PRESENT STATUS OF SOME VITAMINS IN EGYPTIAN DAIRY PRODUCTS

By

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B.Sc. Agric. Sc. (Dairy Science and Technology), Ain Shams University, Y... M.Sc. Agric. Sc. (Dairy Science and Technology), Ain Shams University, Y... V

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Approval Sheet

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ABESTRACT

Samah Mosbah Mohamed El- Sayed, Present status of some Vitamins in Egyptian Dairy Products, Unpublished Ph. D. Thesis, Department of Food Science, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University, .

Milk and dairy products contain several vitamins that contribute to nutritive values. The levels of vitamins in milk products are affected by several environmental factors and processing conditions. The aim of the present study was to explore the status of vitamins of some milk products in the local market.

Two HPLC methods have been developed. The first was for simultaneous determination of retinol, -carotene and -tocopheroland the second for the determination of thiamin (B), riboflavin (B) and pyridoxine (B).

Market samples of whole fat UHT milk, milk powder and processed, Ras, soft cheeses and buffalo milk butter were all characterized by low -carotene and -tocopherol, and cheeses contained less retinol (on fat basis) than the other products.

Also, market samples of whole and skim UHT milks, yoghurt, whole milk powder, processed and soft cheeses were analyzed for B , B and B vitamins, all UHT samples contained less riboflavin than other products analyzed and B was not detected in UHT milks.

Skim UHT storage at low and room temperatures, revealed significant losses in B and B disappeared after two months of storage and losses in these two vitamins were nearly the same in whole and skim UHT milks, and that losses were slightly higher at room temperature. Riboflavin showed good storage stability in both UHT milks.

Yoghurt was made using probiotic *Bifidobacterium bifidum*, *Lacto bacillus plantarum* or their mixture as adjunct starters. The use of these cultures enhanced the contents of B , B and B , but measurable decreases occurred in B and B vitamins during cold storage, while the riboflavin content increased. At the end of storage period, yoghurt made with the use of the adjunct starter had higher B , B and B than the control. The added adjunct cultures had no adverse effect on the composition or organoleptic properties of yoghurt.

Keywords: Thiamin, riboflavin, pyridoxine, HPLC, dairy products, yoghurt, retinol, -carotene, -tocopherol, organoleptic properties.

CONTENTS

Page

VII

LIST OF TABLES LIST OF FIGURES I. INTRODUCTION II. REVIEW OF LITERATURE . Role of vitamins in health and prevention of diseases . Variations of vitamin contents in raw milk during lactation . Vitamins content of milk and milk products . . The effect of heat treatment, storage, light and packaging materials on some vitamins content of milk and dairy products . . Bacterial production of B-Group vitamins **III. MATERIALS AND METHODS** Materials. . . Fresh cow's milk . . . Milk powder . . . UHT Milk . . . Cheese . . . Butter . . . Yoghurt . . . Probiotic starter culture . . . Vitamin standards Methods. . . . Manufacture of yoghurt . Chemical analysis. . Total solids Content. . . . Fat Content . . . pH values . . . Experimental procedure.

. . . Saponification and extraction of fat soluble vitamins

. . . Method . . . Method . . . Sample preparation of water soluble vitamins . . . Determination of vitamins. . . . Preparation of vitamin standards . . HPLC analysis . . HPLC analysis of retinol, -tocopherol, and carotene. . HPLC analysis of thiamin, riboflavin, and pyridoxine. Bacteriological analysis . . . Count of Bifidobacterium bifidum. . . . Count of Lactobacillus plantarum and Lactobacillus bulgaricus. . . . Count of Streptococcus thermophilus. . . . Sensory evaluation Statistical analysis IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION Part I Simultaneous HPLC determination of retinol, tocopherol and -carotene in market dairy products . . .Validation of the HPLC method for the retinol, tocopherol and -carotene in market dairy product .Effect of method of saponification and vitamins extraction . . . Retinol, -tocopherol, and -carotene contents of UHT milk. . . .Retinol, -tocopherol, and -carotene contents of processed cheese. . Retinol, -tocopherol, and -carotene contents of Ras

. . Retinol, -tocopherol, and -carotene contents of soft

cheese

cheese

- . . Retinol, -tocopherol, and -carotene contents of milk powder
- . .Retinol, -tocopherol, and -carotene contents of buffalo milk butter

. Part II

Simultaneous determination of thiamine, riboflavin and pyridoxine in market dairy products

- . Validation of the HPLC method for the determination of thiamin, riboflavin and pyridoxine
- . . Thiamin, riboflavin and pyridoxine contents of whole and skim UHT milk.
- . . . Thiamin, riboflavin and pyridoxine contents of milk powder.
- . . . Thiamin, riboflavin and pyridoxine contents of yoghurt.
- . . . Thiamin, riboflavin and pyridoxine contents of white soft cheese .
- . . .Thiamin, riboflavin and pyridoxine contents of processed cheese

. Part III

Storage stability of thiamine, riboflavin and pyridoxine in UHT milk

. . Part IV

The use of some vitamins B producing bacteria as adjunct cultures in the manufacture of yoghurt

- . . Chemical properties
- . . . pH value.
 - . . . Total solids
 - . . . Water soluble vitamins
 - . . .Thiamin content
 - . . Riboflavin content

- . . . Pyridoxine content
- . . Microbiological properties
- . . Sensory properties

V. SUMMARY
VI. REFERENCES
ARABIC SUMMARY

No Page

Percent recovery from fortified milk samples, and relative standard deviation (RSD) for determined vitamins

Retinol and -carotene contents (µg/ g) of market dairy products

Retinol and -carotene content (µg / ml) of UHT milk in the present and some of the previous studies

-tocopherol content (µg/g) of some milk products Percent recovery from fortified milk samples, and relative standard deviation (RSD) for determined water soluble vitamins

Water soluble vitamins (B , B , B) contents of UHT whole and skim milk samples (mg/L).

Water soluble vitamins (B, B and B) contents of whole milk powder (mg/ Kg)

Water soluble vitamins (B , B , B) contents of yoghurt, (mg/ Kg).

Water soluble vitamins (B, B and B) contents of white soft cheese samples (mg/ Kg).

Water soluble vitamins (B, B and B) contents of processed cheese samples (mg/ Kg).

Change in the content of some water soluble vitamins (B , B , B) (μ g/ ml) in whole and skim UHT milks samples during storage at \pm °C.

Change in the content of some water soluble vitamins (B , B , B) ($\mu g/$ mI) in whole and skim UHT milks samples during storage at \pm °C.

Changes in pH during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at ± °C for days.

Changes in Total solids during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at ± °C for days.

Changes in thiamin (B) content (μ g/g) during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days.

Changes in riboflavin (B) content ($\mu g/g$) during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days.

Changes in Pyridoxine (B) content (μ g/ g) during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days.

Changes in S. thermophilus, L. bulgaricus, L. plantarum and B. bifidum counts (log cfu/ml) during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at ± °C for days.

Sensory properties during storage of control yoghurt and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days.

LIST OF FIGURES

No Page

Chromatogram of standards: () vitamin A (all trans retinol) ($\mu g/ml$), tR= min; () vitamin E (- tocopherol) ($\mu g/ml$), tR= min; () - carotene ($\mu g/ml$), tR= min.

Chromatogram of vitamin E (- tocopherol), tR= min, by using method I

Chromatogram of () vitamin A (all trans retinol), tR= min; () - carotene, tR= min by using method II.

Chromatogram of standards: () vitamin B (thiamin), () vitamin B (pyridoxine), () vitamin B (riboflavin)

Change in the content of some water soluble vitamins (B , B , B) ($\mu g/$ ml) in whole and skim UHT milks samples during storage at \pm °C

Change in the content of some water soluble vitamins (B , B , B) (μ g/ ml) in whole and skim UHT milks samples during storage at \pm °C.

Changes in pH during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at ± °C for days

Changes in Total solids during storage of control and

other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days Changes in thiamin (B) content μ g/ g during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days

Changes in riboflavin (B) content ($\mu g/g$) during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days.

Changes in Pyridoxine (B) content (µg/g) during

storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days

Changes in *S. thermophilus, L. bulgaricus, L. plantarum* and *B. bifidum* counts (log cfu/ml) during storage of control and other yoghurt treatments stored at ± °C for days

Sensory properties during storage of control yoghurt and other yoghurt treatments stored at \pm °C for days.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

HPLC High performance liquid chromatography

μg Micro gram μm Micro meter

-FmTHF -formyltetrahydrofolate
-MeTHF -methyltetrahydrofolate

B. longum Bifidobacteriumlongum

cfu Colony forming units

ECM Energy-corrected milk

GLM General Linear Model

HDPE High density polyethylene

IU Internationalunit

KG Kefir grains

KOH Potassium hydroxide

L. bulgaricus Lactobacillusbulgaricus

LAB Lactic acid bacteria

LDL Low density lipoprotein

LOD Limit of detection

LOQ Limit of quantification

mg Milli gram
mL Milli liter
ng Nano gram

PAB Propionic acid bacteria

PC Polycarbonate
PE Polyethylene

PET Polyethylene terphathalete
PUFA Poly unsaturated fatty acids

RDA Recommended Dietary Allowance

RSD Relative standard deviation
S. thermophilus Streptococcus thermophiles

SE Standard error

TCA Trichloro acetic acid
TFA Trifloro acetic acid
THF Tetrahydrofolate
TiO Titanium dioxide

TS Total solid

UHT Ultra-high temperature

UV Ultra-violate