



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ





شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأفلام قد اعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيداً عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من 15 – 20 مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من 20-40 %

To be kept away from dust in dry cool place of
15 – 25c and relative humidity 20-40 %



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بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



بالرسالة صفحات
لم ترد بالأصل

Physiological Genetic Studies to Develop
Biochemical Genetic Fingerprints in Tomatoes
(*Lycopersicon esculentum* Mill)

By

Aziza Mohamed Hassanein

B.Sc. Agric. Sci., (Genetics), Ain Shams Univ., 1995

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment
of
the requirements for the degree of

Master of Science
in
Agricultural Science
(Genetics)

Department of Genetics
Faculty of Agriculture
Ain Shams University

2001

B 7725

صفحة الموافقة على الرسالة

دراسات وراثية فسيولوجية لأستنباط بصمة وراثية

بيوكيماوية في الطماطم

رسالة مقدمه من

عزيزه محمد حسنين

بكالوريوس العلوم الزراعية (وراثية)، جامعة عين شمس، ١٩٩٥

للحصول على

درجة الماجستير في العلوم الزراعية

(وراثية)

وقد تمت مناقشة الرسالة والموافقة عليها

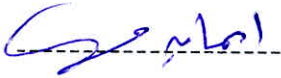
اللجنة



أ.د. / أحمد عبد السلام محمود

أستاذ الوراثة - قسم الوراثة

كلية الزراعة - جامعة الزقازيق



أ.د. / أيمن محمود فهمي

أستاذ الوراثة الجزيئية - قسم الوراثة

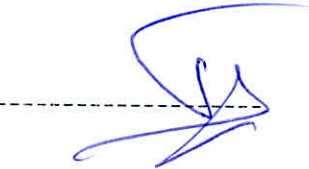
كلية الزراعة - جامعة عين شمس



أ.د. / محمد عبد السلام راشد (عن لجنة الأشراف)

أستاذ الوراثة - قسم الوراثة

كلية الزراعة - جامعة عين شمس



أ.د. / فتحي محمد عبد التواب (المشرف الرئيسي)

أستاذ الوراثة الجزيئية - قسم الوراثة

كلية الزراعة - جامعة عين شمس

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B.Sc. Agric. Sci., (Genetics), Ain Shams Univ., 1995

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ABSTRACT

Aziza Mohamed Hassanein, Physiological Genetic Studies to Develop Biochemical Genetic Fingerprints in Tomato (*Lycopersicon esculentum* Mill), Unpublished Master of Science Thesis, Genetics Dept., Fac., of Agric., Ain Shams Univ., 2001.

Ten tomato cultivars were fingerprinted using yield-related traits and molecular markers. Yield-related traits included vegetative growth, yield components, fruit quality, seed yield and seed characters. Three systems of molecular markers were used, SDS-PAGE, isozymes (*i.e.*, Esterase, Glutamate oxaloacetate transaminase, Alcohol dehydrogenase and Malate dehydrogenase) and RAPD-PCR. Each system alone gave identification for some cultivars and could not differentiate between the closely related pairs of cultivars. Therefore, it was necessary to apply the combined class pattern system to obtain better resolution for the development of unique fingerprints for each of these cultivars. From the results of molecular markers it was possible to obtain some markers which are linked to some yield-related traits. Such markers could be useful in marker-assisted selection (MAS) programs.

Key words: tomato, yield-related traits, SDS-PAGE, isozyme, RAPD-PCR, fingerprints, molecular markers, MAS

