

EFFICIENT NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF 3D INCOMPRESSIBLE VISCOUS NAVIER-STOKES EQUATIONS

THESIS
Submitted for the Degree
Of
DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY (Ph.D.)

(Pure Mathematics)

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University College for Women
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2003

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سورة الطلاق

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Candles show us the way, in life these great candles are our great teachers, which melt themselves to light our road. Therefore, it is a great honor to express my sincere gratitude and appreciation to Dr. Salwa K. Abd-El-Hafiz Associate Prof. of Engineering Mathematics, Faculty of Engineering, Cairo University, for her guidance, constructive criticism and advice. I also thank her for the encouragement she has given me during the course of this work. Sincere thanks are also due to Dr. Gamal A. F. Ismail Associate Prof. of Pure Mathematics, University College for Women, Ain Shams University for her supervision, valuable advice and moral support. Thanks are also due to the Syrian ministry of higher education for providing financial support for this research. Last, but not least, great appreciation and gratitude are extended to my parents.

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CONTENTS

1	Page
ABSTRACT	IV
SUMMARY	VI
NOMENCLATURE	ΙX
<u>CHAPTER I</u> : Introduction	1
CHAPTED II. Numerical Salution of Boutiel Diff.	
CHAPTER II: Numerical Solution of Partial Differential	
Equations	6
2.1 Mathematical Classification of PDE's	7
2.2 Numerical Solution of PDE's	8
2.2.1 Numerical Solution of Elliptic PDE's	11
2.2.2 Numerical Solution of Parabolic PDE's	16
2.2.3 Numerical Solution of Hyperbolic PDE's	20
CHAPTER III: Navier-Stokes Equations	24
3.1 Continuity Equation	26
3.2 Momentum Equation	27
CHAPTER IV: Literature Review	32
4.1 Vorticity-Stream Function Approach	35
4.2 Vorticity-Vector Potential Approach	37
4.3 Primitive-Variable Approach	39
4.3.1 The Pressure Poisson Method	40
4.3.2 Artificial Compressibility	42
1.4 Comparison	44

CHAPTER V : A Numerical Approach for Solving Incompressible		
Viscous Navier-Stokes Equations	. 46	
5.1 Vorticity-Stream Function Approach	48	
5.2 Vorticity-Vector Potential Approach	53	
<u>CHAPTER VI</u> : Numerical Implementation of the Vorticity-V	ector	
Potential Approach	57	
6.1 Boundary Conditions	58	
6.2 Poisson Equation	66	
6.2.1 The Direct Method	67	
6.2.2 The Iterative Method	75	
6.3 The Vorticity Transport Equation	77	
6.3.1 Solution Strategy	77	
6.3.1.1 Euler Explicit Method	79	
6.3.1.2 Crank-Niclson (C-N) Implicit Method	82	
6.3.2 Stability Analysis 6.4 A time-Marching Algorithm	85 88	
0.4 A unic-watching Argorithm	00	
CHAPTER VII: Results and Analysis	90	
7.1 Numerical Results for Poisson Equation in 3-D	91	
7.2 Lid-Driven Cavity Flow in 2-D	93	
7.3 Lid-Driven Cavity Flow in 3-D	95	

CHAPTER VIII: Conclusions and Future Work	103
REFERENCES	107
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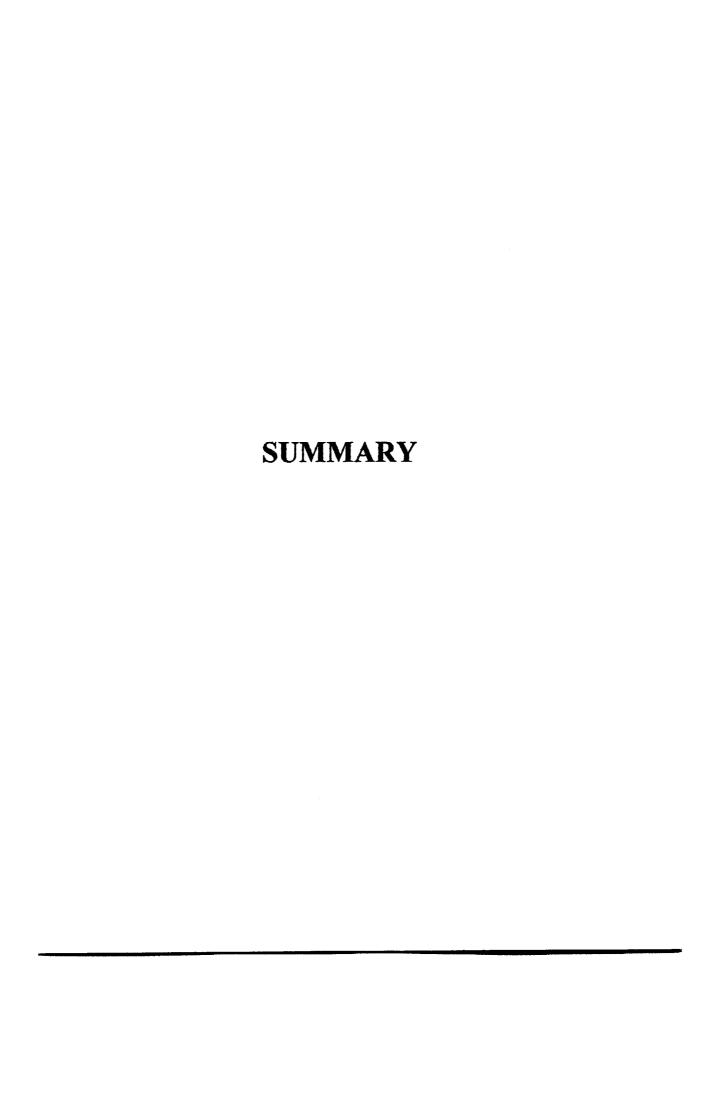
ABSTRACT

Berlant Sabri Matit. Efficient Numerical Solution of 3-D Incompressible Viscous Navier-Stokes Equations. Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) of Pure Mathematics, University College for Women, Ain Shams University.

This thesis focuses on the finite difference methods for solving the incompressible Navier-Stokes equations. We deduce the vorticity-vector potential approach in three-dimensional space. A technique for the solution of the three-dimensional incompressible Navier-Stokes equations is presented, where the parabolic vorticity transport equation and the elliptic Poisson equation are discretized in a collocated Cartesian grid. Using the finite difference method, a direct and an iterative technique for the solution of the three-dimensional Poisson equation are derived. We compare the results of both techniques with the exact solution. With respect to the vorticity transport equation, both the explicit Euler and the implicit Crank-Nicolson methods are presented and compared. In addition, we study the different kinds of boundary condition as well as the stability of the numerical techniques. Finally, we present our time-marching

algorithm. This algorithm encapsulates the appropriate numerical techniques, boundary conditions and stability conditions. The correctness of the algorithm is demonstrated on the model problem of the lid-driven cavity in two- and three-dimensional space.

Keywords: Incompressible Navier-Stokes equations, discretization, finite difference, parabolic vorticity transport equation, elliptic Poisson equation, boundary conditions, stability conditions, time-marching algorithm, lid-driven cavity.



Summary

This thesis focuses on presenting a finite difference technique for solving the incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in the three-dimensional space. The mathematical formulation adopted is of the vorticity-vector potential form.

Chapter 1 gives a brief introduction to the thesis topic. In chapter 2, we introduce the most common types of partial differential equations (elliptic, parabolic, and hyperbolic). Then, we briefly describe the numerical methods used for solving them. The basic concepts and techniques in the formulation of finite difference discretizations are presented. Examples are also included to illustrate important properties of the solutions of these equations.

In chapter 3, we derive the Navier-Stokes continuity and momentum equations. We explain how the continuity equation is deduced by applying the conservation of mass law to a fluid flow in Cartesian coordinates. The momentum equation is deduced by applying the conservation of momentum law to fluid flow.

We present, in chapter 4, a review of the previous literature related to our problem. We describe two important approaches: the primitive-variable approach and the vorticity-vector potential approach.

Chapter 5 describes a numerical method for solving incompressible N-S equations in 2-D Cartesian domain. Then, we generalize the described method for a 3-D Cartesian domain. In 2-D, equations for conservation of continuity and momentum are solved by using the vorticity-stream function approach. While this approach is appealing for 1- or 2-D problems, it gets more complicated for the 3-D case. The details of the 3-D vorticity-vector potential approach are derived in this chapter.

In chapter 6, we discuss four basic subjects related to the design of finite difference methods for 3-D steady incompressible viscous flows using vorticity formulations: boundary conditions, Poisson equation, vorticity transport equation and a time-marching algorithm. Some results of this chapter have been accepted for publication in the "International Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics".

Chapter 7 gives the results of applying our numerical techniques on different model problems. First, the numerical and exact solutions of a 3-D Poisson equation are compared. Then, the complete time-marching algorithm for solving the incompressible N-S equations is applied on the model problem of the lid-driven cavity in 2- and 3-D.

Finally, concluding remarks and directions for future research are outlined in Chapter 8.

