

Influence of Ventilation Modes on Cerebral Blood Flow Measurements of Intra- and Extracranial Arteries in Preterm Infants with Respiratory Distress Syndrome

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AC	Assist control				
ACA	Anterior cerebral artery				
ACOM	Anterior communicating				
ANOVA	One-way analysis of variance				
ASL-MRI	Arterial spin labeled perfusion magnetic				
ASL-WIKI	resonance imaging				
ATP	Adenosine tri-phosphate				
BPD	Bronchopulmonary dysplasia				
BUN	Blood urea nitrogen				
BW	Birth weight				
CBC	Complete blood picture				
CBF	Cerebral blood flow				
CBFV	Cerebral blood flow velocity				
CBG	Capillary blood gases				
CBV	Cerebral blood volume				
CCHD	Cyanotic congenital heart disease				
CDFI	Color Doppler flow imaging				
CDI	Color Doppler imaging				
CLD	Chronic lung disease				
CMV	Conventional Mechanical Ventilation				
CO_2	Carbon-Dioxide				
COE	Cerebral oxygen extraction				
CPAP	Continuous positive airway pressure				
Cr	Creatinine				
CRP	C- reactive protein				
CS	Caesarean section				
CTA	Carotid abnormalities				
CTS	Closed Tracheal suctioning				
CUS	Cranial ultrasound				
CXR	Chest X-ray				

DM	Diabetes Mellitus			
DSA	Digital subtraction angiography			
Edi	Electrical activity of the diaphragm			
EDV	End diastolic velocity			
ELBW	Extremely low birth weight			
FiO ₂	Fraction of inspired oxygen			
FLM	Fetal lung maturity			
GA	Gestational age			
GLH	Germinal layer hemorrhage			
GM	Germinal matrix			
GSH				
	Gray-scale histogram			
HCO ₃	Bicaronate			
HF	High Frequency			
HFFI	High frequency flow interrupter			
HFJV	High-frequency jet ventilation			
HFOV	High Frequency Oscillator Ventilator			
HFV	High frequency ventilation			
HHFNC	Heated, humidified and high-flownasal			
ппгис	cannula			
HIE	Hyoxic-ischemic encephalopathy			
HMD	Hyaline membrane disease			
HPI	Hemorrhagic parenchymal infarction			
ICA	Internal carotid artery			
ICH	Intracranial hemorrhage			
IMV	Intermittent mandatory ventilation			
IVH	Intraventricular hemorrhage			
L/S	Lecithin/Sphingomyelin			
LBC	lamellar body count			
LVO	Left ventricular output			
MABP	Mean arterial blood pressure			
MAP	Mean airway pressure			

MCA	Middle cerebral artery
MRI	Magnetic resonance imaging
MV	Mean velocity
NAVA	Neurally adjusted ventilator assist
NCPAP	Nasal continuous positive airway pressure
NEC	Necrotizing enterocolitis
NGT	Nasogastric tube
NICU	Neonatal intensive care units
NIH	National Institute of Health
NIPPV	Noninvasive nasal intermittent positive
NIPPV	pressure ventilation
NIR	Near infrared
NIRS	Near infrared spectroscopy
NPO	Nil per os
NVD	Normal vaginal delivery
OFC	Occipito frontal circumference
OTS	Open tracheal suctioning
PaCO ₂	Arterial carbon dioxide tension
PaO ₂	Arterial oxygen tension
PAV	Proportional assist ventilation
PCA	Posterior cerebral artery
PCOM	Posterior communicating
PCV	Packed cell volume
PDA	Patent ductus arteriosus
PE	Pre-eclampsia
PEEP	Positive end expiratory pressure
PET	Positron emission-tomography
PFO	Patent foramen ovale
PGE ₂	Prostaglandin E2
PI	Pulsatility index
PIP	Peak inspiratory pressure

PLV	Pressure - Limited Ventilation			
PMA	Postmenstrual age			
PPHN	Persistent pulmonary hypertension			
PROM	Premature rupture of membrane			
PRVC	Pressure- regulated volume control			
PSV	Pressure support ventilation			
PSV	Peak systolic velocity			
PVE	Periventricular echodensities			
PVHI	Periventricular venous hemorrhagic infarction			
PVL	Periventricular leukomalacia			
RBS	Random blood sugar			
RCT	Randomized control trial			
RDS	Respiratory distress syndrome			
RI	Resistive Index			
ROP	Retinopathy of prematurity			
RR	Respiratory rate			
SctO2	Mixed venous saturation			
SIMV	Synchronized intermittent mandatory			
SINIV	ventilation			
SP	Surfactant-specific proteins			
SpO_2	O ₂ saturation by pulse oximtery			
SVC	Superior vena cava			
TAmax	Time average maximum velocities			
TCPL	Time-cycled pressure limited			
Ti	Inspiratory time			
TTN	Transient tachypnea of the newborn			
UOP	Urinary output			
US	Ultrasound			
UTI	Urinary tract infection			
V/Q	Ventilation perfusion			
VEGF	vascular endothelial growth factor			

VG	Volume guarantee
VILI	Ventilator-induced lung injury
VLBW	Very low birth weight
VT	Volume-targeted
VTV	Volume-targeted ventilation
WBC	white blood cells
WM	White matter
ΔCBV	Change in cerebral blood volume

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