

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية







شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم

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COMPARISON OF SPINAL CURVATURES AND FLEXIBILITY IN OSTEOPOROTIC AND NORMAL WOMEN

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B. Sc., Physical Therapy (2000)

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To Whom It May Concern

This is to certify that the following thesis has passed through an English language editing process at the Language Unit of the Physical Therapy Services and Continuing Education Centre, Faculty of Physical Therapy, Cairo University.

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ABSTRACT

A total of 45 women are included in this study. They are divided according to their bone mineral density into three groups, Group I: 16 women with osteoporosis (OP); Group II: 15 women with low bone mineral density (osteopenia) (OST); Group III: 14 women with normal bone mineral density (control group). The thoracic kyphosis, lumbar lordosis, thoracic spine range of motion (ROM) and lumbar spine range of motion (ROM) are measured in the three groups. There are significant differences between the three groups regarding the thoracic kyphosis, lumbar lordosis, thoracic range of motion and lumbar range of motion. It is concluded that osteoporosis is associated with increase of the thoracic kyphosis and lumbar lordosis as well as the decrease of the thoracic and lumbar spine range of motion.

Key Words: Spinal Curvatures, Spinal Mobility, Osteoporosis

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ABSTRACT

The aim of this study is to compare the spinal curvatures (thoracic kyphosis and lumbar lordosis) and spinal flexibility (thoracic spine range of motion and lumbar spine range of motion) in osteoporotic and osteopenic women with age matched, healthy normal women. Subjects: Forty five women participate in this study. Methods: Women are divided according to their bone mineral density into three groups: the first group is the osteoporotic group consisting of sixteen women with a mean age of 58.9 (±3.6) years, the second group is the osteopenic group consisting of fifteen women with a mean age of 57.6 (±4.4) years and the third group is the control group consisting of fourteen women with a mean age of 56.8 (±5.6) years. Bone mineral density is measured by Dual-Energy X-ray Absorptiometry (DXA). The thoracic kyphosis and lumbar lordosis are measured by Foremetric II System. The thoracic spine range of motion and lumbar spine range of motion are measured by using Spinal Mouse. There are significant differences between the three groups Results: regarding the thoracic kyphosis, lumbar lordosis, thoracic range of motion and lumbar range of motion. Conclusions: Osteoporosis is associated with an increase of the thoracic kyphosis and lumbar lordosis as well as a decrease of the thoracic and lumbar spine range of motion.

Key Words: Spinal Curvatures, Spinal Mobility, Osteoporosis

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Nermin Gamil Fakhry 2007

<u> DEDICATION</u>

To My

Parents

All the Members of My Lovely Family

Special Dedication To My

> Husband **AMIR** I Our Little Son **ROBIER**

> > Nermin Gamil Fakhry
> > 2007

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