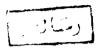
STUDIES ON SOME FACTORS AFFECTING GERMINATION AND TILLERING OF SUGARCANE



BY

Mohamed Abd El-Hamid Hamad Fergany

B. Sc. (Agric.) Ain Shams University 1991

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of

Master of Science

In Agriculture (Agronomy)



Department of Agronomy Faculty of Agriculture Ain Shams University

1997



APPROVAL SHEET

STUDIES ON SOME FACTORS AFFECTING GERMINATION AND TILLERING OF SUGARCANE

BY

MOHAMED ABD EL-HAMID HAMAD FERGANY

B.Sc. Agric., Ain Shams Univ., 1991

This thesis for M. Sc. degree has been approved by:

Prof. Dr. Farouk H. Abdalla F. H. Aldalle
Prof. of Agron. and Vice-Dean of Fac. Agric., Assuit Univ.

Prof. Dr. Hamed A. Khalil H. A. Khalil
Prof. Dr. of Agron., Ain ShamsUniv.

Prof. Dr. of Agron., Ain ShamsUniv.

Date of Examination: 6 / 9/1997

STUDIES ON SOME FACTORS AFFECTING GERMINATION AND TILLERING OF SUGARCANE

BY

Mohamed Abd El-Hamid Hamad Fergany

B. Sc. Agric., Ag ronomy, Ain Shams University 1991

Under Supervision of

Prof. Dr. Tawakul Y. Rizk

Prof. of Agronomy, Dept. of Agronomy, Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Prof. Dr. Mohamed H. El-Agroudy

Prof. of Agronomy, Dept. of Agronomy, Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Prof. Dr. Ibrahim H. El-Geddawy

Head of Agronomy, Dept. Sugar crop Res. Inst., Agric. Res. Center

Acknowledgement

The author wishes to express his sincere appreciation and gratitude to his major supervisor Dr. Tawakul Y. Rizk, professor of Agronomy, Agronomy Department, Faculty of Agric., Ain Shams University for continuous supervision, guidance, helpful advice and valuable suggestions throughout the course of this investigation.

Decepest gratitude to Dr. M. H. El-Agroudy Prof. of Agronomy, Agronomy Dept. Faculty of Agric., Ain Shams University for his supervision and sincere help during the course of this work.

Sincere thanks to Dr. I. H. El-Geddawy Head of Agronomy Dept., Sugar Crops Res. Inst., Agric. Res. Center "ARC" for his supervision, valuable assistance and guidance during the course of this work.

Thanks are also extended to Dr. M. K. Aly Director of Sugar Crops Res. Section, Shandaweel Res. Station and the other staff at shandaweel Res. Station for their encouragement, cooperation and providing facilities throughout the field work of this investigation.

ABSTRACT

ì

Mohamed Abd El-Hamid Fergany . Studies on some factors affecting germination and tillering of sugarcane . Unpublished Master of Agriculture Science, Ain Shams University, Faculty of Agriculture, Agronomy Department, 1997 .

Two field experiments were conducted and repeated for two successive seasons of 1994/1995 and 1995/1996 in Shandweel Res. Station, Souhag Governorate .

The First experiment aimed to investigate the effect of three agronomical factors at three levels each ; row dislances (100, 120 and 140 cm), Cutting sizes (2,4 and 6 buds / Cuting), and three cane varielies(F. 152, G.T. 54 - 9 and G. 85 - 37) on growth, yield, components and Juice quality .

The second experiment aimed to investigats the effect of 10 -soaking treatments on germination, tillering, growth and yield of the cane variety G.T. 54 - 9.

Results of the first experiment showed the following:

- Row dislance affected significantly the number of cane stalks / mater, stalk deameter at the late ages of growth, stalk weight, fiber % , number of millable cane/fed. sugar recovery % and sugar yield . Meanwhile, other studied characters, i.e germination % , stalk hight, number of internodes and leaves / main stalk, chlorophyll content, TSS % , Brix % , Purity % and cane yield were not significantly affected .
- Cutting size affected significantly almost all studied characters with few exception such as; chlorophyll content, TSS %, fiber %, Brix %, Purity %, Sugar recovery %, and number of millable cane / fed. Results revealed that planting by 4 budded

cane cuttings produced the highest values of germination %, number of stalk / meter, stalk dimentions, number of internodes / main stalk as well as cane and sugar yields.

The response of the 3 cane varieties under investigation to the studied characters varied greatly form one variety to the others, i.e. while the F 153 variety showed superiorty over the other two varieties in germination %, number of cane stalks / meter, fiber % and Brix %, variety G.T. 54 - 9 produced the highest sugar recovery % as well as cane and sugar yields.

The results of the second experiment revealed that some soaking treatments, i.e. soaking in water, soaking in 5 % or 10 % nutrient solution were superior in their effects on germination % at early stage of growth, number of cane stalks / meter, stalk weight , stalk diameter, number of green leaves / main stalk, TSS % , Brix % , Purity % , number of millable cane / fed., cane and sugar yields . Soaking cane cuttings in 10 % nutrient solution increased both cane yield and sugar yield by about 8.6 % and 1.0 ton / fed. compared with the traditional method (No Soaking) .

Key Words:

Sugarcane - Variety - Row distance - Cutting size - Soaking treatments - Nutrient solution - GA_3 -Germination - Tillering - Growth characters - Cane yield - Sugar yield - yield quality .

Contents

	Pag
INTRODUCTION	1
REVIEW OF LITERATURE	3
I - Effect of some agronomical factors on growth	
criteria, juice quality, yield and yield components of	
sugarcane	3
A. Row distance	3
1. Growth criteria	3
2. Juice quality	7
3. Yield and yield components	11
B. Cutting size	19
1. Growth criteria	19
2. Juice quality	19
3. Yield and yield components	
y the components	19
II - Effect of some soaking treatments on growth	
criteria, juice quality, yield and yield components of	
sugarcane	21
A. Soaking in nutrient colution	
A. Soaking in nutrient solution	21
1. Growth criteria	21
2. Juice quality	24
3. Yield and yield components	26

List of Tables

No.		Page
Table (1)	Physical and chemical properties of the upper 20	
	cm of the experimental soil	32
Table (2)	The chemical composition of the used nutrient	
	solution	34
Table (3)	Effect of row spacing and size of seed cuttings on	
	germination percentage and plant number/m	41
Table (4)	Effect of row spacing and size of seed cuttings on	
	stalk diameter of some sugar cane	
	varieties	44
Table (5)	Effect of row spacing and number of buds per	
	seed cuttings on stalk height of some sugar cane	
	varieties	46
Table (6)	Effect of row spacing and number of buds per	
	seed cuttings on number of green leaves per	
	main stalk of some sugar cane varieties	48
Table (7)	Effect of row spacing and number of buds per	
	seed cuttings on the upper 3th leaf area	50
Table (8)	Effect of row spacing and number of buds per	
	seed cuttings on chlorophyll content of some	
	sugar cane varieties	52
Table (9)	Effect of row spacing and size of seed cuttings on	
	number of internodes per main stalk of some	
	sugar cane varieties	54

	Effect of row spacing and seed cuttings size
Table (10)	on total soluble solids percentage of some
	on total soluble solub person 56
	on total soluble solub
Table (11)	chart enacing and number
	an fiher percentage
	varieties
Table (12)	enacino and Humber -
	the percentage
	of some sugar care
	conscing and number of
Table (13)	on nurity, sucrose and
	recovery percentages of some sugar cane
	varieties
	varieties
Table (14	varieties Effect of interaction between row spacing and 63
-	
Table (1	to togotion between 1000 sp
Table (=	engar recovery percerime
-r. 1.1° /1	chacing X cane variety
Table (1	interactions on sugar
	acing and call
Table (. 1mber Of Hundre -
	1 augar Vield Of Solito - B
	varities
Table	varieties on stalk weight
	varieties on stalk weight

Tab	le (19) Effect of interaction between row spacing and
Tabl	e (20) Effect of the row special example cane/fed 70
Table	(21) Effect of interaction between 71
Table	(22) Effect of interaction between 73
Table (23) Effect of interaction between 74
Table (2	4) Effect of row spacing 74
Table (25	Effect of soaking treatments on sugar yield
Table (26)	Effect of soaking treatment of plants/m
Table (27)	at different stages of growth
Table (28)	Effect of soaking treatments on stalk height 83
Table (29)	leaves per the main stalk
Table (30)	third leaf area
Table (31)	contents
	number per the main stalk
	90