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لم ترد بالأصل

B1.V00

Knee Cage Versus Below Knee Orthosis In The Control Of Genu Recurvatum In Cerebral Palsied Children .

THESIS

Submitted In A partial Fulfillment Of The
Requirement Of The Master Degree
In Physical Therapy

By

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B.Sc. in Physical Therapy

Cairo University
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2002

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Acknowledgement

First, thanks to **ALLAH**, as I feel his great care, support and guidance in every step in my life.

~ It is great honor to express my deepest gratitude, appreciation and respect to **Prof. Dr. Emam H. El-Negmy**, Dean of the Faculty of Physical Therapy for his meticulous supervision, encouragement and fatherly support. He does every effort and spared no time to offer his help up to the utmost.

~ Great thanks and appreciation to **Prof. Dr. Nagy M. Abd El-wahab**, Professor in the Radio-diagnosis department, Faculty of Medicine, Cairo University, for his precious help in producing the x-ray films, recording of the radiological findings and his special support for the execution of the radiological part of the work.

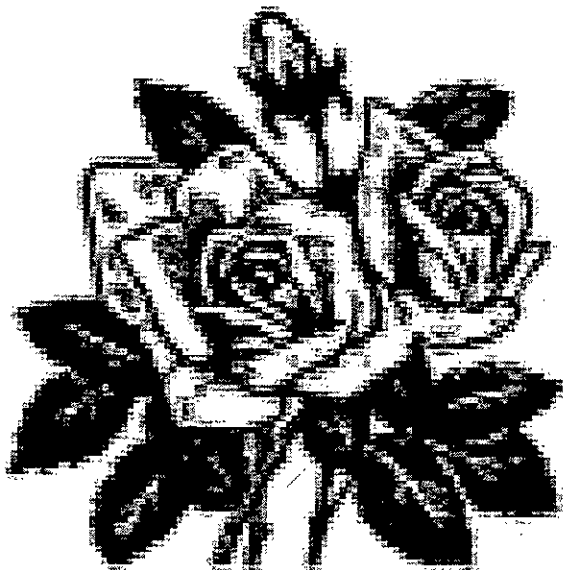
~ No words can express my deep thanks and gratitude to **Assistant Prof. Dr. Khaled A. Mamdouh**, Assistant Professor of Department of Physical Therapy for disturbance of growth and development in children and its surgery, Faculty of Physical Therapy, Cairo University, for his unlimited encouragement, valuable instruction, their obvious help and support specially during the practical part of this thesis.

~ Special thanks are directed to my colleagues in Cairo and Alexandria for their help during the practical part of this thesis.

~ Finally, I can not forget to thank all members in my family, my parents, my husband, my mother in law, my sister in law and her husband, my brothers and my sisters for their support and help throughout this study.

DEDICATION

To my parents, my husband and my daughter
Theodora with all love.



Abstract

Knee Cage Versus Below Knee Orthosis In The Control Of Genu Recurvatum In Cerebral Palsied Children. / Nivirt Girgis Dawoud, Prof. Emam H. El-Negmy, Prof. Nagy M. Abd El-wahab, Ass. Prof. Khaled A. Mamdouh: Cairo University. Faculty Of Physical Therapy, Department of Physical Therapy for disturbance of growth and development in children and its surgery, 2002 - Master Thesis.

The purpose of this study was to determine and compare the effect of below knee orthosis and knee cage on genu recurvatum control of cerebral palsied children. Forty children with age ranging from 3 to 7 years were randomly assigned to either a knee cage or below knee orthosis group. Both groups also received the same traditional program. Assessments were made using x-ray and goniometer to assess genu recurvatum degree and tensiometer to assess their effects on quadriceps, hamstring, and gastrocnemius muscles strength. Both groups showed significant reduction in genu recurvatum degrees after the treatment period. They also showed significant improvement in the concerned muscles strength in knee cage group. While in below knee orthosis group, there was no significant improvement in the concerned muscles except hamstring muscle. There was no significant difference between the two groups in all parameters. It can be concluded that both orthoses were helpful in genu recurvatum control but knee cage was more accepted by patients.

(Key words: genu recurvatum - cerebral palsy – orthosis)

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