

# Cairo University Institute of Statistical Studies and Research Department of Computer and Information Sciences

# A SECURITY POLICY BASED ON DATA INTEGRITY VERIFICATION

A thesis submitted to the Department of Computer and Information Sciences, Institute of Statistical Studies and Research, Cairo University, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science in the Computer and Information Sciences.

## By

## Omar Hussein Sayed Mohamed

## **Supervised By**

## Prof. Dr. Eng. Osman Hegazy Mohamed

Department of Information Systems Faculty of Computers and Information - Cairo University

#### Prof. Dr. Amany Mousa Mohamed

Department of Applied Statistics Institute of Statistical Studies and Research - Cairo University

#### Dr. Eng. Fatma A. El-Licy

Department of Computer and Information Sciences Institute of Statistical Studies and Research - Cairo University

# **STATEMENT**

I certify that this work has not been accepted in substance for any academic degree and is not being concurrently submitted in candidature for any other degree.

Any portions of this thesis for which I am indebted to other sources are mentioned and explicit references are given.

Student: Omar Hussein Sayed Mohamed

## APPROVAL SHEET

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# **MASTER DEGREE THESIS**

## Submitted By Omar Hussein Sayed Mohamed

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Name	Signature
Prof. Dr. Eng. Osman Hegazy Mohamed	
Prof. Dr. Amany Mousa Mohamed	
Prof. Dr. Eng. Tarek Abdel Megeed Abdel Aziz	
Prof. Dr. Eng. Bahaa Eldin Mohamed Hasan	

Date: / / 2009

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# **Dedication**

Words can never express my deep gratitude to my dear Mother. She continuously invokes ALLAH to provide me with success and guidance. I exclusively dedicate this thesis, and any success I achieve to my dear Mother.

# Acknowledgement

All gratitude is due to ALLAH who made this success possible. I am deeply grateful to my dear Mother, Father, and Brother for their continuous care, encouragement, and endless support.

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#### **Abstract**

Data is valuable, only, when it is correct and accurate. In this thesis, focus is driven towards safeguarding stored data integrity from new malicious software (Malware) attacks, and unauthorized modification attacks committed by insiders. Computer crime and security surveys, however, revealed that, despite of the wide use of anti-virus software and Access Control Lists (ACLs) security mechanisms to counter those two types of threats, they are insufficient and ineffective. Therefore, this work is motivated to minimize the negative effects of such attacks.

This thesis is devoted to analyze, design, and implement a security mechanism to verify data integrity. This mechanism forms an additional data security layer underneath that of ACLs to detect and prevent unauthorized modification to critical configuration and data files. It integrates Biba strict integrity mandatory access control security policy with the *verification by comparison* data integrity assurance method. It aims at detecting the existence of new Malware, limiting its damaging effects, and preventing usage of ill-gotten access rights.

The mechanism's security functional requirements were mapped into those mentioned in standard number 15408 produced by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). This standard addresses protection of information from unauthorized modification and disclosure. It provides a common set of requirements for the security functions of information technology products and systems. Such mapping insured -to a high extent-that the mechanism fulfilled standardized functionality.

**Key Words:** Data Security, Security Policy, Multilevel Security, Data Integrity Verification, Access Control, ACL, DAC, MAC, ISO 15408.

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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

A Audit log

ACL Access Control List

ACSP Access Control Security Policy

BLP Bell-Lapadula C Categories

CERT Computer Emergency Response Team

CSI Computer Security Institute

D Data store

DAC Discretionary Access Control

DIG Data Integrity Guard
DOS Denial Of Service

DSF Data integrity guard Security Functions

FBI Federal Bureau of Investigations
FDP Functional user Data Protection

FDP\_ACC Access Control policy
FDP ACF Access Control Functions

FDP ITC Import from outside Target of evaluation security functions Control

FDP SDI Stored Data Integrity

FIA Functional Identification and Authentication

FIA\_ATD user Attribute Definition

FMT Functional security Management FMT\_MSA Management of Security Attributes

FPT Functional Protection of the Target of evaluation security functions

FPT RVM Reference Mediation

I/O Input/Output

ICSA International Computer Security Association

IDS Intrusion Detection Software

IL Integrity Labelsil an integrity labelIP Internet Protocol

ISO International Organization for Standardization

IT Information Technology

L security Levels
1 a security level

LAN Local Area Network

MAC Mandatory Access Control

Malware Malicious software

MLS Multilevel Security

O Objects
o an object
p power set

RA Risk Analysis

S Subjects s a subject

SF Security Function

SFP Security Function Policy

SL Security Labels sl a security label

TOE Target Of Evaluation

TSC Target of evaluation security functions Scope of Control

TSF Target of evaluation Security Functions
TSP Target of evaluation Security Policy

V Integrity Levels v an integrity level

## LIST OF SYMBOLS

- % Percent
- $\sum$  Summation
- \$ Dollars
- $\forall$  For all
- ∈ Belongs to
- $\wedge$  And
- ⇒ Then
- ⇔ If and only if
- ≥ Dominates
- > Greater than
- < Less than
- = Equals
- | | Cardinality measure
- \* Cartesian product
- Φ Empty set

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