Histological, Immunohistochemical and Ultrastructural Studies on a Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis Model and The Probable Curing or Protective Role of Certain Anabolic or Antiresorptive Natural Products

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List of Abbreviations

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(GIO)	**Glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis**
(Gs)	Glucocorticoids
(SEM)	Scanning electron microscope
(GAGs)	Glycosaminoglycans
(Gly)	Glycine
(Gla)	Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid
(HA)	Hydroxyapatite
(EGF)	Epidermal growth factor
(FGF)	Fibroblast growth factor
(PDGF)	Platelet-derived growth factor
(IGF-1)	Insulin-like growth factor one
(TGF-β)	Transforming growth factor beta
(CDGF)	Cationic cartilage-derived growth factor
(hSGF)	Human skeletal growth factor
(BMUs)	Bone remodelling units

(WHO)	World health organization
(CT)	Computed tomography
(DXA)	Dual X-ray absorptiometry
(MRI)	Magnet resonance imaging
(bAP)	Bone-specific alkaline phosphatase
(OC)	Osteocalcin
(PINPs)	Procollagen I N-terminal extension peptides
(PICPs)	Procollagen I C-terminal extension peptides
(TRAP)	Tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase
(HP)	Hydroxyproline
(Pyr)	Pyridinoline
(Depyr)	Deoxypyridinoline
(NTx)	N-telopeptide of collagen type I
(CTx)	Carboxy-terminal cross-linking region of collagen type I
(RANK)	Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa
(RANKL)	Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa ligand