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Reiationship of Phenolic Compounds In Mulberry Leaves To The Productivity of The Silkworm, *Bombyx mori* L.

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Approval Sheet

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DIDICATION

I dedicate this work to whom my heart felt thanks; to my lovely Mother and my son Mahmoud for their support and I can't adequate words to express my feeling towards them.

CONTENTS

LIST Of FIGURES

LIST OF TABLES

INTRODUCTION

The mulberry silkworm is an economically important insect in silk industry. It is development depending on increase in body weight and accumulation of biochemical constitute like protein, amino acid and enzymes like, protease, dehydrogenase and transaminase.

Silk, as one of the natural resources for human life has occupied a place of pride in the society. There have been incessant endeavors to improve the silk both in terms of quality and quantity and these have been a spectacular accomplishment of feats in the field of sericulture. One of the inputs that play a decisive role in the success of silk crop is mulberry variety **(Biram Saheb *et al.*, 2005)**.

Morus, commonly known as mulberry, is a group of monoecions trees / shrubs belongs to the family Moraceae. Mulberry, is cultivated for its foliage yield because its leaves are the only food source for silkworm, *B*ombyx *mori* L.

Different varieties of mulberry may have compositional differences and might lead to varying effects on growth and silk