EFFECT OF SOMEMAJOR ELEMENTS ON GROWTHPERFORMANCE AND BLOOD PARAMETERS IN FISH

By

DENA ABBAS AHMED

B.Sc. Agric. Sc. (Animal Production), Ain Shams University, 2002 M.Sc. Agric. Sc. (Animal Nutrition), Ain Shams University, 2010

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Under the supervision of:

Dr. Hamdy Mohamed Mohamed Khattab

Prof. Emeritus of Animal Nutrition, Department of Animal Production, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University(Principal Supervisor)

Dr. Mohammed Abdel Bakey Amer

Associate prof. of Fish Physiology, Animal Production Department, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University

Dr. Ashraf Hashem Gomaa

Head Research of Animal Nutrition, Regional Center for Food and Feed, Agricultural Research Center

ABSTRACT

Dena Abbas Ahmed: Effect of Some Major Elements on Growth Performance and Blood Parameters in Fish. Unpublished PhD. Sc. Thesis, Department of Animal Production, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University, 2018.

The experiment was carried out at Regional Centre for Food and Feed, Minister of Agriculture, Egypt for a period of 3 months using Nile tilapia (*Oreochromisniloticus*, 25 g average weight).

The objective of the present study is to determine the optimal source and amount of phosphorus supplementation in commercial feeds with the highest growth rate and the lowest releasing in environmental and protect water quality.

Fish were divided into twelve groups (treatments) each group was stocked into two aquaria each contains 10 fish.

Fish were fed diet contained different concentrations (0.5, 0.7, 0.9 and 1.1% phosphorus) from three different sources of phosphorus (mono calcium phosphate, mono potassium phosphate and mono sodium phosphate).

Nile Tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus*) initial weight (25g) in the all treatment were fed diet contained 30% protein and Energy Fish in these treatments were fed on the diet containing 0.5, 0.7, 0.9, and 1.1% of mono calcium phosphate, mono potassium phosphate and mono sodium phosphate as sources of phosphorus to the end of the experimental. The fish diet was offered at a rate of 3 % of tilapia biomass at weight.

Results showed that average daily gain, specific growth rate, protein efficiency ratio, feed conversation ratio were significantly improved by dietary phosphorus 0.9 % (P<0.05) concentration and mono calcium phosphate was the source of phosphorus

Body composition analysis showed that the whole body protein and ash content were increased linearly but lipid was decreased (P<0.05) with increasing dietary of phosphorus.

Based on observed growth performance and blood parameters it could be stated that dietary phosphorus requirement for Nile Tilapia (*Orechromis niloticus*) Juvenile was 1.1% mono sodium phosphate.

Keywords: Phosphorus requirement, Growth, Blood Parameters, Nile Tilapia (*Orechromisniloticus*).

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Dedication to my parents, my husband, my daughters, my brothers, my sister, for their kind support and kind advice.

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INTRODUCTION

One of the most important species in fish culture is Tilapia. The global aquaculture production for *Oreochromis niloticus* has reached 3.67 million tonnes (FAO Fishn Stat, 2014). Both global production and consumption of Nile tilapia have expanded at high growth rates. The rapid expansion in global tilapia production can be attributed to resistance of adversarial environmental conditions, rapid growth, and easy reproduction (**El-Sayed**, 1999).

The objective of the present study is to determine the optimal source and amount of phosphorus supplementation in commercial feeds with the highest growth rate and the lowest releasing in environmental and protect water quality.

One of the major problems currently facing aquaculture industry is the projected increase in production in order to meet the worldwide demand for fish. Beside this challenge, aquaculture productions are unfortunately faced with the need to resolve another problem that constrains its sustainability. Indeed, the intensification of production leads to the release of organic wastes and inorganic nutrients, such as phosphorus (P) which is known to enrich and promote eutrophication in aquatic ecosystem **FAO** (1996).

Phosphorus is one of the most important minerals for fish, it is essential for normal growth and bone mineralization, and plays an important role in the metabolism of carbohydrate, lipid and amino acids, as well as various metabolic processes involving buffering in body fluids (Watanabe *et al.*, 1988). The optimal amount of phosphorus supplementation in commercial feed is not only important economically, but also for environmental reasons to minimize its faecal and urinary discharge into natural waters (Bureau and Cho 1999).

Phosphorus is an essential element for both plant growth and animal performance.