

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية







شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم

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THESIS TITLE

Synthesis and evaluation of new surfactants for enhancing simultaneous saccharification and fermentation of natural cellulosic materials to bioethanol.

Submitted by

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For

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Addendum

Beside the work carried out in this thesis, the candidate **Marian Riad Mahrous Gerges** has attended Post-graduate courses during the academic year 2006-2007 in the following topics:

- Biochemistry
- New Trends in Analytical Chemistry
- Carbohydrate Chemistry
- Chemistry of Natural Products
- Designing in Organic Chemistry
- Applied Organic Chemistry
- Organic Photochemistry
- Polymer Chemistry
- Quantum Chemistry
- Organic Microanalysis
- Heterocyclic Chemistry
- Techniques of Molecular Structure Determination
- German language
- Selected Topics

She has also passed successfully an examination in the above mentioned topics.

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Marian Rjad

ABSTRACT

Student Name: Marian Riad Mahrous.

Title of the thesis: Synthesis and evaluation of new surfactants for enhancing simultaneous saccharification and fermentation of natural cellulosic materials to bioethanol.

Degree: The Master of Science (Chemistry)

Sorbitan monolaurate (Span 20) was ethoxylated by four different molar ratios of ethylene oxide (20, 40, 60, and 80) and named E (20), E (40), E (60), and E (80). The structure of the prepared nonionic surfactants was elucidated using; FT-IR and ¹H NMR spectroscopics. The surface tension measurements were recorded. The effect of the prepared nonionic surfactants on the simultaneous saccharification and fermentation (SSF) of microwave/alkali pretreated rice and wheat straws to produce ethanol were investigated. From the obtained data, it was found that the addition of the nonionic surfactants at 2.5 g/l had positive effect on SSF. The maximum ethanol yield (82 and 76%) was obtained after 72 h at 42 °C using *Kluyveromyces marxianus* for wheat and rice straws, respectively, while *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* exhibited a maximum ethanol yield (61 and 55%) at 37 °C and 72 h for wheat and rice straws, respectively. The ethanol yield increases with increasing the Hydrophile-Lipophile Balance (HLB) of the prepared nonionic surfactants by increasing ethylene oxide units.

Keywords: Span 20 - ethylene oxide — nonionic surfactants - SSF - rice straw – wheat straw - ethanol - Kluyveromyces marxianus - Saccharomyces cerevisiae - HLB.

Supervisors:

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1- Prof. Dr. Abdelgawad Ali Fahmi.

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Arabic Summary