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نقسم بللله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأفلام قد اعدت دون آية تغيرات



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EFFECT OF SOME TREATMENTS ON WEEDS AND YIELD OF SUGAR BEET UNDER KAFR EL-SHEIKH GOVERNORATE CONDITIONS

BY

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THESIS

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements

For the Degree

OF

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

IN

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES (Agronomy-Crop Production & Physiology)

Department of Agronomy Faculty of Agriculture Al-Azhar University

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1422 A.H. 2001 A.D.



APPROVAL SHEET

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ABSTRACT

Two field experiments were carried out during 1995/1996 and 1996/1997 winter seasons at Sakha Agriculture Research Station, Kafr EL-Sheikh Governorate, to study the effect of sowing dates and weed control treatments on weeds, growth, yield, yield components and juice quality of sugar beet (*Beta vulgaris saccharifera*).

The experimental design was split-plot with four replications. Three sowing dates (15 September, 15 October and 15 November) were arranged at random in the main plots, and 12 weed control treatments were randomly arranged in the sub plots. The main findings were as follow:

The earliest sowing through September is the optimum sugar beet sowing dates for sugar beet production under Kafr El-Sheikh Governorate conditions to avoid the unsuitable weather conditions (low air temperature in early growth stages and higher temperature at maturity stage) and great competition of total weeds, which increase with delaying sowig for one or two months after September and to achieve the highest sugar beet yield and quality as compared with October and November sowing dates.

The suitable weed control program to manage the changes in weed competitive ability particularly weed population and its growth rates relative to the crop due to these weather variations and consequently to achieve the highest sugar beet yield and quality are: Applying hand hoeing for three times at 20, 40 and 60 days after sowing (DAS), as long as weather is allow, labor is available and cost-effective. Or using Goltix 70 % WP at 2 kg/fed plus one hand hoeing at 60 DAS (particularly under heavy weed infestation or under sowing in late dates) followed by the

use of Pyradur 58.6 % WP at 3 kg/ feddan and Betanal progress 18 % EC at 2 L/fed in its combinations with one hand hoeing at 60 DAS. (paricularly under September or October sowing dates). These treatments were the best treatments for controlling most weeds, while the postemergence application of Fusilade super 12.5 % EC at 2 L/fed alone or followed by one hoeing at 60 DAS were the best treatments against grassy weeds.

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