



CFD INVESTIGATION OF SMOKE MANAGEMENT IN UNDERGROUND TUNNEL

By

Eng. Waleed Mahmoud Mostafa El-Sayed Sweida

A Thesis Submitted to the
Faculty of Engineering at Cairo University
in Partial Fulfilment of the
Requirements for the Degree of
DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

In

MECHANICAL POWER ENGINEERING

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING, CAIRO UNIVERSITY GIZA, EGYPT 2017

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Under Supervision of

Prof. Dr. Essam E. Khalil
Professor, Mechanical Power Engineering Department
Faculty of Engineering, Cairo University

Dr. Esmail Mohamed Ali El-Bialy

Dr. Omar Ahmed Soliman Huzayyin

Lecturer, Mechanical Power Engineering Dep.,

Faculty of Engineering, Cairo University

Dr. Omar Ahmed Soliman Huzayyin

Lecturer, Mechanical Power Engineering Dep.,

Faculty of Engineering, Cairo University

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Approved by the Examining Committee:

Prof. Dr. Essam E. Khalil Hassan Khalil (Thesis Main Advisors)

Professor, Mechanical Power Engineering Department,

Faculty of Engineering, Cairo University.

Prof. Dr. Tharwat Wazir Abo Arab (Internal Examiner)

Professor, Mechanical Power Engineering Department,

Faculty of Engineering, Cairo University.

Prof. Dr. Mahmoud Abd El Fatah El Kadi (External Examiner)

Professor, Mechanical Power Engineering Department,

Faculty of Engineering, Al-Azhar University.

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING, CAIRO UNIVERSITY GIZA, EGYPT 2017 **Engineer:** Waleed Mahmoud Mostafa Elsayed

Date of Birth: 14 / 7 / 1984

Nationality: Egyptian

E-mail: elswedy_mech@hotmail.com

Phone.: 01006868963

Address: 2nd District, Building 196, 6th October, Giza, Egypt

Registration Date : 1 / 10 / 2012 **Awarding Date :** / / 2017

Degree: Doctor of Philosophy

Department: Mechanical Power Engineering

Supervisors: Prof. Dr. Essam E. Khalil

Dr. Esmail Mohamed Ali

Dr. Omar Ahmed Soliman Huzayyin

Examiners: Prof. Dr. Essam E. Khalil

Prof. Dr. Tharwat Wazir Abo Arab

Prof. Dr. Mahmoud Abd El Fatah El Kadi

(Professor, Mechanical Power Engineering Department,

Faculty of Engineering, Al-Azhar University)

Title of Thesis: CFD INVESTIGATION OF SMOKE MANAGEMENT IN UNDERGROUND TUNNELS

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Summary:

Mechanical ventilation systems play a major role in tunnels safety. All over the world, different systems are used for tunnel ventilation in normal operation and fire conditions based on the tunnel geometry, design and other parameters. The main goal of those systems is a proper smoke evacuation in case of fire.

The aim of this works to study and understand the fires in tunnel systems both experimentally and numerically to attain better understanding of the fire dynamics to help preserve lives in case of fire.

This was achieved by conducting experimental work on small-scale tunnel studying the temperature and velocity distribution inside the tunnel. Also, using scaling methods to calculate the fire size for the experiment and predicting the fire size and data for large scale tunnel simulation using Fire Dynamic Simulator (FDS).

The experimental results and FDS numerical simulations where compered and showed a reasonable agreement between the model and the experiment. This validated the model and gave a detailed look on the temperature and velocity distribution in the full-scale tunnel.

The theoretical verification of FDS computer model is achieved by the comparison of results with literature, this was performed to enhance the confidence in using FDS to estimate both the initial growth and peak heat release rate (HRR) of different tunnel fires. In addition, a HRR semi empirical relation is obtained and implemented in the current theoretical model solution.



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