D.Sc.)
Dr. AMEEN ABD EL MAKSOUD AFIFY

Ain Shams University Faculty of Science Cairo - E.A.R.

1975

STUDIES ON CHALCONES





Thesis Advisors

Thesis Approved

Prof. Dr. Abd Elmaged Sammour (D.Sc.)

Dr. Ameen Abd El Maksoud Afify

Prof. Dr. S.K. Tobia

Head of Chemistry Department



NOTE

Beside the work carried but in candidate has attended post-graduate (years in organic chemistry including topics:

- 1) Reaction mechanisms
- 2) Advanced spectroscopy
- 3) Natural products
- 4) Organic reactions
- 5) Other selected topics.

He had successfully passed an ε topics.

Prof. Dr

Head of Ch

ACKNOYLEDGEMENT

The author wishes to acknowledge his sincere gratitude and indebtness to Professor Dr. Abd Elmaged Sammour (D.Sc.) and to Dr. Ameen A. Afify, Lecturer, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University. They were kind enough to suggest the lines of research investigated and to follow the progress of the work with keen interest, guidance and valuable criticism.

CONTENTS

		Page			
Summary	of Original Work	2			
GENERAL	PART				
I-	Oxidation	10			
II-	Reduction	13			
III-	Polarographic reduction of chalcones	17			
-VI	Photolysis	22			
∇-	Addition of bromine	31			
VI-	Solvent effect	33			
VII-	Michael addition	39			
VIII-	Addition of diazoalkanes	43			
IX-	Addition of mercaptans	45			
X-	Addition of amines	46			
XI-	With Grignard reagents	4 7			
XII-	Reaction with p-tolylsulphonylmethyl magnesium bromide	56			
XIII-	Friedel-Crafts reaction	59			
XIV-	Condensation reactions giving heterocyclic compounds	67			
TA-	Spectra of chalcones	75			
SPECIAL	PART				
ORIGINA	L WORK				
REACTIONS WITH 2:4'-DIMETHYLCHALCONES AND THEIR					
DIBROMI	DES AND EPOXIDES	80			

			Page
I.		se Catalyzed Addition of Active Methylene apounds to 2::4!-Dimethylchalcones	80
	Α.	Base Catalyzed Cycloaddition of Ethylacetoacetate to 2::4'-Dimethylchalcones.	81
	В.	Base-Catalyzed Addition of Acetylacetone to 2::4'-Dimethylchalcones	90
	C.	Base-Catalyzed Addition of Diethyl-malonate	98
	D.	Base-Catalyzed Addition of Cyclohexanone	101
II.	Cor	ndensation with Hydrazines	104
III.	Ado	dition of Hydrogen Cyanide	106
IV.		emical Studies on 2-Cyclohexenone rivatives III and IV	107
	i)	Reactions with hydrazines	107
Ė	ii)	Reactions with hydroxylamine hydro- chloride	111
ii	li)	Reactions with amines	112
-	iv)	Condensation with aromatic aldehydes	114
ν.	Che De:	emical Studies on the Cyclohexanone rivatives	116
•IV	Re.	actions with chalcone dibromides	117
VII.	Ep	oxidation	122
EXPERIM	ENT.	AL	126
REFEREN	CES	***************************************	154
SUMMARY	IN	ARABIC	

STATEMENT AND OBJECTIVES OF THE PROBLEM

The introduction of aromatic radicals into the terminal positions of the system -C=C — C=0, as in chalcones increase its polar character.

The author studied the reactivity of some chalcones towards some reagents under Michael conditions.

The objectives of these study are:

- 1) To study the reactivity of 2':4'-dimethylchalcones towards some of the active methylene substrates.
- 2) To study the effect of hydrazine, phenylhydrazine and hydrogen cyanide on chalcones.
- 3) To study the effect of hydrazine, phenylhydrazine, hydroxylamine, amines and aldehydes on the Michael adducts.
- 4) To study the effect of hydrazine, phenylhydrazine and hydroxylamine on chalcone dibromides.
- 5) To study the epoxidation of chalcones.

SUMMARY OF THE ORIGINAL WORK

SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL WORK

REACTIONS WITH 2':4'-DIMETHYLCHALCONES AND THEIR DIBROMIDES AND EPOXIDES

The Michael reaction of 2':4'-dimethylchalcones (I) with ethylacetoacetate yielded the Michael adduct (III) which could be decarbethoxylated to (IV) by alcoholic KOH.

$$H_3C$$
 \longrightarrow CH_3 $OO\cdot CH=CH-R$ + $CH_3COCH_2CO_2C_2H_5$ \longrightarrow CH_3ONa $OO\cdot CH=CH-R$ + $CH_3COCH_2CO_2C_2H_5$

The Michael adducts V, VI were obtained by reaction of I with acetylacetone.

$$I + CH2(COCH3)2 \longrightarrow CH3 - CH3 - CH2 - CH-CH(COCH3)2 - CH3ON8$$

$$(V)$$

When I was allowed to react with diethyl malonate and cyclohexanone, it yielded IX and X.

$$(I) \xrightarrow{CH_2(CO_2C_2H_5)_2} H_3C \xrightarrow{CH_3} R \xrightarrow{R} O$$

$$(IX)$$

$$CH_3 R O$$

$$CH_3 R O$$

$$CH_3 R O$$

$$CH_3 R O$$

$$(X)$$

Condensation of I with hydrazine hydrate, phenyl-hydrazine and 2:4-dinitrophenylhydrazine, yielded the pyrazolines XI-XIII.

Addition of hydrogen cyanide to I yielded XIV which gave XV by hydrolysis.

Condensation of the adducts III and IV with hydrazine hydrate, phenylhydrazine and hydroxylamine hydrochloride yielded XVI, XVII, XIX, XVIII, XX.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N-NH-R}, \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \text{(XVIII)} \\ \text{H}_2\text{N-OH} \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \text{(XX)} \end{array}$$

Reaction of IV with amines and aldehydes yielded XXI and XXII.

Xa Condensed with hydroxylamine hydrochloride, hydrazine hydrate and phenylhydrazine and gave XXIIIa-c.

The reaction of chalcone dibromides (XXIV) with hydrazine hydrate, phenylhydrazine and hydroxylamine hydrochloride in boiling acetic acid gave the pyrazole and isoxazole derivatives XXV and XXVII.