

# **Computational Designing and Evaluation of Some Organophosphates and Neonicotinoids Derivatives and Prospects for the Control of Some Insect Pests**



A Thesis

Submitted to the Department of Entomology,  
Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University  
For the award of the Ph. D. Degree  
(Entomology)

**By**

**Doaa Ramadan Abd-El Haleem Ramadan**  
M. Sc.

## **Supervisors**

**Prof. Dr. NohaAwnyGenidy**

Professor of insecticide toxicology, Entomology Department  
Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Prof. Dr. Adel RamzyFahmy**

Professor of insecticide toxicology, Entomology Department  
Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Prof. Dr. Nasser Saad Mohamed Ismail**

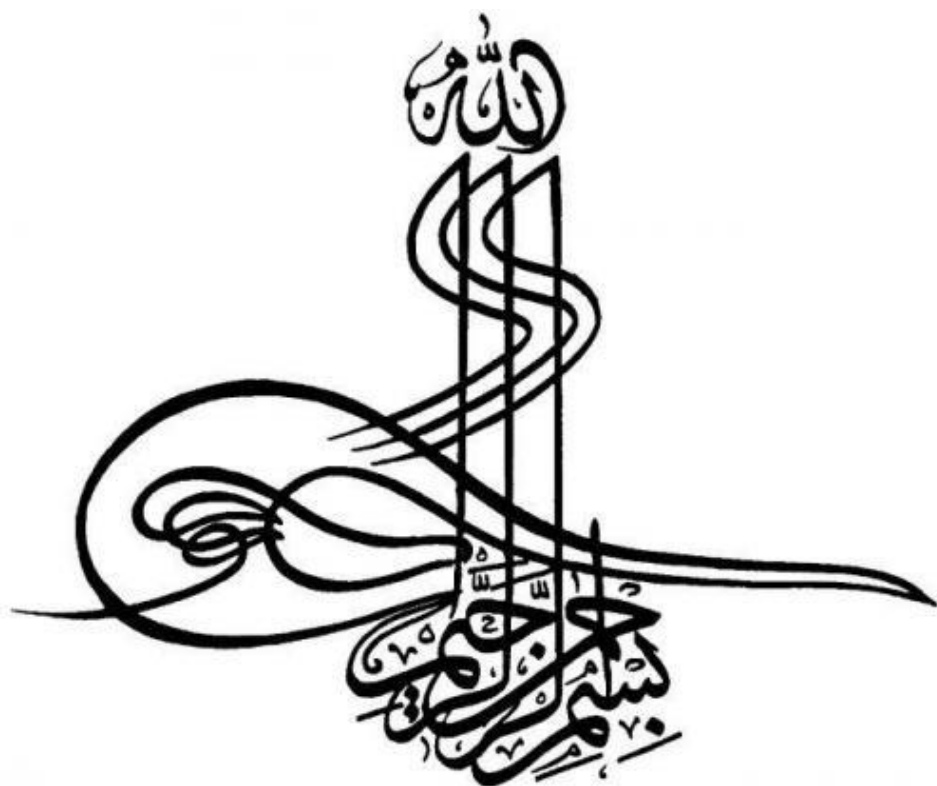
Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutical  
Chemistry Department, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams  
University.

**Dr. Fatma Saber Mohamad Abu- El Azm**

Lecturer of Organic Chemistry, Chemistry Department  
Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Entomology Department  
Faculty of Science  
Ain Shams University  
2018**







## **Biography**

**Name:** Doaa Ramadan Abd- El Haleem Ramadan

**Degree Awarded:** B.Sc. (Entomology), 2007

M.Sc. (Toxicology and Pest Management),  
2013.

**Department:** Entomology

**Faculty:** Science

**University:** Ain Shams

**Occupation:** Assistant lecturer / Entomology Department

Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Date of Registration for the Ph.D.:** 14-12- 2014



## **Approval sheet**

### **(PhD thesis)**

**Name:** Doaa Ramadan Abd- El Haleem Ramadan

**Title:** Computational Designing and Evaluation of Some Organophosphates and Neonicotinoids Derivatives and Prospects for the Control of Some Insect Pests.

### **Supervisions committee:**

**Prof. Dr. NohaAwnyGenidy:**

Professor of insecticide toxicology, Entomology Department, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Prof. Dr. Adel RamzyFahmy:**

Professor of insecticide toxicology, Entomology Department, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Prof. Dr. Nasser Saad Mohamed Ismail:**

Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University.

**Dr. Fatma Saber Mohamad Abu- El Azm:**

Lecturer of Organic Chemistry, Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

### **Examinationcommittee:**

**Prof. Dr. Mamdouh Mohamed Ibrahim Nassar**

Professor of Insect Control, Faculty of Science, Cairo University.

**Prof. Dr. Monier Mohamed Mohamed El hussieny**

Professor of Insect Control, Faculty of Agriculture, Cairo University.

**Prof. Dr. NohaAwnyGenidy:**

Professor of Insecticide Toxicology, Entomology Department, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.

**Prof. Dr. Adel RamzyFahmy:**

Professor of Insecticide Toxicology, Entomology Department, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University.





## Acknowledgements

Thanks first and last to Allah for the utmost help and support during this work.

I knew from the beginning that pursuing doctoral study is a difficult and challenging task. Throughout this long journey, I have gained a lot by learning to persevere despite hardship. I am grateful for all of the support and contribution along this journey. I would never have successfully completed this thesis without the assistance of numerous people who I am indebted to.

First of all, I would like to gratefully acknowledge my major supervisor ***Prof. Dr. Noha A. Genidy***, Professor of Insect Toxicology, Ain Shams University who always pushed me further to try new things and to introduce me to worlds I might not have explored on my own, supporting me through the hard times, helps me relax and enjoy life and makes my life a pleasure. She have been so much more than a supervisor, words do not do justice to the influence she have had on my life, during the most difficult times I have ever experienced.

I wish to express my greatest gratitude, deepest thanks and appreciation to ***Prof. Dr. Adel R. Fahmy***, Professor of Insect Toxicology, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University, for his profound supervision, kind encouragement, valuable advice, being a pillar of support and was patient enough to teach me aspects I was largely ignorant of.

I am greatly indebted to ***Prof. Dr. Nasser S. M. Ismail***, Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University for his help and kind encouragement and profound supervision.

Of course, I wish to thank ***Dr. Fatma S. M. Abu el Azm***, lecturer of Organic Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Ain Shams University; for her supervision, kind encouragement and valuable advice.

Deepest thanks for ***Prof. Dr. Neveen Ganob***, professor of Organic Chemistry, National Research Center, for her help for synthesis of the chemical compounds and her valuable advice.

Deepest thanks for ***Dr. Gawhara M. Mohammad***, lecturer, Entomology Department; Ain Shams University for her friendly advises and kind helps.

My thanks are also passed to the staff members and colleagues of Entomology Department for the various help they offered me throughout this study.

I'm grateful for all the great friends I have, without them I surely would be lost. I hope they know how much I appreciate them.

I give my heartfelt thanks to my parents and my small family who have sacrificed their lives for us and provided unconditional love and care. I love them so much, and I would not have made this thesis far without them.



## **Abstract**

Organophosphates (OPs) and neonicotinoids are widely used for the control of house fly, *Musca domestica* L. (Diptera: Muscidae) as baits and larvicides. This study aimed to design and computational evaluation of novel OP derivatives and imidacloprid (IMI) analogues with high selectivity and insect toxicity based on structure activity relationships (SARs) studies. The conventional OPs and neonicotinoids as well as new structures were docked to their target enzymes for the hypothetical potencies comparison. OP1 was synthesized and the structure was confirmed by  $^1\text{H}$  NMR, IR and Mass.

OP1 exhibited higher toxicity than chlorpyrifos when assayed by feeding technique to susceptible and field strains of house fly adults and larvae. Comparative docking and toxicological studies of IMI and thiamethoxam (THIA) showed variations between their results that might be due to their metabolic products. The biochemical studies showed reduction in protein content while, ATP-ase, cytochrome P-450 and carboxylesterase activities increased with different levels to tested insecticides treatments. OP1 and chlorpyrifos reduced the AChE activity in contrast to IMI and THIA.

**Key words:** OPs, neonicotinoids, house fly, molecular docking and SARs.



## Abbreviations

<b><sup>1</sup>HNMR</b>	Proton nuclear magnetic resonance
<b>2D-QSAR</b>	Two-Dimensional Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
<b>3D-QSAR</b>	three-Dimensional Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
<b>Ach</b>	Acetylcholine
<b>AChE</b>	Acetylcholinesterase
<b>AChR</b>	Acetylcholine receptor
<b>ATP-ase</b>	Adenosine Triphosphatase enzyme
<b>CarE</b>	Carboxylesterase
<b>ChE</b>	Cholinesterase
<b><i>Dm</i> AChE</b>	<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i> acetylcholinesterase
<b>HRMS</b>	high-resolution mass spectrometry
<b>IMI</b>	Imidacloprid
<b>IR</b>	Infrared
<b>LC<sub>50</sub></b>	median lethal concentration
<b>LD<sub>50</sub></b>	median lethal dose
<b><i>Ls</i>-AChBP</b>	<i>Lymnaea stagnalis</i> acetylcholine binding protein
<b>nAChR</b>	nicotinic acetylcholine receptor
<b>OP1</b>	Newly synthesized organophosphate compound
<b>OPs</b>	Organophosphates
<b>P-450</b>	cytochrome P-450 monooxygenase
<b>QSAR</b>	quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
<b>R</b>	Resistance
<b>RR</b>	Resistance ratio
<b>S</b>	Susceptible
<b>SAR</b>	structure activity relationship
<b>THIA</b>	Thiamethoxam