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شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

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Liaison Psychiatric Nursing Care of Stroke Patients at Assiut University Hospital

Thesis

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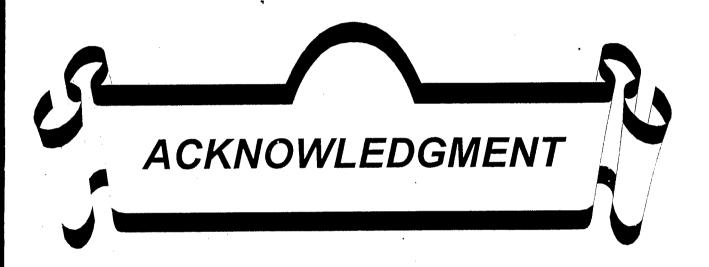
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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to develop, implement and evaluate the effectiveness of the educational training program of coping skills addressed to assist nursing staff and caregivers. The study was carried-out on "50" stroke patients, "50" of patient's relative in the neurology department assigned for care of stroke patients and all nurses (n = 34). The study was conducted at Assiut University hospital. Four tools were used, the psycho-organic assessment, **Beck** depression inventory, state-trait anxiety inventory and coping scale. The educational training program of coping methods designed for nurses and caregivers. The study results revealed that the majority of the sample were males ranging from 40-60 years (54%) male, 70%, married 86%, 66% illiterate, 36% were farmers, 56% had left hemiplegia, 34% hypertensive, 74% had cerebral infarction, 50% had no sleep disturbance, 32% had depressed mood and 48% had anxious affect, 16% had hallucinations, 12% had delusions, 84% had dementia, 90% of them disoriented, 72% had impaired judgement. Age have no significant correlation with depression, while anxiety occurred more among younger age, depression and anxiety occurred more in females, single groups, students and illiterate patients. Active coping methods were significantly used by younger aged patients, there was no effect of gender on the used coping methods or marital status. 58% of female nurses attended the educational training program. 66% of caregivers were males.

Our study can conclude that the liaison psychiatric nursing was very important to be included in the care of these stroke patients as a result of this study, an important recommendations was drawes regarding to the role of liaison psychiatric nursing in the care of stroke patients direct and indirect help for nurses and caregivers.



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CONTENTS

CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTION AND AIM OF THE WORK	1
REVIEW OF LITERATURE	3
(1) Concept of liaison mental health nursing	5
(2) Concept of stroke	14
(3) Concept of stress and coping	21
(4) Nursing management	25
MATERIAL AND METHODS	33
RESULTS	45
DISCUSSION	82
SUMMARY	105
CONCLUSION	110
RECOMMENDATION	111
REFERENCES.	113
APPENDIXES	
- Appendix I	
- Appendix II	
- Appendix III	
- Appendix IV	٠
- Appendix V	•
- Appendix VI	
- Appendix VII	
ARABIC SUMMARY	

LIST OF TABLES

Tables		Page
(1)	Sociodemographic data of the stroke patients	46
(2)	Clinical data among stroke patients	48
(3)	Psychological disturbances among stroke patients	51
(4)	Levels of depression scores among strokes patients	
	before and after the implementation of the	
	program	54
(5)	Comparison between depression scores among stroke	
	patients before and after the implementation of	
	training program according to age	54
(6)	Scores of depression among stroke patients before	
	and after the implementation of training program	
	according to gender	55
(7)	Scores of depression among stroke patients before	
	and after the implementation of training program	
	according to marital status	55
(8)	Scores of depression among stroke patients before	
	and after the implementation of training program	
	according to occupation	56
(9)	Scores of depression among stroke patients before	
	and after the implementation of training program	
	according to educational levels	56
(10)	Comparison of anxiety state levels for stroke patients	
	before and after the implementation of training	
	program	58

Fables		Page
(11)	Comparison of anxiety trait for the stroke patients	
	before and after the implementation of training	
	program	58
(12)	Comparison between scores of anxiety state and trait	
	among stroke patients before and after the	
	implementation of training program according to age	59
(13)	Comparison of anxiety scores before and after the	
	implementation of training program between male	
	and female stroke patients	59
(14)	Comparison of anxiety scores before and after the	
	implementation of training program according to	
	marital status of stroke patients	60
(15)	Comparison of anxiety scores before and after the	
	implementation of training program of stroke patients	
	according to occupation	61
(16)	Comparison of anxiety scores before and after the	
	implementation of training program according to	
	educational levels of stroke patients	62
(17)	Comparison of coping strategies among stroke	
	patients before and after the program	64
(18)	Comparison of coping strategies in stroke patients	
	before and after the implementation of training	
	program according to age	65
(19)	Comparison of coping strategies in stroke patients	
	before and after the implementation of training	
	program according to sex	66

•

Tables		Page
(20)	Comparison of coping strategies in stroke patients	
	before and after the implementation of training	
	program according to marital status	67
(21)	Relation of coping strategies in stroke patients before	
	and after the implementation of training program	
	according to occupation	68
(22)	Relation of coping strategies in stroke patients before	
	and after the implementation of training program	
	according to educational levels	69
(23)	Sociodemographic data among nurses caring for	
	stroke patients at the neurological ward	71
(24a)	Comparison of mean score related to nurse's	
	knowledge about stroke pathology between pre and	
	immediate tests	73
(24b)	Comparison of mean score of nurse's knowledge of	
	stroke pathology before and 3 months after the	
	program	73
(25a)	Comparison of mean scores knowledge about coping	
	methods in relation to pre and immediate tests among	
	nurses	74
(25b)	Comparison of mean score knowledge about coping	
	methods in relation to pre and post tests among	
	nurses	74
(25c)	Comparison of mean scores of nurse's knowledge	
	about coping methods immediately and after three	
	months after the implementation of training program	75