



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ





شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الالكتروني والميكرو فيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأفلام قد اعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأفلام بعيداً عن الغبار

في درجة حرارة من 15 – 20 مئوية ورطوبة نسبية من 20-40 %

To be kept away from dust in dry cool place of
15 – 25c and relative humidity 20-40 %



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



بعض الوثائق الأصلية تالفة



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



بالرسالة صفحات
لم ترد بالأصل

THE USE OF CERTAIN NATURAL ORGANIC BY-PRODUCTS AS FOLIAR SPRAY TO CORRECT MICRONUTRIENTS DEFFICIENCY IN PLANTS

By

Mohammed Ibrahim Al Said Kandil

B.Sc. Agric. Sci., (Soil Sci.), Ain Shams Univ., 1989

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment

of

the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE

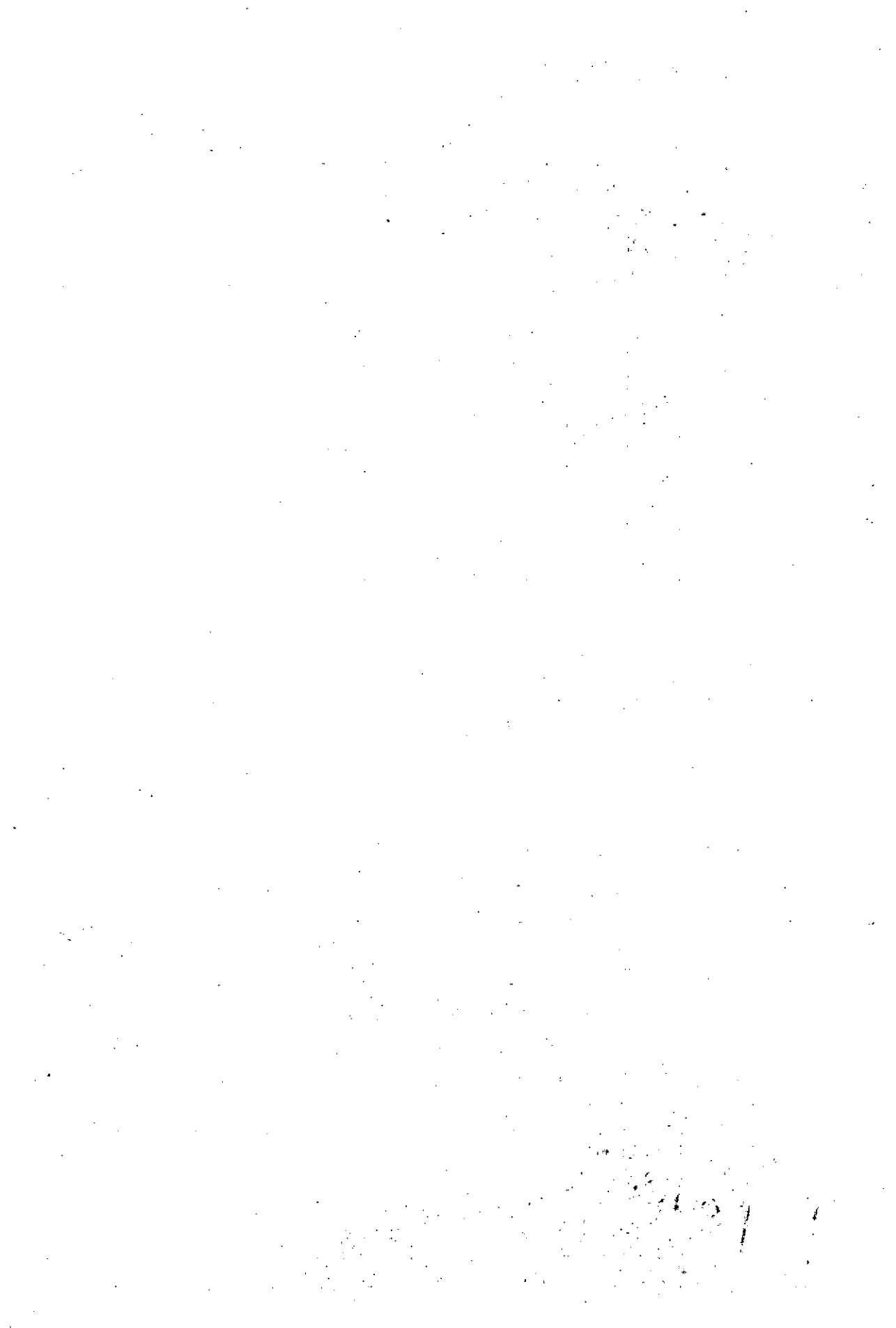
in

**Agricultural Science
(Soil Science)**

**Department of soil science
Faculty of Agriculture
Ain Shams University**

2001

B No 11



APPROVAL SHEET

THE USE OF CERTAIN NATURAL ORGANIC BY-PRODUCTS AS FOLIAR SPRAY TO CORRECT MICRONUTRIENTS DEFFICIENCY IN PLANTS

By

Mohammed Ibrahim Al Said Kandil

B.Sc. Agric. Sci., (Soil Sci.), Ain Shams Univ., 1989

This thesis for M.Sc. dergree has been approved by :

Prof. Dr. F. H. Badawy *Farida H. Badawy*
Prof. of Soil Microbiology - Fac. of Agric., Assiut Univ.

Dr. T. A. Taha *T. A. Taha*
Associate Prof. of Soil Sci., Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Prof. Dr. A. M. Elgala *A. M. Elgala*
Prof. of Soil Science, Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Dr. Sh. M. Gawish *Sh. M. Gawish*
Associate Prof. of Soil Sci., Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Date of examination: 18/9/2001

215

61
230

245

THE USE OF CERTAIN NATURAL ORGANIC BY-PRODUCTS AS FOLIAR SPRAY TO CORRECT MICRONUTRIENTS DEFFICIENCY IN PLANTS

By

Mohammed Ibrahim Al Said Kandil

B.Sc. Agric. (Soil Sci.), Ain Shams University, 1989

Under the supervision of:

Prof. Dr. A. M. Elgala

Prof. of Soil Sci., Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Dr. Sh. M. Gawish

Associate Prof. of Soil Sci., Fac. of Agric., Ain Shams Univ.

Prof. Dr. S. A. El- Sayed

Prof. of Microbiology and Fermentation. Soil, Water and Environment Institute, ARC

turn
and
also
of

to will
and
solution
for

masses
hand
its for

out at
the
as
the
the
growth
the

at

ABSTRACT

Mohammed Ibrahim Al Said Kandil. The Use of Certain Natural Organic by-Products as foliar spray to correct Micronutrients Deficiency In Plants. Unpublished Master of Science Thesis Department of Soil Science, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Ain Shams 2001.

The current work was carried out to explore the possibility of using certain natural organic by-products such as sugarcane and sugar beet molasses and commercial synthetic chemical solution "Gruna" or methanol solution (10 %, v/v) as foliar fertilizers for cotton and faba bean plants.

Anaerobic fermentation of sugarcane and sugar beet molasses by using Saccharomyces cerevisiae was done to produce methanol (0.02 – 0.03 %) and some organic acids as a chelating agents for micro elements.

Field experiments using spilt plots (3x4m) was carried out at Ain Shams Agric. experiment station, Shalakan to evaluate the fermented molasses solutions and chemical synthetic "Gruna" as foliar fertilizers for cotton and faba bean plants. Data estimated the increasing of macro (N, P and K) and micro elements (Fe, Mn, Zn and Cu) in cotton and faba bean leaves as well as the growth characteristic. Foliar spray with methanol solution (10%, v/v) failed to enhance the growth parameters in plants.

Key wards:

Cotton plant - Faba bean plant - foliar spray – methanol – molasses – yeast – plant growth -nutrient concentration.

in

for

the

Q377A.

how long

for his

tion to

am going

to give

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The author wishes to express his appreciation and sincere gratitude to **Prof. Dr. ABDEL MONEIM MOHAMED ELGALA** professor of soil science, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Ain Shams and to **Dr. SHERIF MAHMOUD MARGHANY GAWISH** associate professor of soil science, in the same department, for suggestion of the problem supervision, sincere help and constructive criticism during the course of the study and the preparation of the manuscript.

Thanks are also due to **Prof. Dr. SAMIR ALI EL SAYED** Prof. of Microbiology and Fermentation, Water, Soil and Environment Institute, Agricultural Research Center, for his sincere help and offering the facility to complete this work.

Special thanks are due to the staff of the department of soil science and the authorities of Ain Shams University for giving me the chance to study in the Department of Soil science, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University.

