سامية محمد مصطفى



شبكة المعلومات الحامعية

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



-Caro-

سامية محمد مصطفي



شبكة العلومات الحامعية



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم





سامية محمد مصطفى

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

قسو

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأقراص المدمجة يعيدا عن الغيار



سامية محمد مصطفي



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



المسلمة عين شعور المسلمة عين شعور المسلمة عين شعور المسلمة عين شعور المسلمة ا

سامية محمد مصطفى

شبكة المعلومات الحامعية



بالرسالة صفحات لم ترد بالأصل





The Jurisprudence Services Of Forensic Sciences in Egypt

Thesis

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Doctor Degree in Forensic Medicine and Toxicology

By

Randa Hussin Abd El-Hady

Assistant Lecturer of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology Faculty of Medicine Assiut University

Under the Supervision of

Prof. Dr. Abd El-Wahab A. Dawood

Professor of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology Faculty of Medicine Assiut University

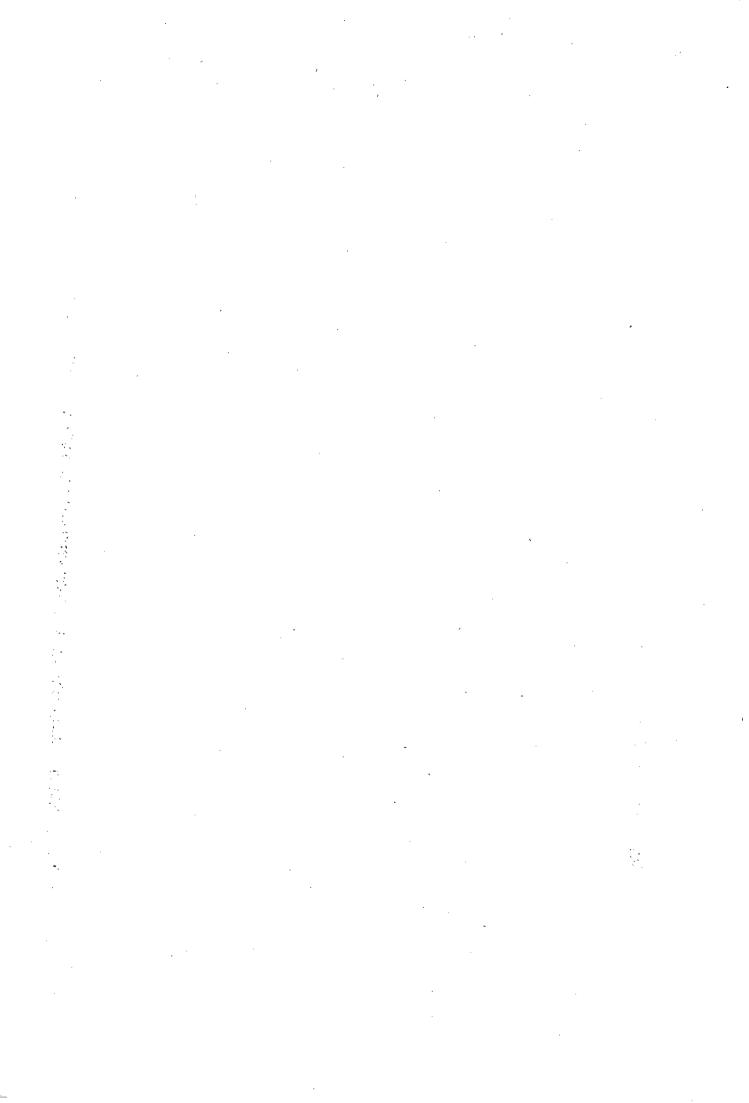
Prof. Dr. Afaf M. A. Farghaly Prof. Dr. Nahed Abd-El Maksoud

Professor of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology
Faculty of Medicine
Assiut University

Professor of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology
Faculty of Medicine
Assiut University

1997

12/CV



بسم ألله الرحمن الرحيم

قالوا سبحاناع لا علم لنا إلا ما علمتنا إناع أنت الحكيم "

صدق الله العظيم

سورة البقرة: آيم (٣٢)

To My Parents

To My husband

To My Children Khaled and Noha

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

In presenting this thesis I wish to express sincere gratitude, with deep appreciation to **Prof. Dr. Abd El-Wahab A. Dawood**, Professor of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, Faculty of Medicine, Assiut University for his advice, support, continious supervision, encouragement, and his wise scientific guides that helped me to complete this work.

With great appreciation to **Prof. Dr. Afaf M. Ahmed Farghaly** Professor of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology,

Faculty of Medicine, Assiut University for her help, excellent assistance, useful directions and encouragement to complete this work.

I would like also to express my great thanks and gratitude to **Prof. Dr. Nahed Abd-El Maksoud**, Professor of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, Faculty of Medicine, Assiut University, for her help valuable views and opinions throughout the whole work.

I would like to express may great thanks and gratitude to **Prof. Dr. Maher A. Ibrahim**, head of department of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, Faculty of Medicine, Assiut University, for his kind help and encouragement throughtout all the steps of this work.

I am also indebted to the staff and members of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology Department, Faculty of Medicine, Assiut University for their generous encouragement and kind help.

CONTENTS

Subjects	Page
Introduction and aim of the work	1
Literature Review	3
- Historical review	3
- Comparative medico-legal systems	8
* The coroner system	8
* Continental (European) medico-legal systems	18
* Medical Examiner System	56
* The procuratar Fiscal System in Scotland	61
- Systems in some parts of the Commonwealth	65
- Academic Medico-legal Services	78
- Development of a Clinical Forensic Medicine Curriculum for	113
Emergency Physicians in the USA	a a 🙉
- Teaching Forensic Odontology in Dental Schools	117
- Teaching Forensic Psychiatry	119
- Teaching of Medical Ethics	120
- Forensic Science Education	121
- Professional Society Organisation in the European Countries	127
- Publication in European Countries	129
- Publication in South Africa	130
- Funds of the University Medical Institutes	131
Materials and Methods	133
• Results	139
• Discussion	236
Recommendations	247
• Summary	254
• References	258
Arabic Summary	

INTRODUCTION AND AIM OF THE WORK

INTRODUCTION AND AIM OF THE WORK

Medicine and law have been related from the earliest times. The bonds which first united them were religion, superstition and magic which are so inextricably mixed by primitive peoples. The science of medicine and law is important to serve the human being. The purpose of medicine is to maintain the patient in the best health, to overcome his diseases and injuries and to lengthen his life span. The purpose of law is to maintain peace and order in the community of clients through human rights and to provide equality of opportunity. To achieve these purposes medicine emerges from the laboratory by the scientific process, law emerges from the community by the process of experience (Camps, et al., 1976).

Law doesn't achieve its purpose of equality of opportunity, order, and peace without help or the aid of medical service. A matter that could be represented by a great building with dark rooms. These rooms can not be lightened without the aid of medicine. Forensic medicine or what is called more commonly legal medicine is the link between medicine and law. It is not a branch of medical speciality rather than the application of medical and premedical knowledge for elucidation of medical matters in front of court. Thus legal medicine is a very important tool to serve man as a whole. No body can deny that, progress of nations can be measured by the level of operating medico-legal system. From the available litratures there is no uniformity of medico-legal systems whether in teaching function or the practical application of medico-legal services. Therefore this work has been carried to study and to evaluate:

- I- The medico-legal system and services in Egypt.
- 2- The interrelationship between the educational and practical services in Egypt.
- 3- Crystallize an ideal or at least proper medico-legal system for Egypt.

LITERATURE REVIEW