BIOTECHNOLOGICAL DETECTION OF SOME MARKER GENES IN CANCER CELL AND THEIR RELATION TO NATURAL ANTICANCER COMPOUNDS

By

MUSTAFA TAREQ MOAWAD

B.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Agricultural Biochemistry), Fac. Agric., Cairo Univ., 2011

THESIS

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE

In

Agricultural Sciences (Agricultural Biochemistry)

Department of Agricultural Biochemistry
Faculty of Agriculture
Cairo University
EGYPT

2020

Format Reviewer

Vice Dean of Graduate Studies

APPROVAL SHEET

BIOTECHNOLOGICAL DETECTION OF SOME MARKER GENES IN CANCER CELL AND THEIR RELATION TO NATURAL ANTICANCER COMPOUNDS

M.Sc. Thesis
In
Agric. Sci. (Agriculture Biochemistry)

By

MUSTAFA TAREO MOAWAD

B.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Agricultural Biochemistry), Fac. Agric., Cairo Univ., 2011

APPROVAL COMMITTEE

Dr. ASHRAF ABDO TABLL Professor of Medical Biotechnology, Microbial Biotechnology Dep., N.R.C., Giza
Dr. AHMED MAHMOUD ABOUL-ENEIN Professor of Biochemistry, Fac. of Agric., Cairo University
Dr. FATEN MOHAMED ABOU-ELELLA Professor of Biochemistry, Fac. of Agric., Cairo University
Dr. EMAN AHMED HANAFY Assistant Professor of Biochemistry, Fac. of Agric., Cairo University

Date: 09/03/2020

SUPERVISION SHEET

BIOTECHNOLOGICAL DETECTION OF SOME MARKER GENES IN CANCER CELL AND THEIR RELATION TO NATURAL ANTICANCER COMPOUNDS

M.Sc. Thesis
In
Agric. Sci. (Agriculture Biochemistry)

By

MUSTAFA TAREO MOAWAD

B.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Agriculture biochemistry), Fac. Agric., Cairo Univ., 2011

SUPERVISION COMMITTEE

Dr. FATEN MOHAMED ABOU-ELELLA Professor of Biochemistry, Fac. of Agric., Cairo University

Dr. EMAN AHMED HANAFY Assistant Professor, Fac. of Agric., Cairo University

Dr. NEEMAT MOHAMED KASSEM
Professor of Clinical and chemical Pathology, Fac. of medicine, Cairo
University

Name of Candidate: Mustafa Tareq Moawad Degree: M.Sc.

Title of Thesis: Biotechnological Detection of Some Marker Genes in

Cancer Cell and Their Relation to Natural Anticancer Compounds.

Supervisors: Dr. Faten Mohamed Abou-Elella

Dr. Eman Ahmed Hanafy Dr. Neemat Mohamed Kassem

Department: Agriculture Biochemistry

Branch: Agriculture Biochemistry

Date:09/03/2020

ABSTRACT

Leukemia is a rapidly progressive disease which is one of the most common causes of death worldwide. Several therapy modalities have been employed in the treatment of leukemia such as natural anticancer compounds which found in plants e.g. *Saussurea Lappa* (S. *lappa*).

Cytotoxic activity of *S. lappa* extracts was determined in relation to CCAAT/Enhancer Binding Protein Alpha (C/EBPA) gene expression, in addition to phytochemical analysis and antioxidant activity.

Successive extraction of *S. lappa* root powder using methanol, ethanol, acetone, ethyl acetate and chloroform solvents was done; the twelve fractions were separated from chloroform extract by thin layer chromatography (TLC). Estimation of total phenolic and total flavonoid was done together with antioxidant. Cytotoxic activity of *S. lappa* extracts and twelve fractions which have been tested on three leukemia cell cultures (CML, AML, ALL) by MTT assay. C/EBPA gene expression was detected by quantitative real time PCR (qRT-PCR).

The chloroform extract of *S. lappa* showed the highest cytotoxic activity against three cancer cell cultures. Regarding C/EBPA gene expression in leukemic cells after addition of chloroform fractions (C2+C9) from the *S. lappa* plant, a statistically significant difference (P value 0.008) with (C9) compound was found this denotes the higher cytotoxic activity of (C9) on the leukemia cells.

The *S. lappa* roots contain phenol and flavonoid compounds, which have a high cytotoxic effect on leukemic cells and improve C/EBPA gene expression which is a known good prognostic marker. Further studies of *S. lappa* for the elucidation of the cytotoxic mechanisms considered as immense importance to deal with leukemia must be done in the future.

Keywords: Saussurea lappa, phytochemical analysis, antioxidant, cytotoxic activity, C/EBPA gene

Dedication

I dedicate my dissertation work to my family and my wife and my friends. A special feeling of gratitude to my loving parents, Tareq and Reda whose words of encouragement and push for tenacity ring in my ears. My brothers Amr, Hussen and Abd el rahman have never left my side and very special.

I dedicate this work and give special thanks to my loving wife Kariman and my children Seif and Tareq whose support, enthusiasm and tolerance enabled me to complete the work,

This thesis is dedicated to my best friends Saad and Mustafa who have always been a constant source of support and encouragement during the challenges of my whole college life.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

First of all I cannot give a word to fulfill my deepest thanks to Allah the most gracious and the most merciful for lighting to me the way not only throughout this work but also throughout my whole life. To Allah everything in life is resumed. In this work Allah has helped me a lot. If only one to be thanked, Allah is the first and the last, also those offered by Allah to advise and guide have to be thanked.

It is a pleasure to express my deepest gratitude and appreciation to **Prof. Dr. Faten Mohamed Abou-Elella** Professor of biochemistry, Faculty of Agriculture; Cairo University, who very kindly and generously gave me much of her time and experience in helping, guiding and advising me throughout this work.

I would like to express my deepest gratitude and sincere thanks to **Prof. Dr. Neemat Mohamed kassem**, Professor of Clinical and chemical Pathology, Faculty of Medicine, Cairo University, for her kind guidance, helpful cooperation, endless support and for her immeasurable efforts leading to completion of this work.

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to **Dr. Eman**Ahmed Hanafy, Assistant Professor of Biochemistry, Faculty of Agriculture, Cairo University, for her help and support all through the work.

LIST OF ABBREVIATION

ALL Acute lymphoblastic leukemia

AML Acute myeloid leukemia
BHA Butylated hydroxyl anisole
BHT Butylated hydroxy toluene

C/EBPA CCAAT/enhancer-binding protein alpha

CE Costunolide

CML Chronic myeloid leukemia
DE Dehydrocostuslactone

DPPH (2, 2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl)

DW Dry weight

ECM Extracellular matrix
GAE Gallic acid equivalent

iNOS the inducible nitric oxide synthase

MMPs Matrix metalloproteinase

MTT (3-(4, 5-dimethylthiozol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium

bromide)

PBS phosphate buffer saline

PC Positive control
Ph Philadelphia
Ph.th Phenolphthalein
QE Quercetin equivalent

ROS Reactive oxygen species

RT-PCR Real time polymerase chain reaction

TFC Total flavonoid contents
TLC Thin layer chromatography

TNF-α Tumor Necrosis Factor alpha

TPA 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate

TPC Total phenolic contents

Wt. Weight

ppm Part of million

CONTENTS

	Pa
INTRODUCTION	
REVIEW OF LITERATURE	
1. Cancer	
2. Type of leukemia	
3. Diagnostic of acute myeloid leukemia	
4. C/EBPA Mutation	
5. Saussurea lappa	
6. Secondary metabolites	
7. Antioxidants activity	
8. Anticancer activity	
9. Anticancer activity and the molecular mechanism	
MATERIALS AND METHODS	
1. Materials	
a. Plant material	
b. Chemical and reagent	
2. Methods	
a. Plant extraction and preparation	
b. Proximate analysis	
c. Phytochemical screening	
d. Antioxidant activity	
e. Leukemic cells separation and trypan blue assay	
f. Cytotoxic activity using MTT assay	
g. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) fractionation of	
chloroform extract of <i>S. lappa</i>	
h. C/EBPA gene expression by real time PCR	
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
1. Chemical compositions of <i>S. lappa</i>	
2. Phytochemical constituents	
3. Biological studies	
4. TLC fractionation of chloroform	
5. Molecular studies (C/EBPA gene expression)	
CONCULOSION	
SUMMARY	
REFERENCES	