





ثبكة المعلومات الجامعية





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ثبكة المعلومات الجامعية







ROLE OF COLOR CODED DOPPLER SONOGRAPHY IN THE ASSESSMENT OF EXTRACRANIAL CAROTID ARTERIES IN TYPE 2 DIABETIC PATIENTS

THESIS

Submitted For Partial Fulfillment of Master Degree in (Radiodiagnosis)

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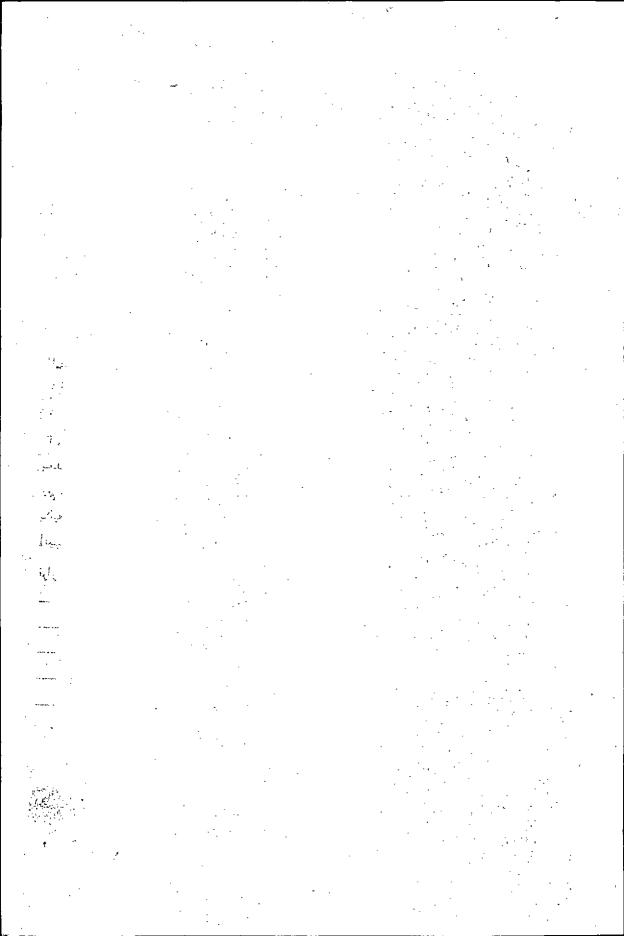
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محضب

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Abstract

Stroke is a major health problem. It's the 3rd cause of death. Ischemia from severe flow limiting stenosis due to atherosclerotic disease involving the extracranial carotid arteries is implicated in 20-30% of strokes. An estimated 80% of strokes are thromboembolic in origin. Often with carotid plaques as embolic source. (Visona et al.,1995).

Diabetes is an independent risk factor for carotid atherosclerosis its plaque usually involves the internal carotid artery within 2cm of the carotid bifurcation. This location is readily amenable to examination by sonography as well as surgical intervention (Chang et al, 1995). AIM OF WORK

To assess the role of high resolution B-mode US and CCDS in the evaluation of extracranial carotid arteries in type 2 diabetic patients to detect the prevalence of atherosclerosis as well as the value of inetime-media thickness measurement as a prognostic factor of the disease.

SUBJECTS AND METHODS

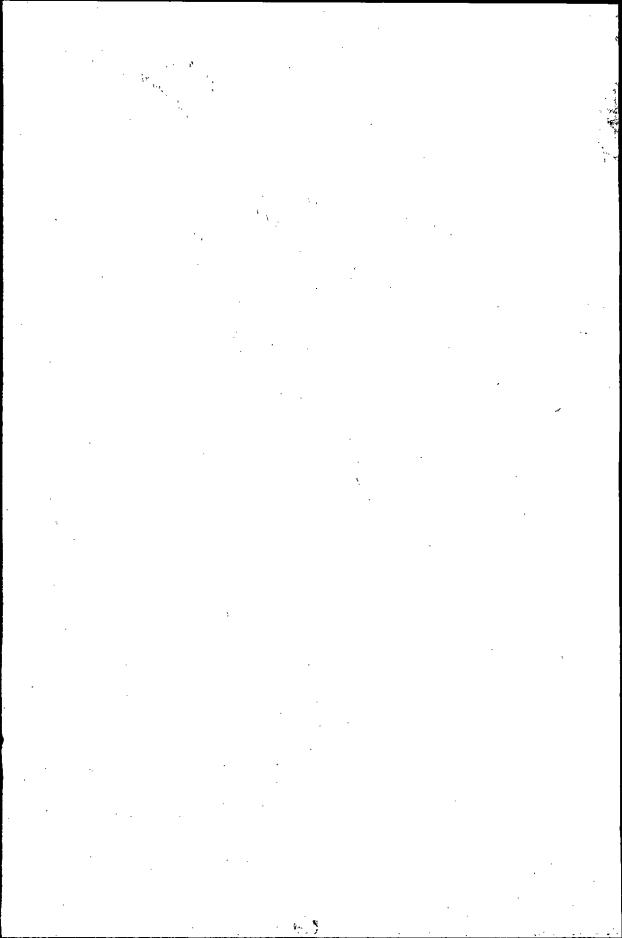
We evaluated 81 subjects (56 type 2 diabetic patients and 25 control subjects) high resolution B-mode ultrasound, color Doppler and spectral analysis were done in these patients.

RESULTS

There was high prevalence of carotid atherosclerosis (46%) in type 2 diabetic patients. We concluded also that the ultrasonographic measured intima —media thickness of type 2 diabetics showed higher value than normal subjects and this measurement can be used as a prognostic factor for the disease.

Key Words:

Doppler – Carotids – Diabetes-intima –media thickness.



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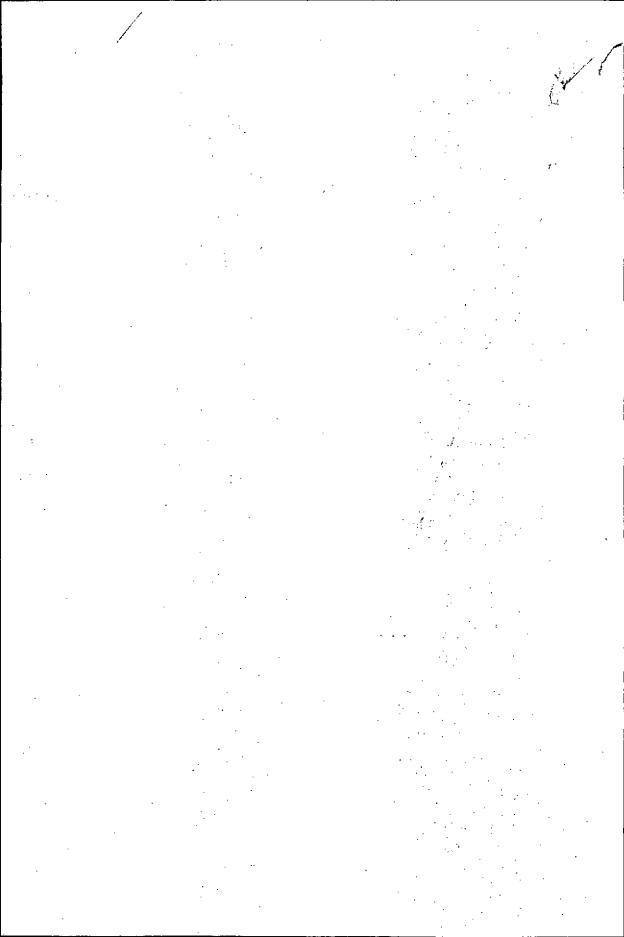


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