



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ





شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأفلام قد اعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيداً عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من 15 – 20 مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من 20-40 %

To be kept away from dust in dry cool place of
15 – 25c and relative humidity 20-40 %



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بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة



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بالرسالة صفحات
لم ترد بالأصل

**DIAGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE OF FASTING PLASMA
GLUCOSE VERSUS POST-PRANDIAL PLASMA
GLUCOSE IN CORRELATION TO LIVER FUNCTION
TESTS IN TYPE 2 DIABETES MELLITUS**

Thesis

*Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of M.Sc
Degree in Internal Medicine*

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**Faculty of Medicine
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2001**

B a. y.



باللغة العربية :-

وبناءً على موافقة الجامعة بتاريخ ١٩٧٧/٧/١٤ على تشكيل لجنة الحكم للفكر ومناقشة الرسالة المذكورة أعلاه على النحو التالي :-

المذكورة اعلاه على النحو التالي :-

- ١ - الاستاذ الدكتور محمد عبد الوهاب
- ٢ - الاستاذ الدكتور محمد عبد الوهاب
- ٣ - الاستاذ الدكتور محمد عبد الوهاب

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ايندڙ ڏينھن

اسماء و کنز

U. S. S. R.

W. B. E. B.

ABSTRACT

Patients with hepatomegaly and/or abnormal liver function tests were found to have a higher fasting and post-prandial glucose while those without hepatomegaly and with normal liver function tests have an acceptable fasting blood glucose so presence of abnormal liver function tests and/or hepatomegaly seems to add more to the insulin resistance and aggravating hyperglycemia. Consequently we can conclude that patients with normal liver size and normal liver function test could be followed by post prandial blood sugar while those with enlarged liver and abnormal liver function test could be followed by either fasting or post prandial sugar.

Key words:

Fasting blood glucose.- post-prandial blood glucose-serum insulin level- liver function tests.

Key words:

Rheumatoid arthritis, Shoulder joint, Plain radiography, Ultrasonography, Computed tomography, Magnetic resonance imaging.

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