

#### Role of Dynamic MRI in Assessment of Pelvic Floor Dysfunction in Females

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## **List of Contents**

<u>Title</u>	Page No.
List of Abbreviations	i
List of Tables	iii
List of Figures	v
List of Illustrative cases	xvii
Introduction	1
Aim of the work	5
Review of Literature	
Basic and Radiological Anatomy of Female P Floor	
• Assessment Modalities in Diagnosis of Pelvic I Dysfunction	
• Physics of Magnetic Resonance Imaging	90
Manifestations of Female Pelvic Floor Dysfundin MRI	
Patients and Methods	151
Results	167
Illustrative cases	189
Discussion	205
Summary	231
Conclusion and Recommendations	232
Limitations of The Study	233
References	234
Arabic Summary	

#### **List of Abbreviations**

ARA ..... Anorectal angle

ASUH..... Ain Shams University Hospital

ATFP ..... Arcus tendineus fascia pelvis

ATLA ...... Arcus tendineus levator ani

b-FFE ..... Balanced fast field echo

CMG ...... Cystometrography

COPD ..... Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

ES..... External sphincter

ETL ..... Echo train length

FFE..... Fast field echo

FIESTA...... Fast imaging employing steady state

acquisition

FISP ...... Fast imaging with steady state free precession

FLASH..... Fast low angle shot

FOV ..... Field of view

FSE..... Fast spin echo

GRE ..... Gradient Echo

H line ..... Hiatus line

HASTE..... Half-fourier acquisition single shot turbo spin-

echo

HMO ...... H line, M line, organ prolapse

IS ...... Internal sphincter

M Line..... Muscular pelvic floor descent

MPL ..... Mid pubic line

MRCP..... Magnetic resonance cholangio – pancreatography

MRI..... Magnetic resonance imaging

NEX ..... Partial signal averaging

ODS ...... Obstructed defecation syndrome

PC..... Pubocervical

#### **List of Abbreviations**

PCF ..... Pubocervical fascia

PCL ..... Pubococcygeal line

PD ..... Proton density

POP ..... Pelvic organ prolapse

RF ..... Radio-frequency

SAR..... Specific absorption rate

SE..... Spin echo

SE..... Subepithelial tissue

SNR..... Signal to noise ratio

SPGR ..... Spoiled gradient echo

SSH-TSE..... Single-shot turbo spin echo

SSFP..... Steady state free precession

SUI ..... Stress Urinary Incontinence

SSFSE ...... Single Shot Fast Spin Echo

TE..... Time to echo

TR ..... Time to repeat

TSE ..... Turbo spin echo

UB ...... Urinary bladder

UD...... Uterine descent

UUI ...... Urge Urinary incontinence

VCUG ...... Voiding cystourethrography

VUDO ...... Videourodynamics

## **List of Tables**

Table No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
1	Clinical causes of loss of urethral compression and support	55
2	Causes of intrinsic sphincteric deficiency	56
3	Risk factors associated with pelvic organ prolapse	59
4	Grades of uterine prolapse	64
5	Grading of Pelvic Floor Relaxation using H-Line and M-Line as Measured During Maximal Straining or Defecation	126
6	Grading of Pelvic Organ Prolapse Relative to PCL	127
7	Recommended imaging sequences, instructions given to the patient and timing of each sequence	160
8	Recommended MR imaging protocol	161
9	Demographic Data of included patients	168
10	Previous Delivery Events in Included Women	169
11	Other relevant history data	170
12	Complaint of the included patients	171

# List of Tables (Cont.)

Table No.	Title	Page No.
Table 140.	True	1 age 110.
13	Physical Examination Findings in included patients	173
14	MRI Findings Regarding Cystocele, Rectocele, Uterine descent and enterocele in included patients	175
15	MRI Findings regarding Pelvic Floor Dysfunction in included patients	177
16	MRI Findings regarding Pelvic Floor Dysfunction in Included Women	178
17	Agreement between Physical Examination and MRI Findings Regarding Anterior Compartment in included patients	179
18	Concordance between Physical Examination and MRI Findings Regarding Grading of Anterior Compartment Defect in included patients	181
19	Agreement between Physical Examination and MRI Findings Regarding Posterior Compartment in included patients	182
20	Concordance between Physical Examination and MRI Findings Regarding Grading of Posterior Compartment Defect in included patients	184

## List of Tables (Cont.)

Table No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
21	Agreement between Physical Examination and MRI Findings Regarding Enterocele in included patients	185
22	Agreement between Physical Examination of Middle Compartment Defect and MRI Findings of uterine prolapse in included patients	178
23	Concordance between Physical Examination and MRI Findings Regarding Grading of Middle Compartment Defect in included patients	188

## **List of Figures**

Figure No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
1	Schematic in the midsagittal plane shows the three functional anatomic compartments of the female pelvis and the most important pathologic conditions that may occur in each	7
2	Drawings of a ship illustrate the interactions of the levator ani and endopelvic fascia	8
3	Schematic in the coronal plane at the level of the vagina $(V)$ depicts the three levels of pelvic floor support	9
4	Schematics show the anatomy of the female pelvic floor at the level of the pelvic diaphragm	10
5	Normal female pelvic floor anatomy	12
6	Normal female pelvic floor anatomy. Sagittal T2-weighted MR image shows the pubocervical fascia (*) and the rectovaginal septum (S)	14
7	Endopelvic fascia. Midline sagittal FSE T2-weighted MR image shows the bladder $(B)$ , uterus $(U)$ , and rectum $(R)$	15
8	Levels of vaginal support after hysterectomy	16

Figure No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
9	Normal fascial support and level I fascial lesion. (a) Axial FSE T2-weighted MR image obtained with rectal gel shows normal level I fascial support to the upper vagina (V), which is gently curved around the rectum (R), and normal level II fascial support to the posterior bladder (B) wall (curved dotted line)	17
10	Normal level III fascia	18
11	Diagram showing pelvic muscles, ATLA and ATFP as demonstrated	19
12	Floor of female pelvis	20
13	Pelvic floor overview. (a) Coronal FSE T2-weighted MR image shows the endopelvic fascia (white outline) wrapping the uterus ( <i>U</i> ) and vagina ( <i>V</i> )	22
14	Pelvic floor muscles. (a) Sagittal FSE T2-weighted MR image shows the bladder $(B)$ , uterus $(U)$ , and rectum $(R)$	23
15	Urogenital hiatus	25
16	Female pelvis lateral view	29
17	Urethral supporting ligaments	32
18	Urethrovaginal sphincter	33
19	Urethra and perineal membrane	33

Figure No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
20	Normal static and dynamic MR imaging findings in 20-year-old woman	38
21	illustrative case of study cases showing the anal sphincter anatomy	39
22	The ano-rectal angle	42
23	Section showing The Anal Canal	43
24	Drawings illustrate the puborectalis muscle originating from the pubic symphysis and surrounding anorectal junction during (a) rest, (b) squeezing, and (c) straining	45
25	Lateral view of the pelvic floor with the urethra, vagina, and fascial tissues transected at the level of the vesical neck	47
26	Pelvic MR images of a continent 16-year-old girl	48
27	Sagittal schematic of the pelvis demonstrates various sites of prolapse, including the bladder neck and urethra	57
28	Enterocele	63
29	Grades of uterine prolapse	65
30	Multichannel cystometry in patient with SUI due to intrinsic urethral sphincter deficiency	79

Figure No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
31	65-year-old woman with urinary incontinence, voiding dysfunction, and external vaginal prolapse	81
32	Two-dimensional US of the female pelvis at rest	83
33	Transverse endoanal US image obtained with a 10-MHz transducer shows normal sphincter anatomy in a 37-year-old asymptomatic volunteer	84
34	Anatomic levels of pelvic floor supports	85
35	Uterine descent and rotation in a 48-year- old woman with a sensation of cervical prolapse through the vagina	86
36	Deformity of the anterior vaginal wall in a 67-year-old woman with cystocele	87
37	A. axial T2-weighted MR image of inferior portion of healthy female pelvis	88
38	28 year old healthy female volunteer	88
39	24-year-old healthy female	89
40	A 65-year-old female with urinary incontinence, rectocele, and defecatory dysfunction	101

Figure No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
41	Intrinsic sphincter deficiency at urodynamics and a short urethral sphincter at MR imaging in a 55-year-old woman	102
42	Variable anatomic appearances of urethral diverticula	103
43	Complete disruption of the periurethral ligament in a 54-year-old woman with urethral hypermobility and incontinence	104
44	Static axial T2-weighted at level of proximal urethra shows a level III endopelvic fascial defect, indicated by the "drooping mustache" sign (arrows), misalignment of the urethra) U ,(and distorted H-shaped vagina	105
45	urethral supporting system abnormalities	106
46	(A) Symmetric pubococcygeus muscle in a 38-year-old woman without urinary dysfunction	107
47	Normal fascial support and level I fascial lesion	109
48	A 46-year-old gravida 3 para 2 female with prior hysterectomy and anterior vaginal wall suspension presenting with posterior bulge and suspected rectocele	110

Figure No.	Title	Page No.
	<u>Tite</u>	
49	A 61-year-old female with pelvic pressure symptoms and clinically suspected cystocele and cervical prolapse	111
50	A–F Schematic diagrams and G–I axial T2-weighted TSE image magnetic resonance images (5000/132) at levels I and II endopelvic fascial support illustrating the structural difference between lateral (paravaginal) and midline (cystocele) defects, and how these are visualized on MRI, differentiating the type and site of each defect. A, B The pubocervical fascia (PCF) is intact, supporting the urinary bladder and maintaining a straight posterior bladder wall (arrow in A)	112
51	Coronal T2-weighted image shows mild convex downward deformity of the iliococcygeal muscle (arrow)	113
52	Static MRimages in two patients (one 54-year-old woman [a] and one 33-year-old woman [b, c] with both anal incontinence and POP. (a) Axial balanced fast-field echo image of anal sphincter complex.	114
53	A 75-year-old female with remote history of multicompartment pelvic floor repair with recurrent prolapse	116

TO NT	T:41	D N
Figure No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
54	A 69-year-old female with history of prior hysterectomy, complex takedown of vaginal wall suspension, and urethral sling for bladder outlet obstruction, presenting with recurrent vaginal bulge for 6 months. Sagittal T2-weighted TSE image (A) shows insertion of the levator plate (arrow) spanning multiple segments above the coccygeal tip (dashed arrow)	116
55	A 54-year-old female with prior suburethral tape and vaginal mesh placement presented with pain, dyspareunia, and urgency	117
56	A 65-year-old female with incontinence and pelvic pain after pelvicmesh and urethral sling placement	119
57	Midsagittal T2-weighted single-shot fast SE relaxed image, obtained in a female patient who had undergone hysterectomy, shows anatomic landmarks used in the HMO classification system	120
58	A 46-year-old female with chronic pelvic pain, demonstrating multi-compartment prolapse during defecation	125
59	A 46-year-old female with chronic pelvic pain, demonstrating multi-compartment prolapse during defecation	128