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شبكة المعلومــات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



## جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



نقسم بللله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأفلام قد اعدت دون آية تغيرات



## يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيداً عن الغبار

40-20 في درجة حرارة من 15-20 منوية ورطوبة نسبية من

To be kept away from dust in dry cool place of 15 – 25c and relative humidity 20-40 %









BASVE

# EFFECT OF FEEDING PLANS ON RUMINANTS PRODUCTION PERFORMANCE

Ву

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B.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Animal Production), Ain Shams University, 1992

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of

#### **MASTER OF SCIENCE**

in Agriculture (Animal Nutrition)

Department of Animal Production
Faculty of Agriculture
Ain Shams University

#### APPROVAL SHEET

## EFFECT OF FEEDING PLANS ON RUMINANTS PRODUCTION PERFORMANCE

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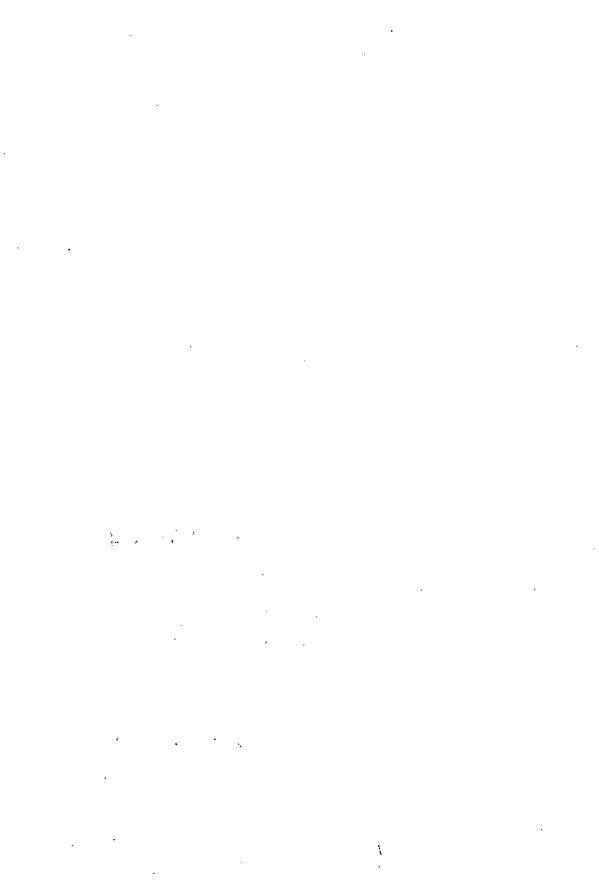
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#### **ABSTRACT**

Ebtehag Ibrahim Mohamed Abou El-Enin. Effect of feeding plans on ruminants production performance. Unpublished Master of Science, University of Ain Shams, Faculty of Agriculture, Department of Animal Production, 1998.

Thirty Ossimi lambs of 31.4 kg average live body weight were divided into 6 experimental groups of 5 animals each for feeding trial. In-addition, 18 Ossimi mature rams were used for a metabolism trial, 3 animals in each group. The plans of feeding were: G1) 100% of concentrate was offered before berseem and water. G2) 50% of concentrates were offered then berseem and water then the rest of concentrate. G3) Experimental animals were fed berseem and water followed by 100% of concentrate. G4) 100% of concentrate then water before berseem .G5) 50% of concentrates were offered then water before berseem and 50% of concentrate G6) water, berseem and 100% of concentrate at morning.

There were no significant differences in DM intake due to feeding sequences, G5 had the highest live body weight and the highest values of feed efficiency related to DMI, CPI, TDNI, SVI, DCPI (0.188, 1.46, 0.257, 0.296 and 1.57 gm, respectively) than the other values for feed efficiency. Values of nutrient digestibilities, feeding values (TDN, SE and DCP) were the highest for G5. The nitrogen balances were positive for all experimental groups. Water apparent balance relatively to metabolic body size (ml/kg W<sup>0.75</sup>) was higher for G5 than G1.

Rumen pH, the highest value (p<0.05; 6.95) was recorded for G3 after 2 h post first feeding. Ruminal ammonia-N concentration, there were the high value for G2 at zero and 2 h post first feeding, while after 4 h G1 was the highest value. Animals of G2 showed the highest value of ruminal TVFA's (15.68 m.eq/100ml) at 2h and 4h post first feeding. Animals of G2 had the highest plasma total protein (9.04 gm/100ml) after 2 h post feeding and G3 showed lower plasma urea value (32.45 mg/100ml) than G1 (48.85 mg/100ml).

Key words: Sequences of feeding, frequency, forage, concentrate, feed intake, gain, feed efficiency, digestibility, feeding values, nitrogen balance, water balance, some rumen and blood parameters.