

AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ENGINEERING DESIGN AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

Effect of Natural Fibers on Properties of Polymeric Composites

A thesis Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements of the degree of M.Sc. in mechanical Engineering

Submitted By Mohammed Sameh Ahmed Ahmed

Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering Faculty of Engineering, Ain Shams University, 2010

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Faculty of Engineering - Ain shams University

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Thesis summary

Due to environmental pollution aspects and increase of harmful emissions around us which caused from using non-natural compounds in the field of industry, many different health and environmental problems have been resulted. Natural fibers became good candidates to invade the field of industry as an alternative to synthetic fibers due to low cost, low density and good properties compared with other fibers.

In this research, the effect of natural fiber on polymeric composites was studied; banana Pseudo stem BPS fiber was selected due high availability (3.5 million banana trees /year) and non-exploitation of it, and select acrynitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) due to its applications in automotive industry and 3D printing and increase in market share forecasting till 2020.

Firstly, Banana Pseudo Stem (BPS) fibers were extracted by fiber extractor machine then crushed by crushing machine and sieved to (short size fibers with average size 0.21mm) by three manual hand sieves followed by alkaline treatment (5% NaOH – 1% HCL). Moisture content test was done for fiber before and after treatment, the treated fibers were dried in oven at 80° C for 48 hrs.

Secondly, ABS granules were dried in oven at **80°**C for 48 hrs. **Thirdly**, BPS fiber with different mass fraction (0-10-20-30 %) were mixed with ABS granules at **180°**C by thermal mixer machine, then the BPS/ ABS mixture was crushed by crushing machine followed by injection molding of BPS/ABS crushed granules at temperatures of (**150°**C and **220°**C), pressure equal to 60 bar and the injection and cooling times are 10 and 25 seconds respectively.

The BPS fibers under investigation were characterized using physical and thermal analysis.

The composite specimens with different fiber weight percentage were characterized through tensile, impact, MFI, and dimensional stability tests, beside SEM, TGA and DSC analysis.

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Nomenclature

Symbols		
T_g	Glass transition temperature	[°C]
T_{m}	Melting temperature	[° C]
σ	Tensile load	[MPa]
l_c	Fiber critical length	[mm]
d	Fiber diameter	[µm]
$ au_c$	Fiber- matrix bonding strength	[MPa]
σ_f^*	Fiber tensile strength	[MPa]
$oldsymbol{\epsilon_f^*}$	Fiber rupture strain	
ϵ_m^*	Matrix yield strain	
σ_f^* σ_m^*	Fiber fracture tensile strength	[MPa]
$\boldsymbol{\sigma}_m^*$	Matrix fracture tensile strength	[MPa]
E	Modulus of elasticity	[GPa]
V_{min}	Minimum volume fraction of fiber	
$oldsymbol{\sigma}_c^u$	Failure tensile strength for composite	[MPa]
$oldsymbol{\sigma}_c^m$	Failure tensile strength for matrix	[MPa]
K	Fiber efficiency parameter	

Abbreviations

WA%

PMCs Polymer matrix composite materials **CMCs** Ceramics matrix composite materials **MMCs** Metallic matrix composite materials **TPCs** Thermoplastic composite materials **TSCs** Thermosets composite materials TP Thermoplastic polymer TS Thermoset polymer **SBR** Styrene-butadiene rubber **NBR** Nitrile rubber **ABS** Acrynitrile butadiene styrene **LDPE** Low density polyethylene **HDPE** high density polyethylene PP Poly propylene **PVC** Poly vinyl chloride PS Poly styrene **PET** Polyethylene terephthalate NF Natural fiber SF Synthetic fiber **BPS** Banana Pseudo Stem fiber **AGW** Agricultural waste BF Banana fiber **NFCs** Natural fiber composites **NFRCs** Natural fiber reinforced composites MA Maleic Anhydride **RIM Rim Injection Molding** MC Moisture Content **SEM** Scanning Electron Microscope

Water absorption percentage