سامية محمد مصطفى



شبكة المعلومات الحامعية

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



-Caro-

سامية محمد مصطفي



شبكة العلومات الحامعية



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم





سامية محمد مصطفى

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

قسو

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



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سامية محمد مصطفى

شبكة المعلومات الحامعية



بالرسالة صفحات لم ترد بالأصل



OPPLER TISSUE IMAGING (DTI) AS A NEW TECHNIQUE FOR EVALUATION OF LEFT VENTRICULAR DIASTOLIC FUNCTION

THESIS

SUBMITTED TO FACULTY OF MEDICINE, TANTA UNIVERSITY IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF Ms DEGREE IN CARDIOLOGY

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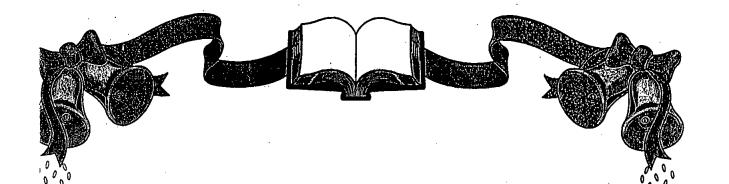
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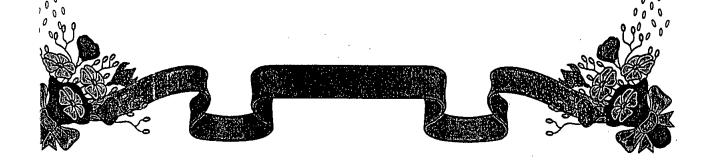
بيت

"قالوا سبحانك لا علم لنا إلا ما علمتنا إنكأنت العليم الحكيم"

صدق الله العظيم البقرة (٣٢)



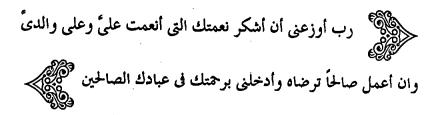
To my Husband
To my son
And to my dear
father and
mother





Acknowledgment

بسم الله الرحمن الرجيم



 $\,\,$ I $\,$ always fell deeply indebted to my God . The real guide and $\,$ the real supporter.

I would like to express my deepest gratitude and great appreciation to prof. Dr. Fathia Ahmed El-Sheshtawy, Assistant Prof. Of Cardiology, Faculty of Medicine, Tanta University, for her Cooperation, kind help and support. I shall always remember her encouragement and guidance to me.

I shall always feel indebted to *Prof. Dr. Ahmed Zaghlol Darwish*, Faculty of medicine, Tanta University, for the great help, and support he offered to me.

I shall always feel indebted to *prof. Dr. Seham Fahmy Badr*, Assistant prof. Of cardiology, Faculty of medicine, Tanta university, for her advice, encouragement, moral support, constructive criticism and accurate supervision.

I would like to express may appreciation and gratitude to *prof. Dr. Osama Abd-El-Aziz*, professor and Head of cardiology Faculty of medicine, Tanta University for his meticulous supervision, unlimited help, Valuable advice and instructions.

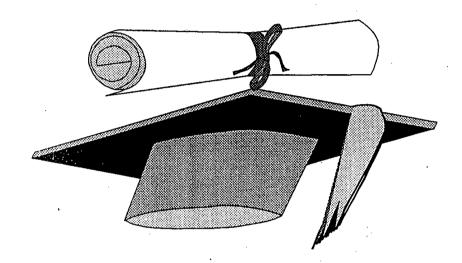
I would like to express my deepest gratitude and appreciation to prof. Dr. Said -Shalaby, Assistant Prof. Of Cardiology, Faculty of Medicine, Monofia University for his valuable Supervision, Meticulous guidance, Kean interest and the golden advices derived from his wide experience. To him, I'm truly thankful for his precious help which made this work an existing reality.

Finally, great thanks to every one who learned, advised, helped and supported me to fulfil this thesis.

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NTRODUCTION

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INTRODUCTION

Diastolic dysfunction is the primary mechanism responsible for dyspnea in patients with heart failure irrespective of the presence or severity of systolic dysfunction ⁽¹⁾.

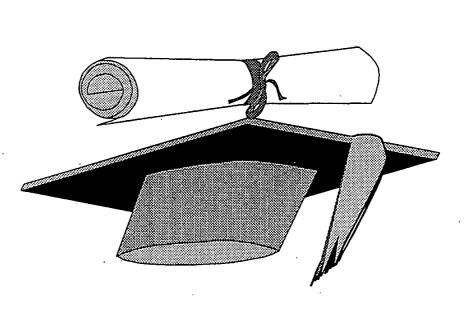
Doppler echocardiography has become the non-invasive technique of choice for the evaluation of diastolic function⁽²⁾.

However, current methods are limited by the dependence of transmitral flow velocity and the isovolumic relaxation time (IVRT) on left ventricular relaxation and left atrial pressure. (3)

Increases in left atrial pressure override the effects of impaired relaxation, resulting frequently in a pseudonormalization of the transmitral velocity.

The differentiation of the pseudonormal pattern from the normal pattern is currently done by data derived from clinical and echocardiographic findings that suggest the presence of impaired L.V. relaxation or by inspection of the pulmonary vein velocity. (4)

Doppler tissue imaging is a new ultrasound modality that records systolic and diastolic velocities within the myocardium. Therefore, it can be used to quantitate the velocity of mitral annulus displacement during systole and diastole.⁽⁵⁾



AIM OF THE WORK

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