

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم



جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

قسم

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علي هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



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تحفظ هذه الأقراص المدمجة بعيدا عن الغبار





بالرسالة صفحات
لم ترد بالأصل





بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة



B117.4

SYNTHESIS OF CONDENSED HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS CONTANING NITROGEN

A THESIS

Submitted to the Faculty of Science

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Degree of M.Sc.

By

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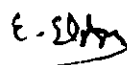
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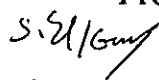
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1997

Contents

Page

Acknowledgment

Summary	I
---------------	---

Chapter I

Introduction	1
II. Molecular spectra	1
III. Methods of preparation	2
A) Synthetic approaches to thieno [2,3-d]pyrimidines from 2,3-disubstituted derivatives.....	2
1. From thiophene β -Enamino ester and alkali thio- cyanate or thiourea	2
2. From thiophene β -Enamino acid derivatives and alkyl, or ary isothiocyanate	3
3. From thiophene β -Enamino esters and nitriles..	6
4- From 2-acylamino thiophene-3-carboxylic acid derivatives	7
5- From 2-ethoxymethyleneamino thiophene-3- carboxylic acid derivatives	10
6. Miscellaneous	11
b) Synthetic approaches to thieno [2,3-d]pyrimidines from, 6-mercaptopyrimidine derivatives	12
IV. Reaction of thieno[2,3d]pyrimidines	13
1. Alkylation and cycloalkylation	13
2. Formation and reactions of chlorothienopyrimidines	16

3. Formation and reaction of hydrazinopyrimidines	19
4. Formation of 2-styrylthieno [2,3-d]pyrimidines	22
5. Reduction of 2,3-dihydro thienopyrimidinones and their thione derivatives	22
6. Formation of nucleosides from thieno [2,3-d]- pyrimidines	23
V. Biological activity	25

CHAPTER II

Results and discussion

- Synthesis of the starting materials.....	27
- Synthesis of triazolo[4,3-a] thieno [2,3-d] pyrimidines and thier Dimroth rearrangment	29
- Synthesis of 4,x-seco-and 4'-,x-4',5' diseco - nucleosides.	35
- Figures	50

Chapter III

<i>Experimental</i>	80
----------------------------------	----

<i>Refrences</i>	92
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Arabic summary

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SUMMARY

This thesis includes three chapters; the first of which is a brief review on the recent methods utilized for the synthesis of various heterocycles condensed with the thieno [2,3-d]pyrimidine ring.

Chapter II is the discussion and results of the work carried out by the candidate. It deals with the versatility and regio selectivity of the annelation of a triazole ring to the thieno [2,3-d]pyrimidine.

Reaction of the hydrazine 115 with acetic acid resulted in the formation of two products as indicated by TLC and with time one of them was transformed to the other one. The disappeared product was considered to be the hydrazide 118 which can be isolated after 10 min. On the other hand, upon prolonged heating for 18h, the hydrazide 118 underwent a dehydrative cyclization to give a product whose structure may be given either the angular 120 or the linear 122 as a consequence of involving N-1 or N-3, respectively in the cyclization process. The formation of a mixture of 120 and 122 was not considered, since one of the components of the mixture at an earlier stage of the reaction has been transformed to the other one. Moreover, the structure of the product should not be the one derived from the Dimroth rearrangement of either 120 or 122, because the action of alkali on the final product caused its rearrangement to an isomer which can be given the structure 124 or 126; otherwise the product from the reaction of 115 with acetic acid should not be changed by alkali if it has the structure 124 or 126.

-II-

Methylation of 120 gave 129 which can be rearranged by alkali to give 130.

The hydrazones 127 and 128 were prepared by the reaction of 115 with acetaldehyde and benzaldehyde, respectively.

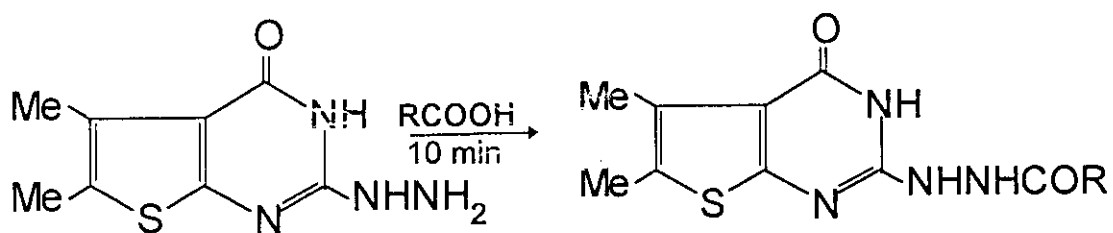
Condensation of the hydrazine 115 or 116 with the mono saccharides, D-arabinose, D-xylose, D-galactose, and D-mannose, gave the corresponding hydrazones 131a-d and 132a-d.

Treatment of compounds 131 and 132 with acetic anhydride in pyridine gave the acetylated sugar hydrazones.

Reaction of the hydrazones 131 and 132 with a solution of iron chloride gave triazolopyrimidines 139 and 140, respectively.

The structure of the new products was elucidated and confirmed by, $^1\text{H-NMR}$, $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$, MS and IR spectroscopy in addition to elemental analyses.

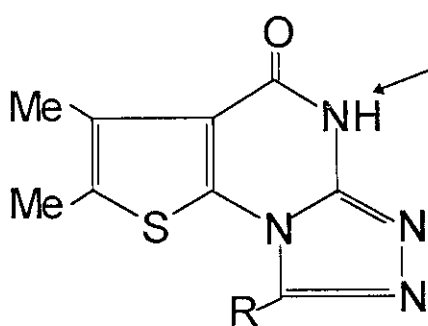
chapter III deals with the experimental part of the work. The thesis ends with the references.



115

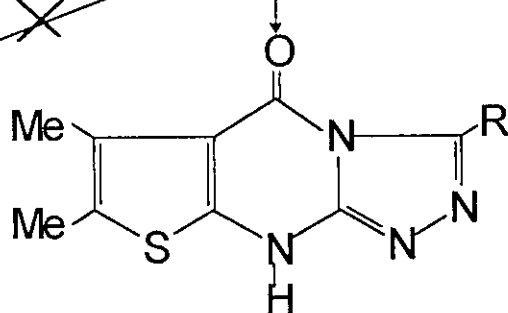
117 R=H

118 R=Me



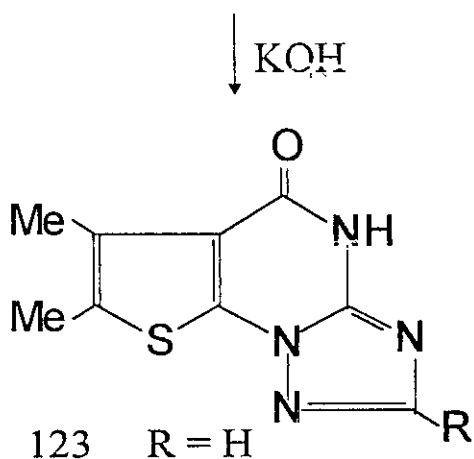
119 R = H

120 R = Me



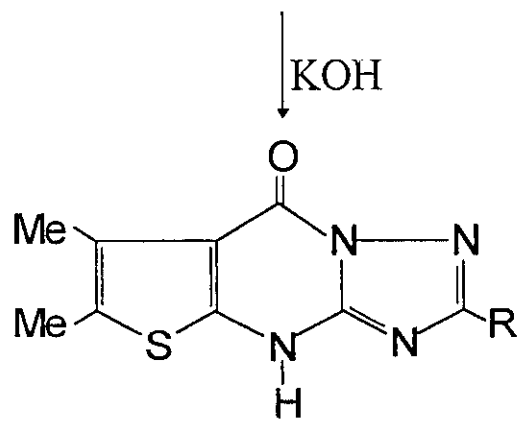
121 R = H

122 R = Me



123 R = H

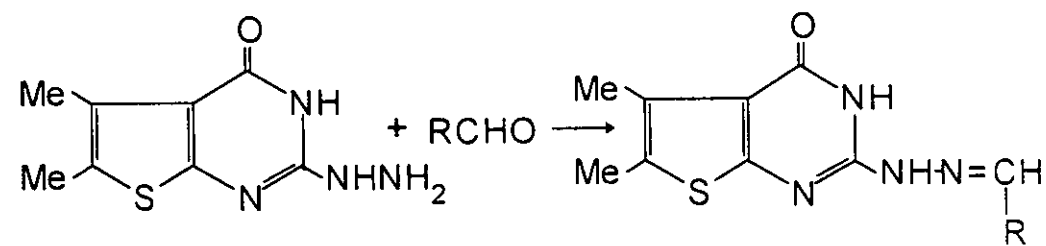
124 R = Me



125 R = H

126 R = Me

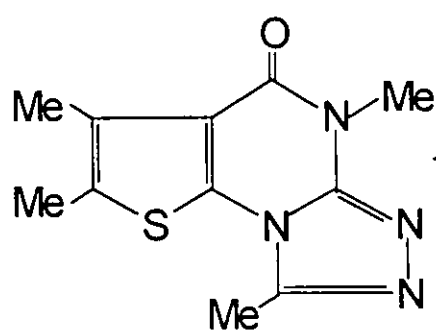
-IV-



115

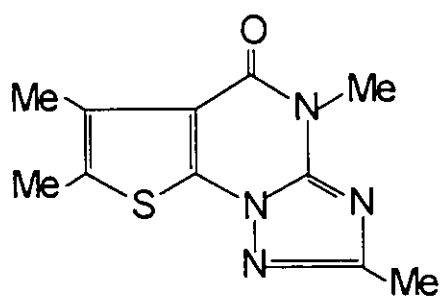
127 R = Me

128 R = ph

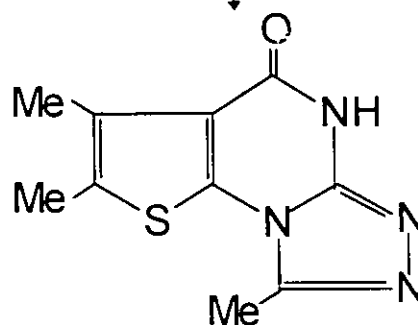
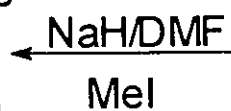


129

Dimroth

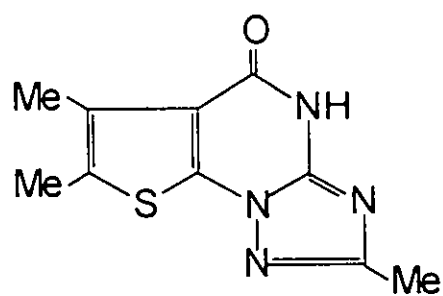


130



120

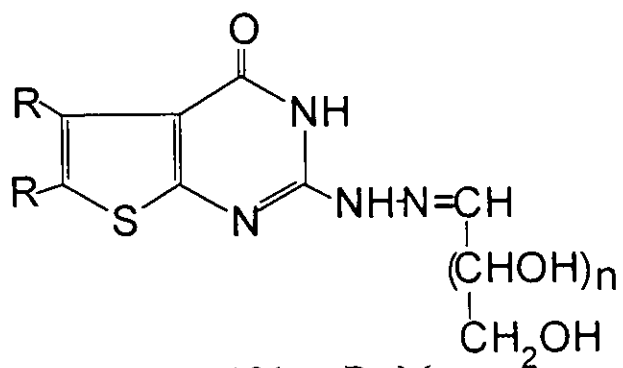
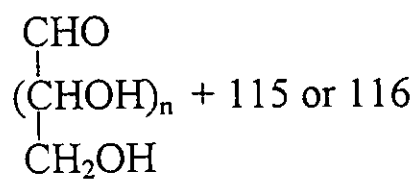
Dimroth



124

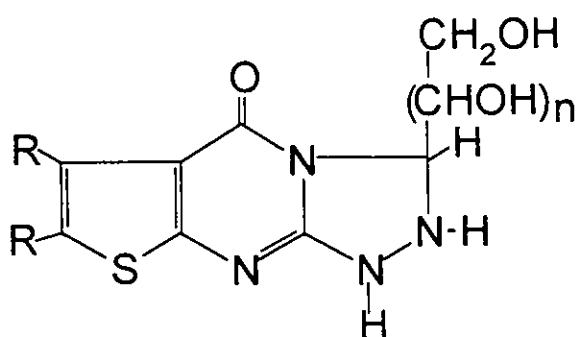
FeCl₃
EtOH

-V-

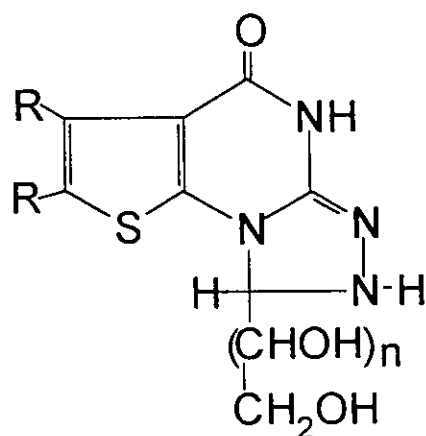


131 R=Me

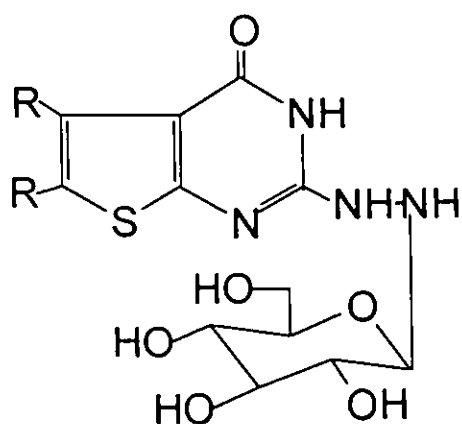
132 R,R=-(CH₂)₄-



134



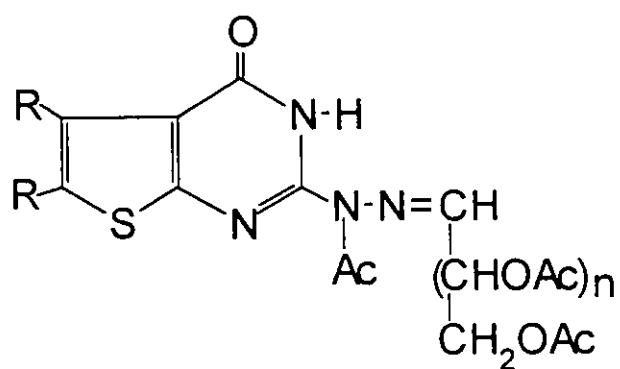
133



135 R = Me

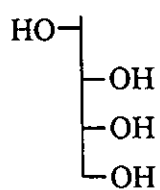
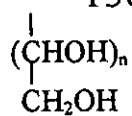
136 R,R = -(CH₂)₄-

-VI-

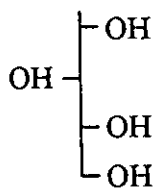


137 R=Me

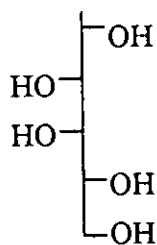
138 R,R=-(CH₂)₄



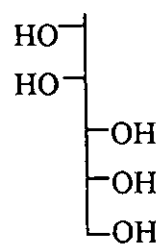
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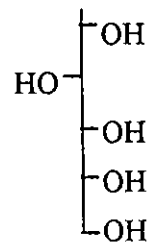
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c



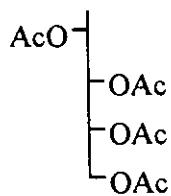
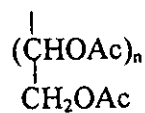
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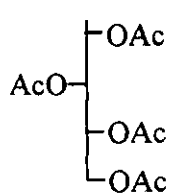
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139 R=Me

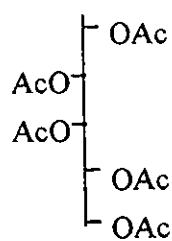
140 R,R=-(CH₂)₄



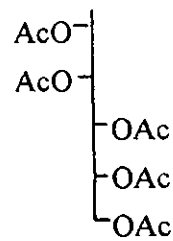
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