GENETICAL STUDIES ON SOME HEXAPLOID WHEAT VARIETIES AND THEIR HYBRIDS

By

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B.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Agronomy), Fac. Agric., Assiut Univ., Y...
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and Their Hybrids.

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Department: Genetics **Approval:** $\gamma \gamma / \gamma \gamma \gamma$

ABSTRACT

Combining ability and heterosis were studied in a $\forall x \forall$ diallel set of bread wheat. Analysis of variance revealed that mean squares due to genotypes, parents and F₁ crosses, were highly significant for all studied characters. The mean square due to parents vs. crosses, as an indication to the average heterosis, found to be highly significant for all studied traits. Also, the mean squares due to both general (GCA) and specific (SCA) combining abilities were highly significant for all studied characters. Significant and highly significant desirable heterosis relative to the better parent was recorded in all studied characters. The maximum useful heterosis ($^{\vee}\Lambda$. $^{\circ}\%$) was observed in grain yield/plant for cross ($P_{\varepsilon}xP_{\vee}$). Many hybrids showed desirable significant or highly significant specific combining ability effects for all studied traits, except days to °.% heading and plant height. The relashionship among the seven parental genotypes was investigated using \(\cdot \) RAPD primers. The highest similarity index was found between Po and Po, while the lowest similarity index was found between P₁ and P₁. Among the studied parents, five out of seven parents were characterized by \rangle negative and \rangle positive unique markers. According to the presence or absence of bands in each hybrid, the RAPD markers were classified into seven types of markers included in three categories. The bands common in the two parents and their hybrid (Type $^{\vee}$), bands common in hybrid and its female parent (Type $^{\vee}$) or its male parent (Type 5), these three types of markers are belonging to category 1. The bands from parents not found in hybrid and included in markers type ⁷, o and ⁷ (category ⁷). The third category are non-parental bands expressed uniquely in hybrid and included in marker type \vee . Results showed that the percentages of each category differed among the studied hybrids. Non-significant correlations were observed between genetic distance with each of heterosis and specific combining ability for grain yield / plant, as well as between heterosis and specific combining ability. **Keywords:** Bread wheat, hybrids ,combining ability ,heterosis, DNA,

unique marker, RAPD, similarity index.

DEDICATION

I dedicate this work to my mother, father, brothers and my friends for all the support they lovely offered during my Master studies.

Also, I dedicate this work to Prof. Dr.

Aida Alfonse Rezkalla and to my love.

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