Adverse Reactions to Food in Pediatrics

Essay

Submitted for Partial Fulfillment of Master Degree in Pediatrics

Presented by

Fatemah Fathallah Abdelsamei (M.B.B.Ch. Ain Shams University)

Supervised by

Prof. Dr. Sherein Mohamed Abdel Fattah

Professor of Pediatrics Faculty of Medicine Ain Shams University

Dr. Solaf Mohamed Elsayed
Assistant Professor of Genetics
Faculty of Medicine
Ain Shams University

Faculty of Medicine Ain Shams University 2009

اللهم الله المراجعة ا

"قَالُوا سُبْحَانَكَ لاَ عِلْمَ لَنَا إِلاَّ مَا عَلَمْ تَنَا إِلاَّ مَا عَلَمْتَنَا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ"

صدق الله العظيم

Acknowledgement

At first and for most thanks to "ALLAH" who give me the power to finish this work.

I find no words by which I can express my deepest thanks and gratitude to my honored **Professor Dr. Sherein Mohamed Abdel Fattah**, Professor of Pediatrics, Faculty of medicine, Ain Shams University, for the continuous kind encouragement, support and guidance, she gave me throughout the entire work.

I would like to express my gratitude and appreciation to **Dr. Solaf Mohamed**, Assistant Professor of genetics, Faculty of Medicine, Ain Shams University, for giving me the opportunity to work under her supervision, for giving me her precious time, her honest assistance and patience that made me truly thankful to her.

To my mother, my keen mother Professor **Dr. Ibtesam Bahi EL-Deen,** my husband, my beloved daughter "Nour", my whole family and to everyone who participated in a way or another in this work. I owe my thanks and appreciation.

Fatemah Fathallah Abdelsamei

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List of Abbreviations

	Pa	ıge
AAP	American academy of pediatrics	
AI	Adequate Intake	
AIDS	Aquired immunodeficiency syndrome	
AK	Applied kinesiology	
BNBAS	Brazelton Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scal	le
CMA	Cow's milk allergy	
CNS	Central nervous system	
DHA	Decosalhexaenoic acid	
DRIs	Dietary Reference Intakes	
EPA	Environmental protection agency of the Unit	ed
FAST	Fluorescent allergosorbent test	
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	
FOSHU	Foods for specific health use	
GERD	Gastroeosophageal reflux disease	
HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus	
IBD	Inflammatory bowel diseases	
IEM	Inborn errors of metabolism	

INHIsoniazidehydrochloride

LCFAsLong chain fatty acids

UIL.....Upper intake level

MCTMedium chain triglyceride

OFCs.....Oral food challenges

OP**O**rganophosphorus

PEM.....Protein energy malnutrition

PKUPhenylketonuria

RASPRadioallergosorbent procedure

RAST.....Radioallergosorbent test

RDA.....Recommended Dietary Allowance

SHSScientific hospital supplies

SIDS.....Sudden infant death syndrome

SPTSkin prick test

UNICEFUnited Nations International Children's Emergency Fund

USDA.....United States Department of Agriculture

WHOWorld Health Organization

WICSpecial supplemental food program for women, infants and children

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Introduction and Aim of the Work

The dramatic growth of infants during the first year of life and continued growth in childhood through adolescence impose unique nutritional needs for growth. Those are super imposed on relatively high maintenance needs incident to the higher metabolic and nutrient turnover rates of infants and children versus adults. Because the rapid rates of growth are accompanied by marked developmental changes in organ function and composition; failure to provide adequate nutrients during this time is likely to have serious adverse effects on growth as well as development (*Heird*, 2004)

Food security concerns the amount and the quality available for consumption by individual. Expressed by unit of body weight, the normal infant requires approximately three times more energy than the adult including higher proportions of protein for essential amino acids and cystien, sufficient carbohydrates to prevent ketosis or hypoglycemia and enough fat to provide essential fatty acids and long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid requirements, also adequate intakes of most minerals, vitamins and water is recommended for achievement of optimal nutrition (*Heird*, 2004)

Cumulative evidences suggests that deficiency of certain nutrients (i.e. malnutrition) or in total amount (under nutrition)