



PREDICTION OF DEFECTS IN NON-CIRCULAR DEEP DRAWN PARTS USING FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS AND RESPONSE SURFACE METHODOLOGY

By Eng.\ Mustafa Mubarak Semman

A Thesis Submitted to the
Faculty of Engineering at Cairo University
In Partial Fulfillment of the
Requirements for the Degree of
MASTER OF SCIENCE
In
MECHANICAL DESIGN
AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING

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FACULTY OF ENGINEERING, CAIRO UNIVERSITY **GIZA-EGYPT** 2017

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Title of Thesis:

Prediction of defects in non-circular deep drawn parts using finite element analysis and response surface methodology.

Key Words:

Earing, Thinning, Finite element analysis, Design of Experiments, Response Surface Methodology.

Summary:

Deep drawing defects such as thinning and earing present challenges to sheet metal forming industry while designers tend to favor the usage of new materials and production processes. the present work introduces an integrated approach using design of experiment approach, FEA experimentation and response surface methodology (RSM) to develop linear regression equation that is capable of predicting earing and thinning defects in deep drawing of non-circular parts (rectangular and elliptical) and determine the optimum process parameters which lead to minimum defects.



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Dedication To my Father

Table of contents

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	I
DEDICATION	II
TABLE OF CONTENTS	III
LIST OF TABLES	VI
LIST OF FIGURES.	VII
NOMENCLATURE	XII
ABSTRACT	XIII
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION AND LITERATURE REVIEW	1
1.1. BACKGROUND	1
1.2. AIM AND SCOPE	3
1.3. LITERATURE REVIEW	4
1.3.1. MAIN PARAMETERSS AFFECTING DEEP DRAWING PROCESS	S4
1.3.1.1. PUNCH AND DIE GEOMETRY	4
1.3.1.2. BLANK HOLDER WITH FIXED HEIGHT GAP	7
1.3.1.3. ASPECT RATIO OF FINAL PRODUCT	8
1.3.1.4. DRAWING RATIO OF FINAL PRODUCT	8
1.3.1.4.1 MAXIMUM DRAWING RATIO $oldsymbol{eta}_{max}$	8
1.3.1.4.2 FACTORS AFFECTING eta_{max}	9
1.3.1.5. BLANK GEOMETRY	10
1.3.1.5.1 CONVENTIONAL TECHNIQUE	11
1.3.1.5.2 ENHANCED BLANK GEOMETRY DESIGNS	12
1.3.2. MAIN DEFECTS OF DEEP DRAWING PROCESS	13
1.3.2.1. EARING DEFECT	13
1.3.2.1.1. ANISOTROPY	14
1.3.2.1.2. EFFECT OF ANISOTROPY ON DEEP DRAWING PROCE	ESS14
1.3.2.2. THINNING DEFECT	16
1.3.3. FEA SOFTWARE OVERVIEW	16
1.4. THESIS ORGANIZATION	16
CHAPTER 2: FINITE ELEMENT MODEL DEVELOPMENT VALIDATION	

2.1. INTRODUCTION	18
2.2. PROCESS PARAMETER	20
2.2.1. PUNCH AND DIE GEOMETRY	20
2.2.2. BLANK HOLDER GEOMETRY	20
2.2.3. BLANK GEOMETRY	21
2.2.4. MATERIAL PROPERTIES	25
2.2.4.1. ISOTROPIC MATERIAL	25
2.2.4.2. ANISOTROPIC MATERIAL	26
2.2.5. BLANK HOLDER FORCE	27
2.2.6. FRICTION COEFFICIENT	27
2.2.8. BLANK MESHING	28
2.3. MODELS VALIDATION	28
2.3.1. CASE 1: FEA FOR DEEP DRAWING PROCESS OF A SQUARE CUP	28
2.3.1.1. COMPARISON OF DEFORMED SHAPES	30
2.3.1.2. STRAIN MEASUREMENTS ALONG PART'S DIAGONAL	31
2.3.2. CASE 2: FEA VALIDATION FOR DEEP DRAWING PROCESS OF	
A DIFFERENT SHAPES USING ANISOTROPIC MATERIALS	34
2.3.2.1. VALIDATION OF PRODUCED MODELS	37
CHAPTER 3: PARAMETRIC FEM DESIGN FOR DEEP DR. PROCESS	
3.1. BACKGROUND	38
3.1.1. INFLUENCE OF PUNCH FILLET RADIUS ON THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE DEEP DRAWN PRODUCTS	
3.1.2. INFLUENCE OF DIE FILLET RADIUS ON THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE DEEP DRAWN PRODUCTS	
3.1.3. INFLUENCE OF PUNCH/DIE CLEARANCE ON THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE DEEP DRAWN PRODUCTS	
3.1.4. INFLUENCE OF BLANK HOLDER GAP HEIGHT ON THE MI SHEET THICKNESS OF THE DEEP DRAWN PRODUCTS	
3.1.5. INFLUENCE OF THE ASPECT RATIO ON THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE DEEP DRAWN PRODUCTS	
3.1.6. INFLUENCE OF THE DRAWING RATIO ON THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE DEEP DRAWN PRODUCTS	
3.2. PARAMETRIC DESIGN BASED ON COMBINED FACTORS	50