TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF SOME NEW INSECTICIDES AGAINST CERTAIN INSECTS ON TOMATOES

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A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfillment
Of
The Requirements for the Degree of

in
Agricultural Sciences
(Pesticides)

Department of Plant Protection Faculty of Agriculture Ain Shams University

Approval Sheet

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ABSTRACT

Rasha Ahmed Ahmed Seleem: Toxicological Effects of Some New Insecticides against Certain Insects on Tomatoes. Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis, Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University, 2019.

The object of the present study is to through light on alternatives ways in pest management using novel insecticides with new mode of action such as (neonicotinoids, phenylpyrazoles, diamide, phenoxypyridaloxy derivative, and tetramic acid derivatives) in addition, study the role of nanotechnology as an innovative technology using recently in pest The five novel insecticides namely (clothianidin, control. flubendiamide, pyridalyl and spirotetramat) and chemically prepared of silver nanoparticles using sodium citrate reduction method were evaluated in comparison with conventional insecticide pirimiphos-methyl against three insects attacking tomatoes cultivation under Egyptian conditions (Bemisia tabaci, Spodoptera littoralis and Agrotis ipsilon). The toxicological and compatibility effects and biochemical analysis were done against laboratory and field strains of target insects after 48 hours. The obtained results indicated that the most chosen insecticides and silver nanoparticles exhibited effective against different insects and were superior than conventional insecticide. The co-formulated mixture study between organophosphate and bio-insecticides at LC₂₅ recorded a potentiation effect on two levels laboratory and field strain after 24&48 hours except the mixture between organophosphate and bio-insecticide azadirachtin. The novel insecticides and silver nanoparticles didn't show any resistance ratio to field strain except insecticide pyridalyl in Sharkia against Governorate recorded high resistance S.littoralis. The organophosphate insecticide pirimiphos-methyl recorded moderate and high resistance in case B.tabaci Qalubia strain and S.littoralis in Sharkia strain. respectively. Regarding, the biochemical study (acetylcholinesterase, adenosine triphosphatase, glutathione s-transferases

, phenoloxidase , total calcium ,and total protein) the results found differences in the enzymatic and non-enzymatic components activity on two levels laboratory and field strains.

Keywords: Novel insecticides, Nano insecticides, Co-formulated mixtures, Biochemical study, *B.tabaci*, *S.littoralis*, *A.ipsilon*, tomato.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

First of all, my prayerful gratitude should be submitted to the merciful **God** whose help I always seek and without his willing I will achieve nothing.

I would like to express my sincere grateful to my advisor **Prof. Dr. Mohamed El-Said El-Zemaity**, Prof. of Pesticides Chemistry and Toxicology, Dept. of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University, for the continuous support, mentoring throughout my Ph.D., the positive reinforcement, his provided valuable insight, patience, immense knowledge, His guidance helped me in all the time of research and his effort in critical reading of the main script and helpful guidance. I am extremely grateful.

I would like to express my gratitude appreciation and respect to **Prof. Dr. Mohamed Ibrahim Hussein**, Prof. of Pesticides Chemistry and Toxicology, Dept. of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, Ain Shams University for his helpful through this work, advice, and encouragement in carrying out this work. I am really grateful.

Special thank goes to **Prof. Dr. Sherifa Abdel-Hamid Nasr**, Head Researcher of Bioassay, and Central Agricultural of Pesticides Laboratory. For her continuous encouragement, advising, insightful comments, her support, and humility. I am really thankful for her.

Finally many thanks for everyone helped me in this work.

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