

# 127, 17 27, 17 (20) 77, 17 (20









# جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



نقسم بللله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأفلام قد اعدت دون آية تغيرات



# يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيداً عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من 15-20 مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من 20-40 %

To be kept away from dust in dry cool place of 15 – 25c and relative humidity 20-40 %



ثبكة المعلومات الجامعية





Information Netw. " Shams Children Sha شبكة المعلومات الجامعية @ ASUNET بالرسالة صفحات لم ترد بالأص

# POSSIBLE PROTECTIVE ROLE OF NITROXIDE, TEMPOL ON SOME BIOCHEMICAL ALTERATIONS INDUCED BY IRRADIATION IN RATS

### **A THESIS**

Submitted to Faculty of Science Ain Shams University

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of Master of Science in Biochemistry

Super

Prof. Dr. Zeinab Z. El-Dardiri

Professor of Biochemistry

Biochemistry Department

Faculty of Science

Ain Shams Units By **Tamer Mohamed Mahmoud Saad** B.Sc. Biochemistry Nuclear Materials Authority

Supervised by

Prof. Dr. Rashwan M. Farag Professor of Biochemistry Biochemistry Department Faculty of Medicine Ain Shams University

### Dr. Ahmed Rashad M. Abu Ghadeer

Ass. Prof. of Biochemistry Radiation Biology Department National Center for Radiation Research and Technology Atomic Energy Authority

1998





# To My Twins Daughters Sarah and Samar

## Contents

	Pag
Abstract	I
Acknowledgment	III
List of figures	V
List of tables	IX
Introduction	1
Aim of the work	5
Review of literature	6
1- Ionizing radiation	6
1.1. Interaction of radiation with the matter	6
1.2. Direct and indirect effects of radiation	9
1.3. Effect of radiation on water	11
1.4. Effect of radiation in presence of oxygen	14
2- Biological effects of ionizing radiation	16
2.1. Lipid peroxidation	16
2.2. Total lipids	18
2.3. Triacylglycerol	19
2.4. Total cholesterol	20
2.5. Serum protein	21
3- Protection from radiation injury by chemical	
treatment	23
3.1. Mechanisms of chemical radioprotection	24
3.1.1. Theory of oxygen deficiency	24
3.1.2. Antioxidant action theory	25

3.1.3. The repair mechanism hypothesis	26
3.1.4. Free radicals mechanism	27
3.1.5. Chelation mechanism	27
3.1.6. The mixed disulphide hypothesis	27
3-2 Types of chemical radioprotectors	29
3.2.1. Nitrooxid, tempol	29
3.2.2. Pharmacological compounds	31
Materials and Methods	35
Results	53
Discussion	106
Conclusion	120
English summary	121
References	124
Arabic summary	
Arabic abstract	

### **ABSTRACT**

#### Tamer Mohamed Mahmoud Saad

Possible Protective Role Of Nitroxide, Tempol On Some Biochemical Alterations Induced By Irradiation In Rats.

### Nuclear Materials Authority

The present study was designed to evaluate the radioprotective effect of nitroxide compound, tempol and vitamin E., intraperitoneal injection to gamma irradiated rats.

Male Swiss albino rats (120-140 g) were subjected to 4.5 Gy whole body <sup>137</sup>Cs-gamma irradiation. Blood samples were collected from animals at time intervals (1,7,15,30 and 45 days) after irradiation.

The content of serum lipid peroxides was measured as malondialdehyde (MDA) and the levels of serum total lipids, triacylglycerol, cholesterol, high density lipoprotein (HDL-C), low density lipoprotein (LDL-C), total protein, albumin, globulin and A/G ratio were assayed.

The data revealed significant increase in MDA, total lipids, triacylglycerol, cholesterol, HDL-C, albumin and A/G ratio due to radiation exposure, while the levels of LDL-C, total protein and globulin were significantly decreased.

Injection of nitroxide, tempol (275 mg/ kg body wt., i.p., 5-10 min. before irradiation) and/or vitamin E (10 mg/ 100g body wt., i.p., 2 hours before irradiation), exerted noticeable amelioration of the radiation induced changes in most of the tested parameters.

**Key wards**: Rats, Ionizing radiation, Nitroxide (Tempol), Vitamine E, Radioprotector, Lipids, Protein.