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AMBULATORY BLOOD PRESSURE MONITORING IN OFFSPRING OF HYPERTENSIVE PATIENTS

Relation to left Ventricular Structure and Function

Thesis

Submitted for Partial Fulfillment of Master Degree in Cardiology

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بِسِّهُ لِلْمُأَلِّخُذِ الْخَيْنَا

﴿ قَالُوا سُبْحَانَكَ لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا

إِلاًّ مَا عَلَّمْتَنَا إِنَّكَ أَنتَ

الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴾

صدق الله العظيم

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LIST OF ABBREVATIONS

ABP : Ambulatory blood pressure

ACE : Angiotensin converting enzyme

AGT : Angiotensin

AT1R : Angiotensin II receptor type1

B/P : Blood pressure

BB : Beta Blockers

CA : Catecholamines

cAMP : Cyclic adenosine monophosphate

cGMP : Cyclic glutamate monophosphate

CHD : Coronary heart disease

CHF : Congestive heart failure

COP : Cardiac output

DBP : Diastolic blood pressure

DM : Diabetus mellitus

EDRF : Endothelial derived relaxing factor

ENaC : Endothelial sodium channel

eNOS : Endothelial nitric oxide

ET : Endothelin

ETA : Endothelial receptor type A

FS : Fractional shortening

GFR : Glomerular filtration rate

GS : Glucogen synthase

HT : Hypertension

I/D : Insertion/Deletion

IVST : Interventricular septal thickness

LIST OF ABBREVATIONS(Cont.)

K : Potasium

LDL : Low density lipoprotiens

LV : Left ventricle

LVH : Left ventricular hypertrophy

LVIDd : Left ventricular internal dimension in diastole LVIDs : Left ventricular internal dimension in systole

LVM : Left ventricular mass

LVM/HT: Left ventricular mass/hieght

LVMI : Left ventricular mass index

M/F : Male/Female

MAP : Mean arterial pressure

MI : Myocardial infarction

Na : Sodium

NIDDM: Non insulin dependent diabetus mellitus

NO : Nitric oxide

NS: Non significant

NT : Normotension PG : Prostaglandines

PP : Pulse pressure

PVA : Peak velocity A

PVE : Peak velocity E

PWT : Posterior wall thickness

RAS : Renin angiotensin system

RWT : Relative wall thickness

SBP : Systolic blood pressure

WCH: White coat hypertension

NTRODUCTON