



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية
@ ASUNET



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأفلام قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيدا عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من ١٥-٢٥ مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من ٢٠-٤٠%

To be Kept away from Dust in Dry Cool place of
15-25- c and relative humidity 20-40%

بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة

بالرسالة صفحات لم ترد بالاصل

**A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF DIFFERENT
VENTILATION STRATEGIES IN NEWBORNS
WITH RESPIRATORY FAILURE**

B7V00

THESIS BY
Amr Mohamed Assaad Mostafa
M. B., Bch

Submitted for
Partial fulfillment of the Master's
Degree in Pediatrics

SUPERVISORS

Prof. DR.: ZEINAB HAMID
Professor of pediatrics
Faculty of Medicine
Cairo University

Prof. DR.: MOHAMED BADAWI
Professor of Pediatrics
Faculty of Medicine
Cairo University

DR.: MOHAMED ABOU ELHASAN
Lecturer of Pediatrics
Faculty of Medicine
Cairo University

FACULTY OF MEDICINE
CAIRO UNIVERSITY
2001

بِسْمِ

اللَّهِ

الرَّحْمَنِ

الرَّحِيمِ

(

1000
1000
1000
1000
1000
1000
1000

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

بناءً على موافقة الأستاذ الدكتور / نائب رئيس الجامعة بتاريخ /
٢٠٠١/ ٨ / ١٩ اجتمعت اللجنة المشكلة من الأساتذة:

أ.د / محمد إسماعيل بدوي	(عن شرفين)
أ.د / محمد صبري أبو علم	(ممنوح داخلي)
أ.د / أحمد نبيه الشاذلي	(ممنوح خارجي)

بقاعة الدور الثاني بمركز الطب الوقائي مناقشة علنية للرسالة
المجستير في طب الأطفال المقدمة من الطبيب عمرو محمد سعد مصطفى
و ذلك في تمام الساعة (١٠) صباحاً يوم (الثلاثاء) الموافق ١٨ / ٩ / ٢٠٠١ م

عنوان الرسالة : دراسة مقارنة لإستراتيجيات التنفس الاصطناعي المختلفة في الأطفال حديثي الولادة
المصابين بالفشل التنفسي

الملخص : إن الدراسة التي تم تصنيفها هي مقارنة لاثنتين من
بروتوكولات التنفس الاصطناعي في الأطفال حديثي الولادة المصابين بالفشل
التنفسي و هي (منخفض الضغط - عال الأكسجين) و كذلك (عال الضغط - منخفض
الأكسجين) ومن خلال هذه الدراسة تم التوصل لأفضل البروتوكولات ملائمة
لكل حالة و ذلك للحد من المضاعفات و المشاكل الناجمة عن التنفس
الاصطناعي بشكل عام جاعلين أمن و سلامة المريض هي المرتبة الأولى.

ونرى اللجنة قبول البحث

د. محمد إبراهيم

د. محمد

د. محمد

ABSTRACT

This work was designed to compare two protocols of mechanical ventilation namely the low pressure-high oxygen (LPHO) and the high pressure low oxygen (HPLO) approaches, in the management of neonatal respiratory failure that complicates respiratory distress syndrome (RDS) and pneumonia. In our study we gave full priority to the patient's benefits and safety. We have reached the most appropriate protocol for each case with the least percentage of hazards and complications.

KEY WORD

Mechanical Ventilation, Newborn Infants, Hyaline membrane disease, Pneumonia, Ventilation protocols

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I would like to thank Prof. DR. Zeinab Hamid Professor of Pediatrics, Cairo University for her advice in preparing the study.

I also would like to express my profound gratitude and deepest thanks to Prof. DR. Mohammad Badawi Professor of pediatrics, Cairo University for his generous co-operation, great encouragement and his outstanding support during this study and my practical life.

I wish to thank DR. Mohammad Abul Hassan, lecturer of Pediatrics, Cairo University for his meticulous supervision and great help throughout my work.

Lastly I want to thank my family, my colleagues, and my friends for their help and support during the study.
