

Using Pyranoquinoline in Synthesis of Some Novel Quinoline Derivatives

A Thesis Submitted By

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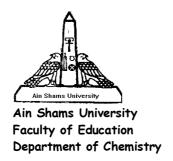
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first of all, gratituted and
thanks come from all
my deep heart to
Allah
This work is dedicated to
my lovely father,
my lovely mother,
my lovely husband,
my pretty sister,
my lovely brother,
my lovely brother,
my lovely smart kid
(nour el-din)

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Table of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Expression
Ar	Aromatic or aryl group
Ac ₂ O	Acetic anhydride
AIBN	2,2-diazobisisobutyronitrile
aq.	Aqueous
°C	Celsius
¹³ C NMR	Carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance
D_2O	Deuterated water
DMF	Dimethylformamide
DMF-DMA	Dimethylformamide-dimethylacetal
DMSO	Dimethylsulfoxide
DMSO-d ₆	Hexadeuteriodimethylsulfoxide
en gl	Ethylene glycol
eV	electron Volt
G	gram (mass unit = 0.001 Kg)
¹ H NMR	Proton nuclear magnetic resonance
h	Hour
IR	Infrared spectrum
$I_{\rm r}$ %	Intensity ratio (relative to base peak ion)
$Yb(OTF)_3$	Ytterbium trifloromethanesulfonate
TBAB	Tetrabutylammonium bromide
DBU	1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene
J	Coupling constant (Hz) in NMR measurements
L-proline	Pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid
М	Molar (Molarity)

Abbreviation	Expression
m.p. (T _m)	Melting Point
MW	Microwave assisted process
M.Wt.	Molecular weight
m/z	Mass to electron charge ratio
mL	Milli-liter
MHz	Mega Hertz
	Gama
MS	Mass spectrum
α	Alpha
PPA	Polyphosphoric acid
PTC	Phase transfer catalysis
rt	Room temperature
TBAB	Tetrabutylammonium bromide
TEA	Triethylamine
Triflate	Trifluoromethanesulfonate
TMS	Tetramethylsilane
p-TsOH	p-Toluenesulfonic acid
Δ	Heat
δ	Chemical shift

Aim of the work

The present work aims to:

- Synthesize 6-ethyl-4,5-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-4*H*-pyrano[3,2-c]quinoline-3-carboxaldehyde (4) and utilize this compound as the starating material.
- 2. Prepare some new pyrazolylquinlinone derivatives *via* treatment of aldehyde **4** with some hydrazine derivatives.
- 3. Investigate the chemical reactivity of aldehyde **4** towards different nucleophilic reagents.
- 4. Synthesize new heterocyclic compounds, containing both quinolinone and other heterocycles in one molecular frame, of expected biological activity.
- 5. Study of spectral properties of different newly prepared quinolinone products.

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6-Ethyl-4,5-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-4*H*-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinoline-3carboxaldehyde (4) was synthesized and efficiently utilized as a good precursor to obtain variety of novel pyrano[3,2-c]quinolinediones and 4-hydroxyquinolin-2(1H)-ones bearing variable heterocyclic systems. The chemical behavior of aldehyde 4 was studied towards some carbon nucleophiles, namely cyanoacetic acid, malonic acid, malononitrile, ethyl cyanoacetate, cyanoacetamide, malononitrile dimer. 3-methyl-1-phenyl-2-pyrazolin-5-one, thiazolidine-2,4-dione, thiobarbituric acid, cyclohexane-1,3-dione and dimedone. The reactivity of aldehyde 4 towards some amines and hydrazine derivatives was studied. The reaction of aldehyde 4 with hydroxylamine hydrochloride was carried out, under different conditions, leading to different product. Treatment of aldehyde 4 with some 1,2-, 1,3-, and 1,4-binucleophiles led to certain interesting five, six, and seven-membered heterocyclic substituents, viz. pyrazole, pyrimidine and diazepine. Structures of the synthesized products have been deduced on the basis of thier elemental and spectral analyses.

Keywords: pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinoline, Vilsmeier-Haack reaction, , ring-opening/ring-closure, nucleophilic reaction, heterocyclization.

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