



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية
@ ASUNET



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأفلام قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

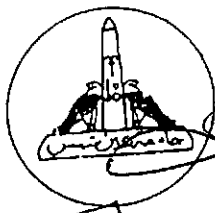
تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيدا عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من ١٥-٢٥ مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من ٢٠-٤٠%

To be Kept away from Dust in Dry Cool place of
15-25- c and relative humidity 20-40%

بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة

بالرسالة صفحات لم ترد بالاصل



الجامعة العراقية

الكلية الادبية

قسم التاريخ

جامعة بغداد

الكلية الادبية

قسم التاريخ

مؤرخ (التاريخ الحديث والمعاصر)

١٠٤٤٦٥

مؤرخ

رسالة ماجستير عن

١٩٨٦

البحوث التاريخية لثورة

١٩٥٨ في العراق

دراسة مقدمة لنيل درجة الماجستير في الآداب

إعداد

محمد عبد الرحمن محمد محمد عريف

تحت إشرافه

د/ جاد محمد طه

أستاذ التاريخ الحديث والمعاصر

و العميد الأسبق

الكلية الادبية جامعة بغداد

٢٠٠٣ - ١٤٢٤ هـ

مؤرخ

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 55% of public sector employees being women in 1995, compared with 45% in 1980.

There are a number of reasons why the public sector has become an important employer of women. One reason is that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are traditionally held by women, such as teaching, nursing, and social work. Another reason is that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are part-time or flexible, which are more likely to be held by women. A third reason is that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are in the service sector, which is also a sector that is traditionally held by women.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for public services. As the population of the UK has increased, so has the demand for public services, such as health care, education, and social care. This has led to an increase in the number of people employed in the public sector, and has also led to an increase in the number of women employed in the public sector.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for flexible working arrangements. As more women have entered the workforce, so has the demand for flexible working arrangements, such as part-time work, flexi-time, and job sharing. The public sector has responded to this demand by offering a range of flexible working arrangements, which has helped to attract and retain more women.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for high-quality public services. As the population of the UK has increased, so has the demand for high-quality public services, such as health care, education, and social care. This has led to an increase in the number of people employed in the public sector, and has also led to an increase in the number of women employed in the public sector.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for public services that are delivered by women. As the population of the UK has increased, so has the demand for public services that are delivered by women, such as health care, education, and social care. This has led to an increase in the number of people employed in the public sector, and has also led to an increase in the number of women employed in the public sector.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for public services that are delivered by women. As the population of the UK has increased, so has the demand for public services that are delivered by women, such as health care, education, and social care. This has led to an increase in the number of people employed in the public sector, and has also led to an increase in the number of women employed in the public sector.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for public services that are delivered by women. As the population of the UK has increased, so has the demand for public services that are delivered by women, such as health care, education, and social care. This has led to an increase in the number of people employed in the public sector, and has also led to an increase in the number of women employed in the public sector.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because of the increasing demand for public services that are delivered by women. As the population of the UK has increased, so has the demand for public services that are delivered by women, such as health care, education, and social care. This has led to an increase in the number of people employed in the public sector, and has also led to an increase in the number of women employed in the public sector.

جامعة بجن شمس
في الاداب
قسم التاريخ
نرج (التاريخ الحديث و المعاصر)

رسالة ماجستير عن

البطور التاريخية لثورة

١٩٥٨ في العراق

دراسة مقدمة لنيل درجة الماجستير في الاداب

المحاضر

محمد عبد الرحمن محمد محمد عريف

تحت إشراف

د/ جاد محمد طه

امتات التاريخ الحديث و المعاصر

و العميد الأسبق

الطية الاداب جامعة بجن شمس

٢٠٠٣ - ١٤٢٤ هـ

بيانات الباحث

اسم الباحث : - محمد عبد الرحمن محمد محمد عريف

عنوان الرسالة : - الجذور التاريخية لثورة ١٩٥٨ في العراق

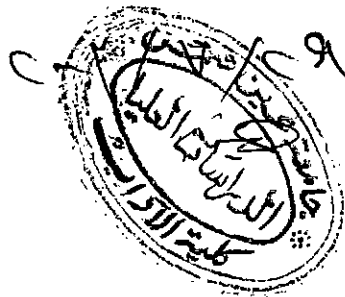
اسم الدرجة : - ماجستير

لجنة الإشراف : - أ د/ جاد محمد طه أستاذ التاريخ الحديث و المعاصر
بكلية الآداب جامعة عين شمس .

تاريخ البحث /

الدوامات العلوية

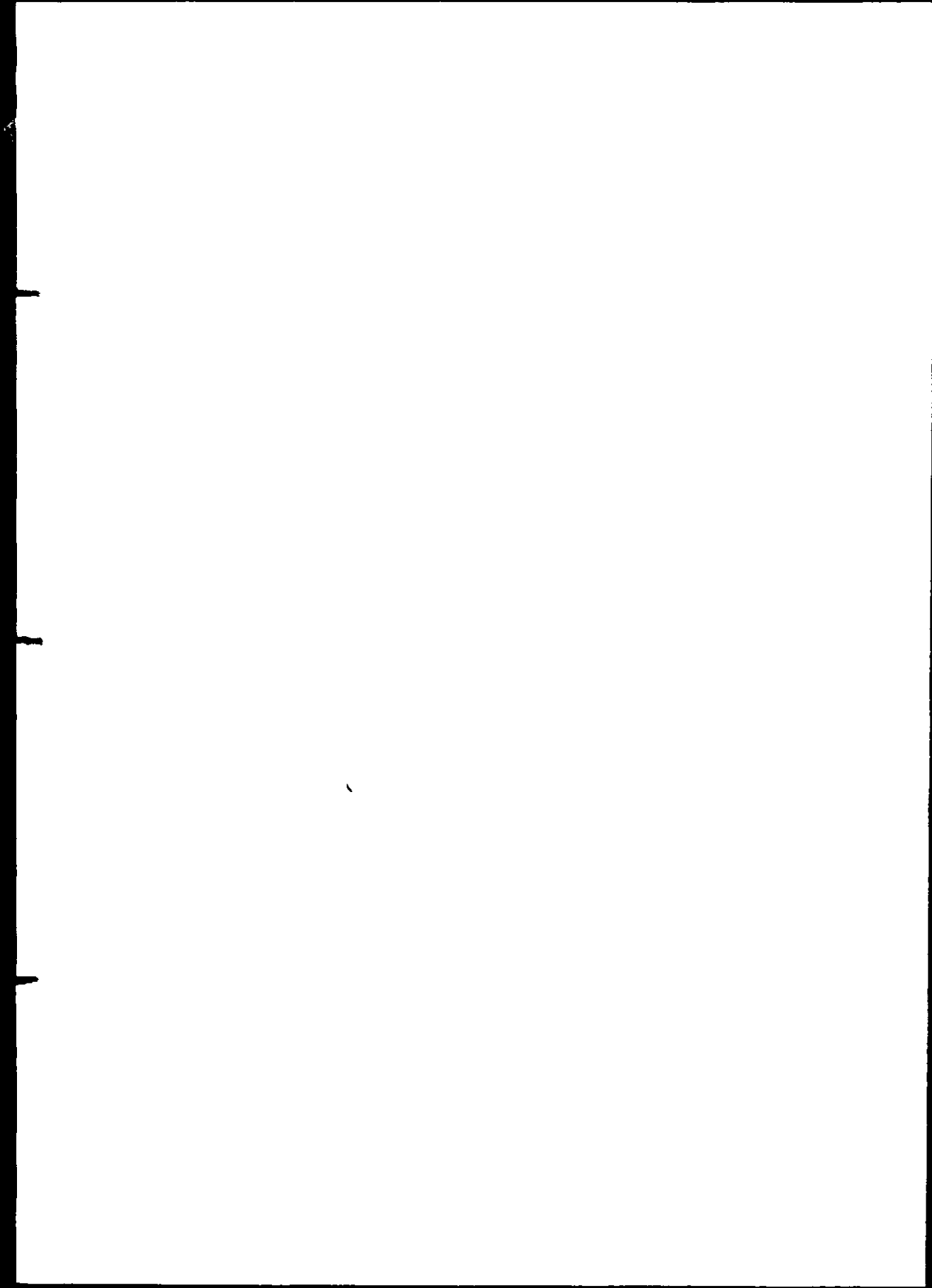
ختم الإجازة



أجيزت الرسالة بتاريخ

موافقة مجلس الكلية

موافقة مجلس الجامعة



جامعة عين شمس

الكلية الآداب

أسم الباحث : - محمد مجدا لرحمن محمد محمد كريمة

الدرجة العلمية : - ماجستير

القسم التابع له : - التاريخ

أسم الكلية : - الآداب

الجامعة : - عين شمس

سنة التخرج : - ١٩٩٧

سنة المنح : - ٢٠٠٣

وقل رب زدني

علما

