Abstract

Introduction: The wide spectrum of coronary artery diseases (CAD) ranging from stable ischemic heart disease (SIHD) to acute coronary syndrome (ACS) is considered a major cause of death and disability worldwide.

Aim of the Work: The aim of this study is to assess the impact of coronary artery bypass grafting on left ventricular functions and mechanical dyssynchrony using color coded tissue Doppler imaging.

Patients and Methods: This study was conducted on 58 consecutive patients with ischemic heart disease who were electively referred to perform CABG, in the period between March 2015 to March 2016 at Ain Shams University Hospitals and at Nasr City Insurance Hospital.

Results: Initially 58 patients were screened however the study was performed on 44 patients with ischemic heart disease in the period between March 2015 and March 2016 who were referred to Ain-Shams University Hospitals and to Nasr City Health Insurance Hospital for elective CABG surgery.

Conclusions: Surgical revascularization significantly reduced Ts-SD. The 3 indices of dyssynchrony namely Ts-SD, Ts difference and BSPLWMD were correlated to each other however none of them correlated to EF. Hypertensive patients showed significantly higher levels of dyssynchrony compared to non- hypertensive patients both at baseline and at follow up and showed greater benefit from surgery compared to non-hypertensive group.

Recommendations: Larger study population and multi-center study are recommended with more homogenous selection of study population. Long term follow up to correlate symptoms with echocardiographic dyssynchrony indices is recommended.

Keywords: Coronary Artery Bypass Grafting, Left Ventricular, Mechanical Dyssynchrony, Tissue Doppler imaging

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List of Abbreviations

Abbrev.	Meaning
2D	: Two Dimension
Aa	: Myocardial velocity associated with atrial
	contraction
ABP	: Arterial Blood Pressure
ACS	: Acute Coronary Syndrome
AMI	: Acute Myocardial Infarction
AP_2CH	: Apical Two Chamber View
AP ₄ CH	: Apical Four Chamber View
AV	: Atrio-Ventricular
AVC	: Aortic Valve Closure
AVO	: Aortic Valve Opening
CABG	: Coronary Artery Bypass Grafting
CAD	: Coronary Artery Disease
CBF	: Coronary Blood Flow
CCS	: Canadian Cardiovascular Score
CMR	: Cardiac magnetic resonance
CRT	: Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy
CT	: Computed Tomography
CW	: Continuous Wave
DSE	: Dobutamine Stress Echocardiography
Ea	: Early diastolic myocardial relaxation velocity
ECG	: Electrocardiogram
EF	: Ejection Fraction
ESV	: End Systolic Volumes
ET	: Ejection Time
HbA_1c	: Glycated Hemoglobin
HCM	: Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy
HCVAb	: Hepatitis C Virus Antibody
HFPEF	: Heart Failure with Preserved Ejection Fraction

IHD : Ischemic Heart Disease

IVCT : Iso-Volumic Contraction Time

IVMD : Inter-Ventricular Mechanical Delay

IVRT : Iso-Volumic Relaxation Time

LA : Left Atrium

LAD : Left Anterior Descending Artery

LBBB : Left Bundle Branch Block

LM : Left Main

LV : Left Ventricle

LVEDV : Left Ventricular End Diastolic Volume

LVEF : Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction

LVESV : Left Ventricular End Systolic Volume

LVH : Left Ventricular Hypertrophy

LVPEP : Left Ventricular Pre Ejection Period

LWPSD : Lateral Wall Post Systolic Displacement

MI : Myocardial Infarction

mmHg : Millimeter Mercury

MPI : Myocardial Performance Index

MR : Mitral Regurgitation

Msec. : Millisecond

MVD : Multi-Vessel Disease

NSTEACS : Non ST Elevation Acute Coronary Syndrome

NSTEMI : Non ST Elevation Myocardial Infarction

PCI : Percutaneous Coronary Intervention

PSAX : Parasternal Short Axis

PSS : Post Systolic Shortening

PTCA : Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary

Angioplasty

PW : Pulsed Wave

PW-TDI : Pulsed Wave Tissue Doppler Imaging

RCT : Randomized Controlled Trials

RT3DE : Real Time 3 Dimensional Echocardiography

RV : Right Ventricle

: Right Ventricular Pre Ejection Period **RVPEP**

Sa : Systolic myocardial velocity : Systolic Dyssynchrony Index SDI : Stable Ischemic Heart Disease **SIHD**

SPWMD : Septal to Posterior Wall Motion Delay

: Sarcoplasmic Reticulum SR

: Strain Rate Imaging SRI

: ST Elevation Myocardial Infarction **STEMI**

: Tissue Doppler Imaging TDI

: Tissue Synchronization Index **TSI**

: Standard Deviation of Time to Peak Systolic Ts-SD

Velocity

: Wall Motion Score Index WMSI

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Introduction





Aim of the Work





Review of Literature





CHAPTER (1)

Burden of Ischemic Heart Disease

