Role OF Measurement of ADAM TS 13 in Patients with Suspected Microangiopathy

Thesis

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List of Abbreviations

Abbr. Full-term

ADAMTS13: A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with

thrombospondin type 1 motif, member 13

ADP : Adenosine di-phosphateATP : Adenosine triphosphate

CAMP : Cyclic adenosine monophosphate

CBC : Complete Blood Count

COX1 : Cyclooxygenase-1

EHEC: Enterohemorrhagic E. coli.

ELISA : Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay

GP : Glycoproteins

HIT : Heparin-induced thrombocytopenia

HLA: Human leukocyte antigen

HIV : Human Immunodeficiency virusHUS : Hemolytic-uremic syndrome

IV.IG : Intra venous immunoglobulin

MAHA : Microangiopathic hemolytic anemiaNSAIDS : Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

OCS : Open canalicular system

RBCs : Red blood cells

SD : Standard deviation

SPSS : Statistical Program for Social Science

TGF-β : Transforming growth factor beta

TIA : Transient ischemic attack

TMAs : Thrombotic microangiopathies

TTP : Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura

TXA2 : Thromboxane A2

ULVWF : Ultra large multimers of von Willebrand factor.

VWF : Von Willebrand factorCNS : Central nervous system

RBC: Red Blood Cell

D+HUS : diarrhea with hemolytic uremic syndromeDIC : Disseminated intravascular coagulation

ANA : Antinuclear antibody

HSCT : Hematopoietic stem cell transplantTF : Thrombin generation and tissue factor

FFP: Fresh frozen plasma
FRM: Fibrin-related markers

SF : Soluble fibrin
AT : Antithrombin

TM : Thrombomodulin

APTT : Activated partial thromboplastin time

MCP : Membrane co-factor protein

C : Complement

ST2 : Suppression of tumorigenicity 2

PI : Plasma Infusion P P : Plasmapheresis

: Soluble form of suppression of tumorigenicity 2

trans-membrane ligand

ST2L : Suppression of tumorigenicity 2 trans-membrane

ligand

ARF : Acute renal failure

SP : Signal peptide

PCR: Polymerase chain reaction
mRNA: Messenger Ribonucleic acid

TSP1 : Thrombospondin type 1

CUB : Complement Urchin epidermal growth factor, and

Bone morphogenetic protein) domains

FFP : Fresh frozen plasma

TM : Trans membrane domain

HSCs: Hepatic stellate cells

UL : Ultra large

CMV : Cytomegalovirus

HELLP: Hemolysis, elevated liver enzymes, and low platelet

count) and preeclampsia.

DNA : Deoxyribonucleic acid

SLE : Systemic Lupus Erythematosus

VEGF : vascular endothelial growth factor

HSCT : Hematopoietic stem cell transplant

TA-TMA : Stem cell transplant associated thrombotic

microangiopathy

RDW: Red cell distribution width

PT : Prothrombin time
BUN : Blood urea nitrogen

LDH : Lactate dehydrogenase

MRI : Magnetic resonance imaging

NSAID : Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory

E-coli : Escherichia coli

aHUS : Atypical Hemolytic-uremic syndromet HUS : Typical Hemolytic-uremic syndrome

ESRD : End stage renal disease

MCP : Membrane co-factor protein

IL : Interleukin

FDPs: Fibrin Degradation Products

FSPs: Fibrin split products

TF : Tissue Factor

PAI-1 : Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor-1

IgG: Immunoglobulin G

GVHD : Graft versus host disease

IFN: Interferon

TNF : Tumer necrosis factorCKD : Chronic kidney disease

SF : Soluble fibrin

FRMs: Fibrin related markers

AT : Antithrombin

T.Bill : Total Bilirubin

D.Bill : Direct Bilirubin

MCV : Mean corpuscular volumeAST : Aspartate transaminase

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Abstract

Microangiopathy: a disorder involving the small blood vessels. thrombotic microangiopathy formation of thrombi in the arterioles and capillaries; proposed name for a syndrome that would include both thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura and hemolytic uremic syndrome (Mosby's Medical Dictionary, 9th edition. © 2009, Elsevier) In our study we measured adamts13 in microangiopathy in thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, hemolytic uremic syndrome, DIC .we made comparison between sever deficiency of adamts13 level <10% and moderate deficiency of adamts13 level >10%. ADAMTS13 (a disintegrin and metalloproteinase with a thrombospondin type 1 motif, member 13)-also known as von Willebrand factor-cleaving protease (VWFCP)-is a zinccontaining metalloprotease enzyme that cleaves von Willebrand factor (vWf), a large protein involved in blood clotting. It is secreted in blood and degrades large vWf multimers, decreasing their activity (Levy et al. 2005). The ADAMTS13 gene maps to the ninth chromosome (9q34). Levy GG, Motto DG, Ginsburg D (2005).

Aim of the study: The aim of such study is to assess the role of measurement of ADAMTS13 in adult patients with suspected microangiopathy.

Subjects and methods: The study will be conducted on 90 subjects including: 60 patients suspected microangiopathy compared to 30 healthy control subjects in Ain Shams University Hospitals, inpatient departments & out-patient clinics.

The subjects will be divided into two groups:

- Group 1 (60 subjects): patients with suspected microangiopathy.
- Group 2 (30 subjects): healthy control subjects.

Including criteria:

- Adult at or larger than 18 years old.
- Suspected microangiopathy (such progressive as microangiopathy hemolytic anaemia with without thrombocytopenia, edema, effusion, organ failure.

All patients will be subjected to the following:

Detailed history taking and physical examination.

Laboratory investigations including:

- Complete blood picture (CBC) and peripheral blood film (with schistocytes), reticulocytic count, serum ferritin and erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).
- Coagulation profile: prothrombin time (PT), and activated

- partial thromboplastin time (aPTT).
- Metabolic profile including renal function tests (s.creat, urea, Na & K), Liver function tests (SGOT, SGPT, total & direct Bilirubin, Total protein & albumin).
- Serum LDH.

Other investigation as needed for diagnosis.

Measurement of ADAMTS13 level in prepheral blood (ELIZA)

Ethical aspects:

The study will be initiated after obtaining approval of Ethical Committee of faculty of Medicine Ain Shams University.

Statistical analysis of results CONCLUSION:

TTP and other TMAs remain diagnostically difficult and emergency condition and need to rapid investigation. Measurement of ADAMTS13 is more important in diagnosis but till now is not used as routine laboratory investigation in these cases because it is very expensive and we hope using widely in the futures.

Key words: thrombotic microangiopathy, ADAMTS13, thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura