# PHYSIOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE AND IMMUNO COMPETENCE OF GROWING BARKI SHEEP FED AZZAWI DATES IN SIWA OASIS

# MOHAMMED SAEED ABO EL-FATH ZIDANE

B. Sc. Agric. Sc. (Animal Production), Minufiya University, 2004

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### Approval Sheet

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By

#### MOHAMMED SAEED ABO EL-FATH ZIDANE

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### This thesis for M. Sc. degree has been approved by:

Dr. Medhat Hussein Khalil	
Prof. Emeritus of Animal Physiology, Fa	aculty of Agriculture, Al-
Azhar University	
Dr. Farouk Abd-Allah Khalil	
Prof. Emeritus of Animal Physiology, Fa	aculty of Agriculture, Air
Shams University	
Dr. Esam El-Din Tharwat Mohamed	
Prof. of Animal Physiology, Faculty of A	Agriculture, Ain Shams
University	

**Date of Examination:** 28/4/2010

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#### **Under the supervision of:**

#### Dr. Esam El-Din Tharwat Mohamed

Prof. of Animal Physiology, Department of Animal Production, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University (Principal Supervisor)

#### Dr. Mohsen Shaker Abdel-Fattah

Associate Research Prof. of Animal Physiology, Animal and Poultry Production Division, Desert Research Center

#### **ABSTRACT**

Mohammed Saeed Abo-Elfath Zidane: Physiological Performance and Immuno Competence of Growing Barki Sheep Fed Azzawi Dates in Siwa Oasis. Unpublished M.Sc. Thesis, Department of Animal Production, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University, 2010.

This study was carried out to investigate the effect of partial substitution of crushed yellow corn (CYC) in concentrate feed mixture (CFM) with crushed date palm (CDP) at 50% (w/w) level on live body weight (LBW), thermoregulatory, hematological and some plasma biochemical parameters, thyroid activity, age at puberty, semen characteristics and early mating of Barki lambs. This study was performed during the period from April till December 2006 (244 days), in Siwa Research Station (Tegzerty Experimental Farm for animal production), belonging to Desert Research Center (DRC), Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation, in corporation with Department of Animal Production, Faculty of Agriculture Ain-Shams University, Cairo, Egypt.

Forty-eight Barki lambs (18 males and 30 females) weaned at 121 days of age with average  $20.96\pm1.31$  and  $19.04\pm0.50$  kg body weight respectively were used in this study. Both sexes were divided randomly into two equal groups (9 male and 15 female in each). The first group served as control, while the second was fed experimental ration. One of two ration combinations (CFM) and berseem hay (Alfalfa) was offered to the control group in each sex, while the other ration combination (50% w/w of CDP replaced CYC in CFM) and berseem hay (Alfalfa) was offered to the treated group in each sex. The results showed that, level of blood plasma glucose (GLU) was higher (P<0.01) in the treated group (male and female) compared with the control group. Inclusion of CDP decreased (P<0.01) total cholesterol (CHO), triglycerides (Tri) and plasma globulin (GL) was higher (P<0.01) in treated group compared

with control group in both sexes. Minor increase occurred in total plasma protein in treated groups compared with control group.

The thyroid hormones activities, ( $T_3$  and  $T_4$ ) in blood plasma were increased with increasing body weight in both control and treated groups throughout the study period and were significantly (P<0.01) correlated with body weight. Regardless the effect of treatment, the results indicated that female lambs had the highest values in Hb, Ht and RBC's compared with male lambs. For female lambs, the mean values of Hb, Ht and RBC's were 18.24 g/dl, 34.25% and 12.36 X  $10^6$ /mm<sup>3</sup>, respectively. The corresponding values for male lambs were 17.62 g/dl, 33.79% and 11.87 X  $10^6$ /mm<sup>3</sup>.

Concerning the effect of treatment, the results indicated that the group means for Hb, Ht, RBC's, MCV, MCH and MCHC were similar in control and treated groups within the same sex

Concerning the effect of treatment on total leukocytes number, the results indicated that, in both sex, minor improvement was observed in the total WBC's number of lambs fed treated diet relative to lambs fed control diet.

Plasma testosterone concentration was higher (1.6 ng/ml) in control group than treated group (1.49 ng/ml) at first ejaculation, while at the second and third ejaculation, treated group had higher (1.84 and 1.98 ng/ml) than control group (1.63 and 1.89 ng/ml).

The results showed that inclusion of CDP in CFM at level 50% (w/w) caused positive effects on ejaculate volume, sperm motility and sperm concentration; this might be due to the presence of phytoestrogen, as a steroidal component of date stones, which may have influenced sperm parameters. The results clearly show that the inclusion of CDP in CFM at level (50%, w/w) caused higher (80%) conception rate compared with control group (53.33%).

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#### ABBREVIATIONS

#### **Abbreviation Description**

A/G Albumin/globulin AH Abnormal head

AL Albumin

ALT Alanine aminotransferase

AN Animal

AN(Mo) Animal (Month)

AN(S\*T) Animal (sex\*treatment)
AST Aspartate aminotransferase

AT Ambient temperature Bas Basophile cells

C Control

CDP Crushed date palm

CF Crude fiber

CFM Concentrate feed mixture

CHO Cholesterol CP Crude protein

CYC Crushed yellow corn

D Day

d.f Degrees of freedom DFI Daly feed intake

DLC Differential leukocyte counts

DM Dry matter

DMI Dry matter intake

DS Dead sperm
EE Ether extract
Eso Eosinophile cells
EV Ejaculate volume
FCR Feed conversion ratio

FW Final weight
GL Globulin
GLU Glucose
Hb Hemoglobin

HDL High-density lipoprotein

HR Heart rate

Ht Hematocrit( Packed cell volume)
Kg/h/d Kilogram per head per day

l/h/d Liter per head per day LBW Live body weight

LDL Low-density lipoprotein

Lym Lymphocyte cells M.S Mean square

MCH Mean corpuscular hemoglobin

MCHC Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration

MCV Mean corpuscular volume

Mo Month Morth\*sex

Mo\*S\*TMonth\*sex\*treatmentMo\*TMonth\*treatmentMonMonocyte cellsNSNon significantNutNeutrophil cells

OADG Overall average daily gain weight

OGR Overall growth rate
OM Organic matter
P4 Progesterone

P<sub>st</sub>WADG Post-weaning average daily weight gain

P<sub>st</sub>WGR Post-weaning growth rate

PTs Plasma testosterone
PUN Plasma urea nitrogen
RBC's Red blood cells
RH Relative humidity
RR Respiration rate
RT Rectal temperature

S Sex

S\*T Sex\*treatment
S.O.V Source of variation
SC Sperm concentration

SE Standard error
SM Sperm motility
ST Skin temperature

T Treatment

T<sub>3</sub> Tri-iodothyronine

T4 Thyroxin
TA Tail abnormal

THI Temperature humidity index

TL Total lipids
TP Total protein
Tri Triglycerides

TSA Total sperm abnormality

TWG Total weight gain

w/w WBC's Weight/weight White blood cells

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