Study of knowledge and practice of healthcare ethics in Ain Shams University Hospitals

Thesis

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List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
AMA	American Medical Association
ASU	Ain Shams University
BMA	British Medical Association
CME	Continuous Medical Education
DNR	Do-not-resuscitate
EHRs	Electronic health records
HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus
IC	Informed consent
WMA	World Medical Association
STD	Sexually transmitted disease
UK	United Kingdom

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INTRODUCTION

The need for healthcare professionals to understand the subject of ethics has dramatically increased in the past ten years. The development of healthcare ethics is closely associated with the advancement of the different professions, the advent of people's rights, and demand for improved healthcare (Hawley, 2007).

Healthcare ethics deals with ordinary everyday practice as well as with the unusual, dramatic, and contentious. It often involves a search for reasoned answers in situations where different moral concerns, interests or priorities conflict. This requires critical scrutiny of the issues and careful consideration of various options (Sommerville, 2003).

Modern healthcare has given rise to extremely complex and multifaceted ethical dilemmas because of development in the field of medical technology, genetics, organ transplantation, reproductive technology, and stem cell research (Manson, 2008).

Traditional medical training offers little help in resolving the ethical dilemmas encountered by healthcare professionals.

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There are many recommendations to strategize the teaching of medical ethics, most of it emphasizing the importance of tailoring it to the needs of the particular society in which it would be relevant. Medical ethics teaching should also be all inclusive, such as the teaching the value of 'heart' over 'mind' (Coulehan, 2005).

In order to formulate ethical curriculum relevant to every region, the first step may be to determine the current basic knowledge and attitudes of the healthcare practitioners in the region. There have been few standard yardsticks designed to measure what is known and practiced, so that educational efforts may be better targeted (**Hicks et al., 2001**).