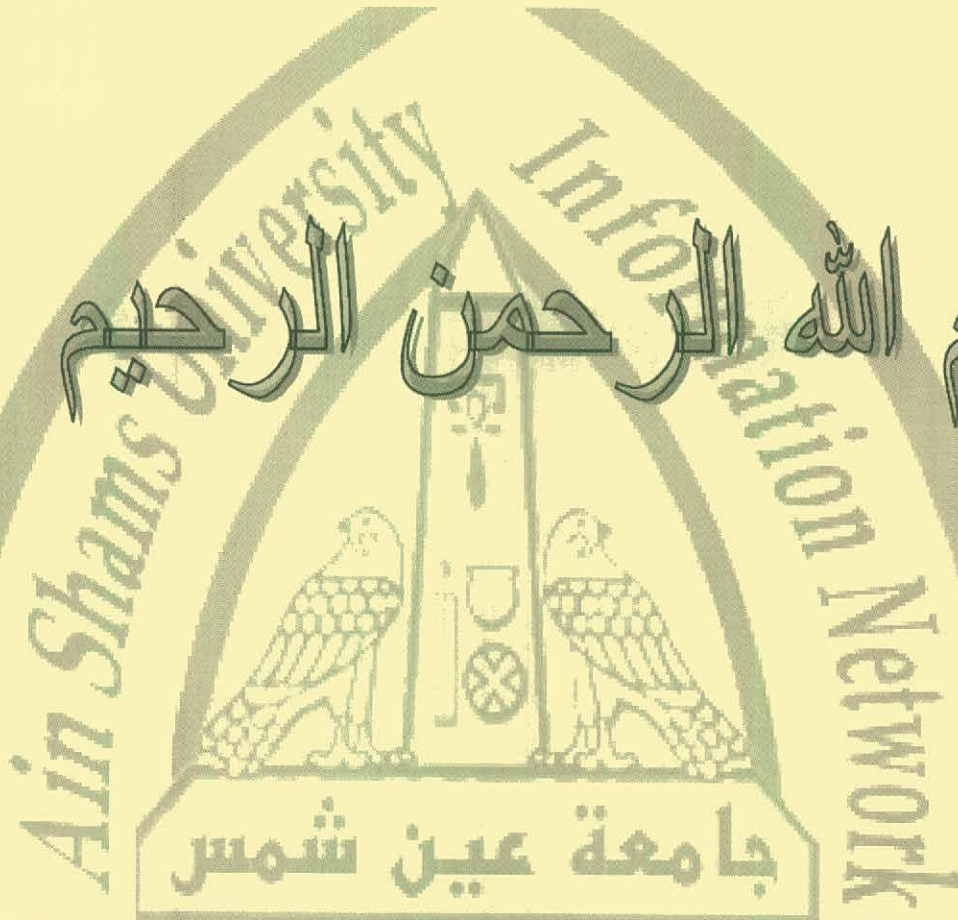




شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية
@ ASUNET



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأفلام قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيدا عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من ١٥-٢٥ مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من ٢٠-٤٠%

To be Kept away from Dust in Dry Cool place of
15-25- c and relative humidity 20-40%

بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة

بالرسالة صفحات لم ترد بالاصل

Biochemical Studies on Metastatic Breast Cancer

Thesis

Submitted in partial fulfilment for the requirements of
Ph D of Cancer Biology (Biochemistry)

By

Soheir Sobhy Wahba

Supervised by

Prof. Dr.

Mahmoud M. El-Merzabani

Prof. Of Experimental Chemotherapy
Cancer Biology Department
National Cancer Institute
Cairo University

Prof. Dr.

Nadia I. Zakhary

Prof. of Medical Biochemistry
Head of Cancer Biology Dept.
National Cancer Institute
Cairo University

Prof. Dr.

Sabry Shaarawy

Professor of Medical Biochemistry
Cancer Biology Department
National Cancer Institute
Cairo University

National Cancer Institute
Cairo University
2002

A handwritten signature, possibly 'Sobhy', is written in the bottom left corner. To its right, the date '13/5' is written vertically.

جامعة القاهرة
معهد الأورام القومي

رقم مسلسل: (.....)

محضر اجتماع لجنة الحكم

على الرسالة المقدمة من الطالبة ببسوم وحبها جينا
(١) تغطية لشغل إمتحان الدكتوراه في في نيولوجيا الأورام (كيمياء حيوية)
أو
(٢) كجزء من الجزء الثاني إمتحان الماجستير في /

اجتمعت لجنة الحكم على الرسالة المذكورة من السادة /
الأستاذ الدكتور / تاديه زكريا
الأستاذ الدكتور /
الأستاذ الدكتور /
الأستاذ الدكتور /
والله في يوم
في جلسة علنية بتاريخ
قاعة المحاضرات

ثم ناقش السادة أعضاء لجنة الحكم في:

بإدارة اللجنة
فيقول الرسالة المقدمة من
المختبر والتمهيد
لشغل الدكتوراه في (كيمياء حيوية)

الأستاذ الدكتور

الأستاذ الدكتور

الأستاذ الدكتور

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Acknowledgement

First and foremost thanks are due to GOD. In few grateful words.

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Abstract

Two hundred and twenty females were included in this study. These individuals were divided into the following three major groups: I: Control (40 healthy females). II: Non-metastatic breast cancer patients (60 cases). III: Metastatic breast cancer patients (120 cases). Group III was further divided into the following four subgroups: IIIa: Breast cancer with bone metastasis (50 cases). IIIb: Breast cancer with lung metastasis (40 cases). IIIc: Breast cancer with bone and soft tissues metastasis (20 cases), and IIId: Breast cancer with soft tissues metastasis (10 cases).

The aim of the present work was to investigate the role of osteocalcin (OC), parathyroid hormone (PTH), calcitonin (CT), urokinase plasminogen activator (uPA), cathepsin D (CD), epidermal growth factor (EGF), epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR), and c-erbB-2 in the diagnosis of breast cancer and its degree of metastasis.

The present study revealed that, (1) EGF, EGFR, and c-erbB-2 showed significant slight elevation in cases of non-metastatic breast cancer cases. (2) EGFR, c-erbB-2, uPA and CD were significantly elevated in cases of metastatic breast cancer, regardless the site of metastasis. (3) OC, PTH and CT were significantly elevated in cases of breast cancer patients with bone metastasis, whether alone or associated with soft tissue metastasis.

Keywords

Breast cancer, Osteocalcin, Parathyroid hormone, Calcitonin, Human urokinase-type plasminogen activator, Cathepsin D, Epidermal growth factor, Epidermal growth factor receptor, c-erbB-2

