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شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم





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لم ترد بالأصل



HOST INDUCED VAR IATIONS IN Prohemistomum vivax (TREMATODA)



Thesis

Submitted For M. Sc. Degree of Physiology in Zoology

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INTRODUCTION

Introduction

Most of trematodes, distributed among domestic and stray animals, are contributed to many zoonotic diseases and constitute potential public health problems.

It was worth enough to encourage the research workers to carry out their experiments to reach the proper measures for their control. Fish play an important role in the food supply in Egypt. Thus it could act as a great hazard for public health as a second intermediate host. For example fresh water fish *Clarias lezera* which act as a second intermediate host for *Prohemistomum vivax* which is one of common trematodes (Sonsino, 1892). Piscivorous mammals and birds act as the final hosts.

The identification of *Prohemistomum vivax* has been a subject to many controversial reports. So the present study is under taken in an attempt to solve some of the controversial discussion as regards the identification and the variability of the morphological characters used in the indentification of this parasite by detecting the host induced morphological variation.

Additionally host parasite relationship, including immunlolgical response, also taken into consideration.

HISTORICAL REVIEW